

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.4961, -13.9124,  
-15.9545)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(64.4961, -13.9124,  
-15.9545) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(64.5324,  
-13.9671, -15.9013)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	78B5D1
RGB	120, 181, 209
RGB Percent	47%, 71%, 82%
CMY	0.5294, 0.2902, 0.1804
CMYK	0.43, 0.13, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	199°, 49%, 65%
HSV	199°, 43%, 82%
XYZ	35.7783, 41.6443, 66.4741
YIQ	165.9530, -45.3440, -4.2240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

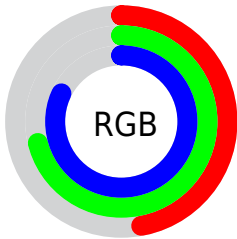
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	120, 156, 209
Decimal	7910865
CIELab	70.63, -12.36, -20.31
CIELCh	71, 23.779, 238.669
Yxy	41.6459, 0.2486, 0.2894
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286100945 (0xFF78B5D1)
YUV	165.9530, 21.2222, -40.3008
Hunter-Lab	64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013

# Details

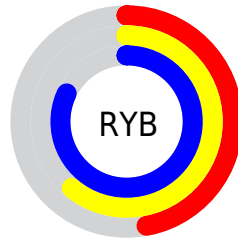
The HunterLab color **64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **60.0768, 14.5322, 19.7355**, and the grayscale version is **61.6624, -3.2902, 3.3502**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.7602, -18.8540, -10.1688**, and **43.5071, -11.2499, -15.6479** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.4002, -14.7566, -20.6732**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.8560, -12.5511, -11.1147**.

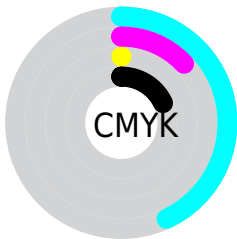
# Distribution



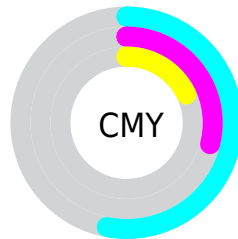
- Red (47%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 64.5324, -13.9671,  
-15.9013

■ 64.5324, -13.9671,  
-15.9013

187.8864,  
-25.3157, -15.6974

■ 53.6881, -12.7192,  
-15.6468

■ 88.1269, -16.4526,  
-16.2201

■ 43.5291, -11.4591,  
-15.3276

■ 100.8107,  
-17.6971, -16.2932

■ 34.1066, -10.1778,  
-14.9426

■ 114.0507,  
-18.9464, -16.3125

■ 25.4834, -8.8601,  
-14.4985

127.8243,  
-20.2024, -16.2811

■ 17.7419, -7.4807,  
-14.0220

142.1117,  
-21.4663, -16.2016

■ 10.9970, -5.9954,  
-13.6086

156.8950,

■ 2.6327, -4.6073,

-22.7393, -16.0764

-34.1667

172.1581,  
-24.0222, -15.9077

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.5324, -13.9671,  
-15.9013

■ 64.5324, -13.9671,  
-15.9013

■ 61.4002, -14.7566,  
-20.6732

■ 67.8560, -12.5511,  
-11.1147

■ 58.4661, -14.8674,  
-25.4062

■ 71.3556, -10.5631,  
-6.3383

■ 55.7398, -14.2605,  
-30.0675

■ 75.0209, -8.0598,  
-1.5872

■ 53.2257, -12.9177,  
-34.6240


■ 78.8403, -5.0949,  
3.1278

■ 50.9208, -10.8556,

■ 82.8030, -1.7184,


-39.0498


7.7996

 49.3190, -8.9682,  
-42.2848

 86.8987, 2.0248,  
12.4247

 89.8985, 1.9716,  
15.6456

 91.9151, -1.4921,  
17.7004

 93.9623, -4.9323,  
19.7495

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.5336, -20.7937, -6.7811



64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013



64.5336, -3.9321, -19.7146

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.5336, -13.9675, -15.9002



64.5336, 18.8249, 3.0487



64.5336, -13.1784, 18.6465

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013



60.0768, 14.5322, 19.7355

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.5336, -2.9601, 20.4075



64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013



64.5336, 15.9512, 12.3483

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.5336, -13.9675, -15.9002



64.5336, 15.4101, -7.7144



64.5336, 7.7943, 18.3028



64.5336, -20.3598, 13.0267



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013



64.5336, 3.3862, -18.3251



64.5336, 7.7943, 18.3028



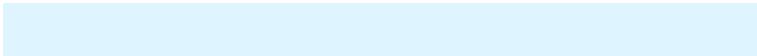
64.5336, -10.0069, 19.6637

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.5336, -13.9675, -15.9002



93.6865, -10.2875, -2.3240



71.8973, -36.9634, 20.9928



42.8627, -5.1041, -1.6884

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

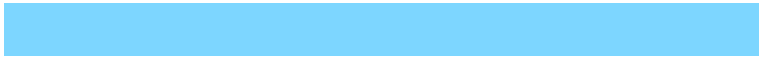


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.5336, -13.9675, -15.9002



77.2744, -18.4190, -25.2956



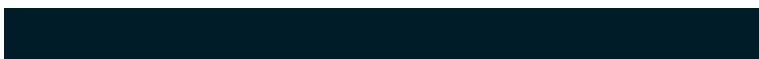
51.6890, 7.3272, -37.2142



35.7121, -3.3579, -0.0406



38.9623, -7.4032, -32.7181



9.9374, -2.8200, -6.3333



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.0688, 37.6699, -12.4762



63.8546, 57.9809, -18.7627



72.2920, -7.1025, 29.8472



34.5588, 2.2571, 0.0967



30.9899, 57.0916, -11.1406

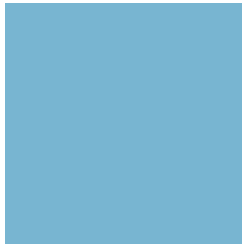


7.4228, 13.8390, -3.9412



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

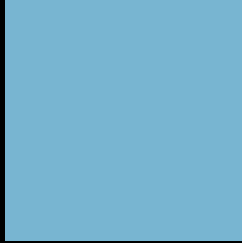
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

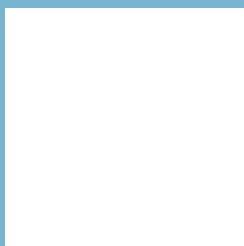
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013.

-13.9671, -15.9013.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013

### Protanopia

64.4182, 0.7372, -11.7217

### Deuteranopia

64.1824, 5.1798, -17.8999



## Tritanopia

64.5957, -17.8105, -9.5460

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013

## Protanomaly

64.3873, -5.2689, -13.6022

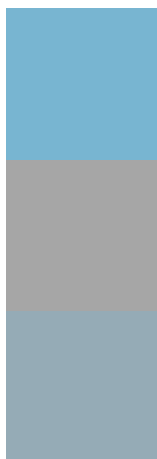
## Deuteranomaly

64.1635, -2.4993, -17.4535

## Tritanomaly

64.4761, -16.3250, -11.9385

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013

## Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551

## Achromatomaly

62.3641, -7.8120, -3.7828

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 181, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 181, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 181, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 181, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 181, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 181, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 181, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 181, 209); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 181, 209); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 181, 209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.5324, -13.9671, -15.9013 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 181, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
181, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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