

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.7149, -6.6733,
-5.3981)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.7149, -6.6733,
-5.3981) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.7149, -6.6733,
-5.3981)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CB0BF
RGB	156, 176, 191
RGB Percent	61%, 69%, 75%
CMY	0.3882, 0.3098, 0.2510
CMYK	0.18, 0.08, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	206°, 21%, 68%
HSV	206°, 18%, 75%
XYZ	38.6396, 41.8802, 55.3373
YIQ	171.7300, -16.7350, 0.4250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

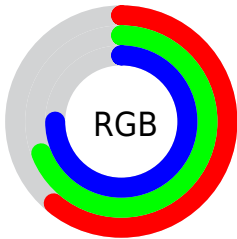
Format	Color
R_YB	156, 169, 191
Decimal	10268863
CIE _{Lab}	70.79, -3.69, -9.97
CIE _{LCh}	71, 10.631, 249.686
Yxy	41.8819, 0.2844, 0.3083
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288458943 (0xFF9CB0BF)
YUV	171.7300, 9.5001, -13.7952
Hunter-Lab	64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981

Details

The HunterLab color $64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $65.2706, 0.7732, 11.6615$, and the grayscale version is $64.0857, -3.4195, 3.4819$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.4746, -8.5414, -4.6010$, and $43.8102, -5.3496, -5.6387$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60.8361, -7.6603, -10.6854$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.7362, -5.2832, -0.2545$.

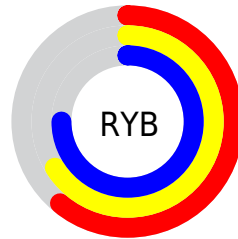
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (69%)

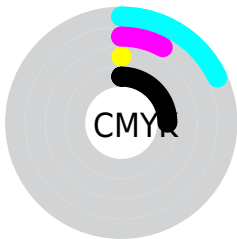
Blue (75%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (75%)

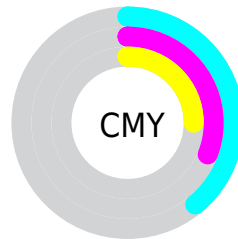


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.7149, -6.6733,
-5.3981

■ 64.7149, -6.6733,
-5.3981

188.1471,
-14.6649, -2.0714

■ 53.8598, -5.8996,
-5.5297

■ 88.3294, -8.2938,
-4.9659

■ 43.6892, -5.1479,
-5.6002

■ 101.0225, -9.1380,
-4.6759

■ 34.2542, -4.4189,
-5.6018

114.2714,
-10.0048, -4.3407

■ 25.6174, -3.7110,
-5.5262

128.0536,
-10.8938, -3.9631

■ 17.8607, -3.0209,
-5.3642

142.3492,
-11.8048, -3.5454

■ 11.0983, -2.3412,
-5.1090

157.1405,

■ 2.9562, -5.1734,

-12.7372, -3.0898

-13.8188

172.4113,
-13.6907, -2.5979

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.7149, -6.6733,
-5.3981

■ 64.7149, -6.6733,
-5.3981

■ 60.8361, -7.6603,
-10.6854

■ 68.7362, -5.2832,
-0.2545

■ 57.1091, -8.1859,
-16.1262

■ 72.8841, -3.5355,
4.7517

■ 53.5499, -8.1910,
-21.7206

■ 77.1493, -1.4741,
9.6328

■ 50.1743, -7.6125,
-27.4621

■ 81.5225, 0.8642,
14.4005

■ 46.9985, -6.3889,

■ 85.9954, 3.4475,

-33.3335

19.0665

■ 44.0379, -4.4687,
-39.3044

■ 88.8437, 0.4318,
21.8583

■ 41.3048, -1.8241,
-45.3334

■ 91.3602, -3.8364,
24.2403

■ 38.7922, 1.4904,
-51.4065

■ 93.9238, -8.0682,
26.6190

■ 38.3826, 2.0743,
-52.4527

■ 96.5321, -12.2631,
28.9935

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.7162, -10.5039, -2.4256



64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981



64.7162, -1.8741, -5.8842

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.7162, -6.6744, -5.3970



64.7162, 6.0318, 5.0031



64.7162, -9.3264, 10.0075

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981



65.2706, 0.7732, 11.6615

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.7162, -5.0240, 11.7001



64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981



64.7162, 3.9058, 8.9550

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.7162, -6.6744, -5.3970



64.7162, 5.5581, 0.3544



64.7162, -0.1746, 11.3295



64.7162, -12.0033, 6.5385

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981



64.7162, 1.2449, -4.7006



64.7162, -0.1746, 11.3295



64.7162, -8.0276, 10.7910

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.7162, -6.6744, -5.3970



93.7713, -6.3608, 1.8527



68.7420, -17.3333, 9.0032



43.7578, -3.0556, 0.6436



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



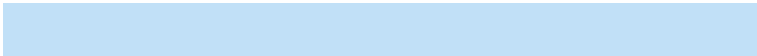
45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.7162, -6.6744, -5.3970



84.4951, -9.5323, -10.0467



59.6641, 1.7917, -12.1857



31.7899, -2.5324, -0.3598



31.3753, 1.2237, -41.8582



7.1626, -1.3155, -6.1128

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.6351, 11.4911, -1.3329



79.5812, 19.9748, -3.1696



70.3416, -7.6659, 16.6983



31.0246, 1.8175, 0.5324



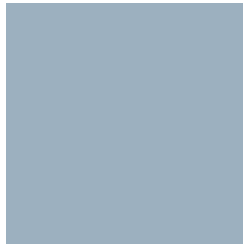
28.3257, 51.1359, -2.0627



5.7197, 10.5297, -1.9981

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

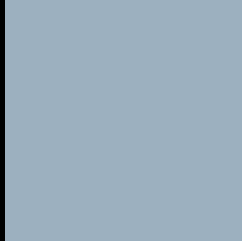
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

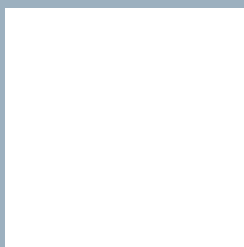
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981.

-5.3981.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981

Protanopia

64.6481, -0.9667, -3.8147

Deuteranopia

64.5595, 5.0384, -6.4646



Tritanopia

64.6810, -6.8608, -4.9189

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981

Protanomaly

64.5510, -2.7555, -4.4926

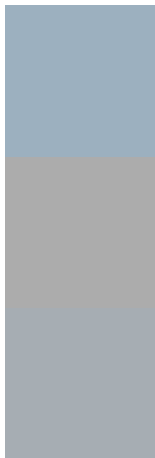
Deuteranomaly

64.5773, 0.5695, -5.9839

Tritanomaly

64.6810, -6.8608, -4.9189

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981

Achromatopsia

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897

Achromatomaly

64.2252, -4.5410, 0.1251

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 176, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 176, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 176, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 176, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 176, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 176, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 176, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 176, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 176, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 176,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.7149, -6.6733, -5.3981 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 176, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
176, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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