

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.4990, -3.4415,
3.5044)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.4990, -3.4415, 3.5044)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.6440, -3.4492,
3.5122)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADADAD
RGB	173, 173, 173
RGB Percent	68%, 68%, 68%
CMY	0.3216, 0.3216, 0.3216
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	122°, 0%, 68%
HSV	122°, 0%, 68%
XYZ	39.7200, 41.7885, 45.5077
YIQ	173.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

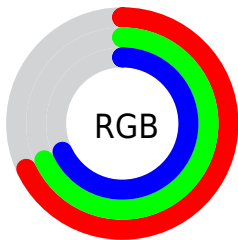
Format	Color
R _{YB}	173, 173, 173
Decimal	11382189
CIE Lab	70.73, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	71, 0.007, 289.329
Yxy	41.7903, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289572269 (0xFFADADAD)
YUV	173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

Details

The HunterLab color $64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64.6449, -3.4479, 3.5114$, and the grayscale version is $64.6452, -3.4493, 3.5123$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.0808, -4.6998, 4.7856$, and $43.7266, -2.3331, 2.3758$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62.7162, -11.2397, 8.6384$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66.7717, 4.8635, -1.9362$.

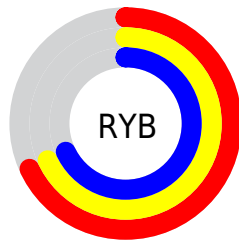
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (68%)

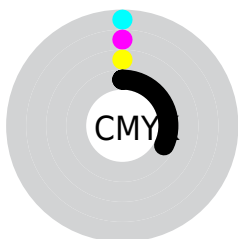
Blue (68%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (68%)

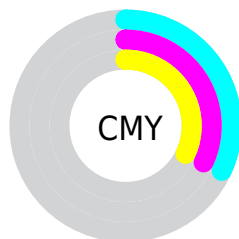


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.6440, -3.4492,
3.5122

■ 64.6440, -3.4492,
3.5122

188.0459,
-10.0408, 10.2279

■ 53.7932, -2.8712,
2.9229

■ 88.2508, -4.7113,
4.7975

■ 43.6271, -2.3284,
2.3698

100.9404, -5.3889,
5.4880

■ 34.1969, -1.8248,
1.8569

114.1858, -6.0963,
6.2087

■ 25.5654, -1.3640,
1.3875

127.9647, -6.8321,
6.9584

■ 17.8145, -0.9502,
0.9661

142.2571, -7.5954,
7.7362

■ 11.0590, -0.5895,
0.5989

157.0453, -8.3852,

■ 2.8352, -0.1478,

8.5409

0.1446

172.3131, -9.2006,
9.3717

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.6440, -3.4492,
3.5122

■ 64.6440, -3.4492,
3.5122

■ 62.7162, -11.2397,
8.6384

■ 66.7717, 4.8635,
-1.9362

■ 60.9925, -18.4165,
13.3819

■ 69.0858, 13.6191,
-7.6555

■ 59.4807, -24.8954,
17.6868

■ 71.5774, 22.7390,
-13.5945

■ 58.1847, -30.5975,
21.5002

■ 74.2360, 32.1545,
-19.7091

■ 57.1056, -35.4585,

■ 76.3994, 39.7425,

24.7774

-25.6479

■ 56.2407, -39.4348,
27.4870

■ 55.5828, -42.5112,
29.6150

■ 55.1197, -44.7068,
31.1690

■ 54.8335, -46.0805,
32.1813

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.6454, -3.4539, 3.5130



64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122



64.6454, -3.4481, 3.5150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.6454, -3.4507, 3.5132



64.6454, -3.4487, 3.5233



64.6454, -3.4589, 3.5199

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122



64.6449, -3.4479, 3.5114

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.6454, -3.4575, 3.5227



64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122



64.6454, -3.4516, 3.5246

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.6454, -3.4507, 3.5132



64.6454, -3.4469, 3.5208



64.6454, -3.4548, 3.5244



64.6454, -3.4587, 3.5169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122



64.6454, -3.4470, 3.5167



64.6454, -3.4548, 3.5244



64.6454, -3.4586, 3.5209

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.6454, -3.4507, 3.5132



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



64.6456, -3.4498, 3.5136



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.6454, -3.4507, 3.5132



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



64.6454, -3.4505, 3.5126



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714



46.8676, -40.1193, 28.0255



7.8244, -6.6457, 4.5663

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.6449, -3.4479, 3.5114



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



64.6448, -3.4481, 3.5120



30.7619, -1.6414, 1.6714



29.3439, 57.3534, -36.0856



4.9062, 9.6075, -6.1738

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

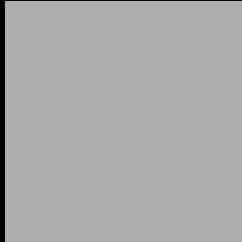
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

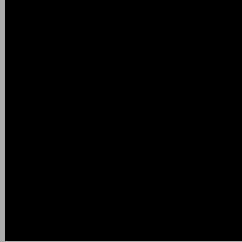
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

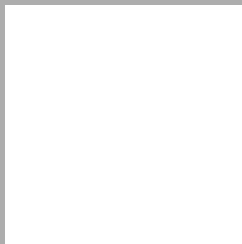
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122.

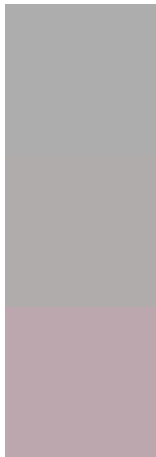


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.6440, -3.4492,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

Protanopia

64.5862, -2.1899, 3.9301

Deuteranopia

64.4300, 4.8391, 2.9364



Tritanopia

64.6085, 0.2072, -2.3055

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

Protanomaly

64.4962, -2.5014, 3.8192

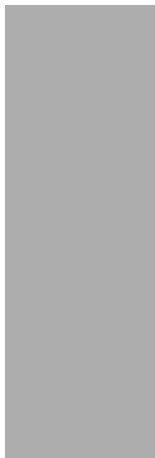
Deuteranomaly

64.4199, 1.8590, 2.8722

Tritanomaly

64.6838, -1.2996, -0.2356

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

Achromatopsia

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

Achromatomaly

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 173, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 173, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 173, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 173, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 173, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 173, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 173, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 173, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 173, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 173,  
173) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 173, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
173, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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