

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.5509, 14.7098,
-39.6620)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.5509, 14.7098,
-39.6620) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.4814, 14.8262,
-39.4386)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9A4F5
RGB	169, 164, 245
RGB Percent	66%, 64%, 96%
CMY	0.3372, 0.3568, 0.0392
CMYK	0.31, 0.33, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	244°, 80%, 80%
HSV	244°, 33%, 96%
XYZ	46.1191, 41.5785, 91.9810
YIQ	174.7290, -23.0210, 26.2510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

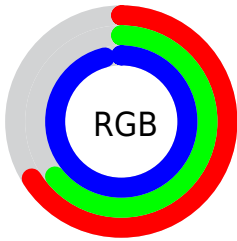
Format	Color
R _Y B	169, 164, 245
Decimal	11117813
CIE Lab	70.58, 19.71, -39.79
CIE LCh	71, 44.404, 296.358
Yxy	41.5801, 0.2567, 0.2314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289307893 (0xFFA9A4F5)
YUV	174.7290, 34.6436, -5.0243
Hunter-Lab	64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386

Details

The HunterLab color $64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999FF$. A complement of this color would be $93.0115, -18.2809, 34.6038$, and the grayscale version is $65.2306, -3.4805, 3.5441$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86.0533, 4.4509, -12.0803$, and $43.3550, 13.9270, -38.1047$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55.9610, 22.1423, -56.6554$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73.4710, 8.2290, -24.2965$.

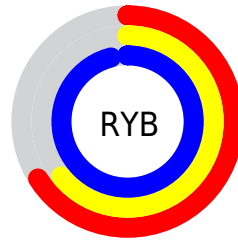
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (64%)

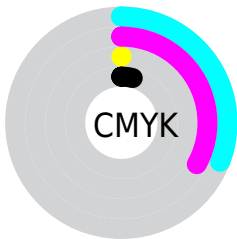
Blue (96%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (96%)

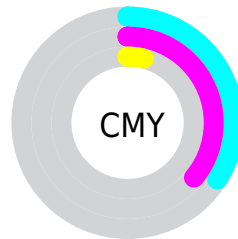


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.4814, 14.8262,
-39.4386

■ 64.4814, 14.8262,
-39.4386

187.8136, 15.3756,
-43.7967

■ 53.6401, 14.4340,
-38.7668

■ 88.0703, 15.3696,
-40.7113

■ 43.4844, 13.9497,
-38.1091

■ 100.7515, 15.5368,
-41.2914

■ 34.0653, 13.3597,
-37.5215

113.9890, 15.6419,
-41.8266

■ 25.4459, 12.6474,
-37.1236

127.7603, 15.6894,
-42.3148

■ 17.7087, 11.7915,
-37.1921

142.0454, 15.6834,
-42.7555

■ 10.9687, 10.7684,
-38.4928

156.8265, 15.6272,

■ 2.5350, 33.7527,

-43.1488

-99.9854

172.0874, 15.5238,
-43.4956

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 64.4814, 14.8262,
-39.4386

■ 64.4814, 14.8262,
-39.4386

■ 55.9610, 22.1423,
-56.6554

■ 73.4710, 8.2290,
-24.2965

■ 48.0290, 30.3621,
-76.5148

■ 82.8413, 2.1842,
-10.7431

■ 40.8677, 39.5983,
-99.4525

■ 92.5334, -3.4434,
1.6067

■ 34.7410, 49.6439,
-125.1542

■ 99.6858, -7.0597,
9.9221

■ 29.9993, 59.4640,

-151.2071

■ 26.9928, 66.8311,
-171.9471

■ 25.8752, 69.7898,
-180.7801

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.4826, -5.9063, -45.6582



64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386



64.4826, 32.3933, -20.6485

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.4826, 14.8256, -39.4370



64.4826, 19.6481, 27.4099



64.4826, -37.9719, 5.8257

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386



93.0115, -18.2809, 34.6038

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.4826, -32.8407, 20.8852



64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386



64.4826, -0.9444, 30.6667

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.4826, 14.8256, -39.4370



64.4826, 35.4107, 17.9206



64.4826, -19.8820, 28.7125



64.4826, -34.8376, -15.2569

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386



64.4826, 39.0626, -5.8810



64.4826, -19.8820, 28.7125



64.4826, -37.1747, 11.6715

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.4826, 14.8256, -39.4370



89.7424, 0.4554, -7.1976



87.9586, -25.6049, -4.4792



40.8634, 0.6009, -4.1909

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.4826, 14.8256, -39.4370



61.1586, 20.8036, -53.6673



68.2897, 26.6749, -32.4556



39.9694, 0.0605, -2.8757



19.0423, 51.2608, -132.2692



5.7923, 15.3083, -38.0303

Inverse Universe

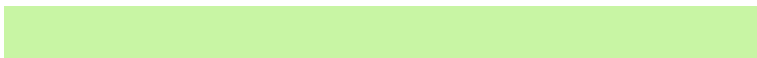
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.2884, 38.0996, -22.4045



71.3187, 49.6007, -29.4907



89.6257, -30.7870, 31.4527



40.9263, 3.2523, -1.2315



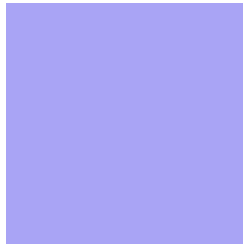
36.7963, 71.3897, -41.1442



10.9328, 21.2483, -12.5129

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

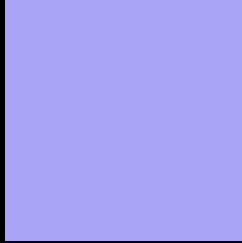
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

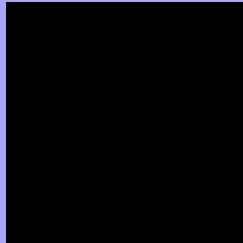
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386.

-39.4386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386

Protanopia

64.6951, 7.2529, -42.8944

Deuteranopia

64.6997, 5.2004, -38.4730



Tritanopia

64.4222, -6.2855, -4.7221

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386

Protanomaly

64.6151, 9.7544, -41.5018

Deuteranomaly

64.4247, 8.7489, -38.9151

Tritanomaly

64.2700, 0.7584, -16.0314

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386

Achromatopsia

65.4745, -3.4936, 3.5574

Achromatomaly

64.9463, 2.3875, -9.8232

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 164, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 164, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 164, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 164, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 164, 245) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 164, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 164, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 164, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 164, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 164,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.4814, 14.8262, -39.4386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 164, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
164, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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