

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.5867, -39.4899,  
15.1084)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(64.5867, -39.4899,  
15.1084) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(64.6496,  
-39.6004, 15.3112)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	44C28F
RGB	68, 194, 143
RGB Percent	27%, 76%, 56%
CMY	0.7333, 0.2392, 0.4392
CMYK	0.65, 0.00, 0.26, 0.24
HSL	156°, 51%, 51%
HSV	156°, 65%, 76%
XYZ	26.6336, 41.7957, 32.6503
YIQ	150.5120, -58.7250, -42.5730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

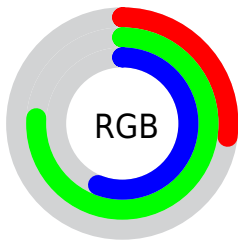
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	68, 147, 194
Decimal	4506255
CIELab	70.73, -46.65, 15.67
CIELCh	71, 49.207, 161.433
Yxy	41.7974, 0.2635, 0.4135
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282696335 (0xFF44C28F)
YUV	150.5120, -3.7034, -72.3630
Hunter-Lab	64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112

# Details

The HunterLab color **64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as middle muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **41.1539, 47.8935, 1.0512**, and the grayscale version is **55.4654, -2.9595, 3.0135**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.1435, -45.6476, 17.9827**, and **43.8811, -31.1984, 12.5008** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.0170, -42.5341, 17.4221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.4679, -35.9496, 13.2523**.

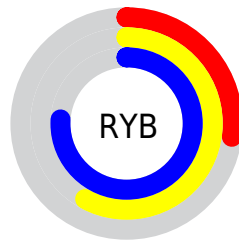
# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (76%)

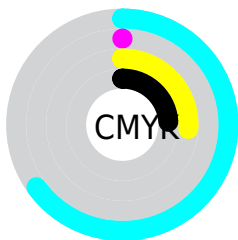
Blue (56%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (76%)

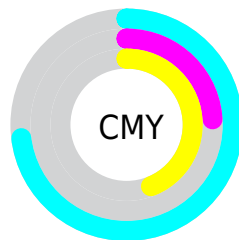


Cyan (65%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 64.6496, -39.6004,  
15.3112

■ 64.6496, -39.6004,  
15.3112

188.0538,  
-65.1377, 28.0173

■ 53.7984, -36.3013,  
13.8645

■ 88.2569, -45.7983,  
18.1536

■ 43.6319, -32.8198,  
12.3867

■ 100.9467,  
-48.7446, 19.5607

■ 34.2014, -29.1014,  
10.8632

■ 114.1924,  
-51.6124, 20.9644

■ 25.5694, -25.0630,  
9.2705

■ 127.9716,  
-54.4142, 22.3677

■ 17.8181, -20.5720,  
7.5695

■ 142.2643,  
-57.1602, 23.7730

■ 11.0621, -19.3586,  
6.6817

157.0527,

■ 2.8447, -4.9783,

-59.8584, 25.1820

1.9913

172.3207,  
-62.5157, 26.5964

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.6496, -39.6004,  
15.3112

■ 64.6496, -39.6004,  
15.3112

■ 64.0170, -42.5341,  
17.4221

■ 65.4679, -35.9496,  
13.2523

■ 63.5526, -44.7770,  
19.5503

■ 66.4769, -31.5780,  
11.2738

■ 63.2384, -46.3905,  
21.6607

■ 67.6831, -26.5060,  
9.4028

■ 63.1141, -47.0566,  
22.6946

■ 69.0884, -20.7709,  
7.6618

■ 70.6918, -14.4228,

6.0687

■ 72.4903, -7.5201,  
4.6368

■ 74.4788, -0.1256,  
3.3745

■ 76.6508, 7.6969,  
2.2863

■ 78.9989, 15.8858,  
1.3727

# Harmonies

## Analogous

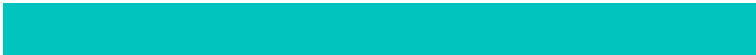
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.6509, -29.6906, 27.4152



64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112



64.6509, -40.6644, -5.1921

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.6509, -39.6010, 15.3118



64.6509, 5.3581, -51.2906



64.6509, 32.3294, 25.2779

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112



41.1539, 47.8935, 1.0512

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.6509, 44.7122, 11.1649



64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112



64.6509, 27.7773, -35.6187

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.6509, -39.6010, 15.3118



64.6509, -16.6745, -48.9881



64.6509, 42.9408, -11.0228



64.6509, 10.9243, 31.6598



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112



64.6509, -36.4142, -21.8656



64.6509, 42.9408, -11.0228



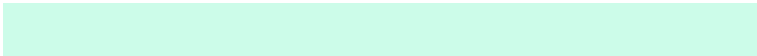
64.6509, 37.8091, 21.5294

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.6509, -39.6010, 15.3118



94.1780, -23.2295, 9.0762



65.5985, -38.1937, 34.8095



43.7801, -12.0288, 4.5425

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.6509, -39.6010, 15.3118



85.8712, -58.6553, 24.6784



62.6093, -26.4319, -10.2181



33.7004, -5.0008, 2.4682



51.1910, -38.0549, 18.1654



10.7033, -7.5252, 2.8665



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.1539, 47.8935, 1.0512



50.3185, 75.4433, 5.2125



41.7226, 38.4460, 18.6101



31.8496, 1.6439, 1.1737



28.1473, 49.5601, 7.6691



5.9663, 10.7227, -0.0619



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

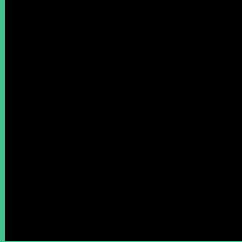
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112.



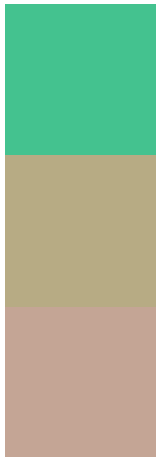
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.6496,

-39.6004, 15.3112.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112

### Protanopia

63.9211, -5.0312, 19.0516

### Deuteranopia

63.8874, 4.5521, 13.0591



## Tritanopia

64.4271, -23.2081, -11.5589

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112



## Protanomaly

62.9925, -20.8386, 16.5273



## Deuteranomaly

62.8863, -15.8533, 12.4475



## Tritanomaly

64.4083, -29.8073, -0.5824

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112



## Achromatopsia

55.6299, -2.9683, 3.0225



## Achromatomaly

58.1726, -18.8029, 6.9614

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 194, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 194, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 194, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 194, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 194, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 194, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 194, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 194, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 194, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 194,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.6496, -39.6004, 15.3112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 194, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 194,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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