

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.7369, 9.9996,  
4.7793)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(64.7369, 9.9996,  
4.7793)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C9A4AB
RGB	201, 164, 171
RGB Percent	79%, 64%, 67%
CMY	0.2118, 0.3568, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.15, 0.21
HSL	349°, 26%, 72%
HSV	349°, 18%, 79%
XYZ	44.7135, 41.9087, 44.2606
YIQ	175.8610, 19.8050, 10.0210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

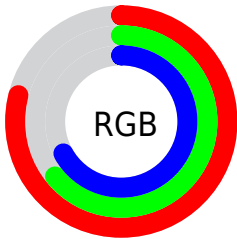
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	201, 164, 171
Decimal	13214891
CIE Lab	70.81, 14.69, 1.52
CIE LCh	71, 14.773, 5.887
Yxy	41.9105, 0.3416, 0.3202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291404971 (0xFFC9A4AB)
YUV	175.8610, -2.3965, 22.0469
Hunter-Lab	64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793

# Details

The HunterLab color  $64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $73.1860, -16.0385, 3.4659$ , and the grayscale version is  $65.8376, -3.5129, 3.5771$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $87.9852, 8.9323, 5.8870$ , and  $43.7302, 9.8301, 3.4557$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58.8998, 17.9598, 5.5242$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $70.9527, 2.2538, 4.3334$ .

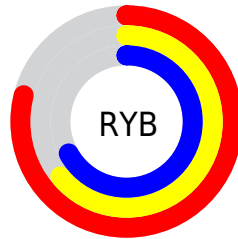
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (64%)

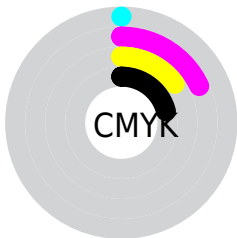
Blue (67%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (67%)

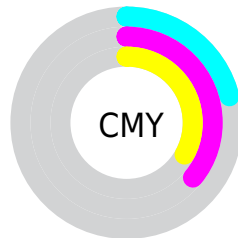


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 64.7369, 9.9996,  
4.7793


 64.7369, 9.9996,  
4.7793


188.1786, 8.7755,  
12.0456

 53.8807, 9.8427,  
4.1133


 88.3540, 10.0978,  
6.2058

 43.7087, 9.6069,  
3.4782


 101.0482, 10.0561,  
6.9617

 34.2721, 9.2785,  
2.8766


114.2981, 9.9596,  
7.7451

 25.6336, 8.8421,  
2.3100


128.0814, 9.8123,  
8.5551

 17.8751, 8.2762,  
1.7800

142.3780, 9.6176,  
9.3909

 11.1106, 7.5511,  
1.2873

157.1702, 9.3783,

 2.9931, 21.2339,

10.2517

2.0951

172.4420, 9.0968,  
11.1368

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.7369, 9.9996,  
4.7793

■ 64.7369, 9.9996,  
4.7793

■ 58.8998, 17.9598,  
5.5242

■ 70.9527, 2.2538,  
4.3334

■ 53.5076, 26.0812,  
6.6147

■ 77.4863, -5.2609,  
4.1358

■ 48.6483, 34.2151,  
8.0945

■ 84.2941, -12.5608,  
4.1462

■ 44.4225, 42.0790,  
9.9810

■ 91.3403, -19.6703,  
4.3303

■ 40.9372, 49.2182,

■ 95.3925, -21.9234,

12.2366

0.8995

■ 38.2867, 55.0346,  
14.7384

■ 95.4765, -21.4489,  
-0.2939

■ 36.5199, 58.9498,  
17.2704

■ 35.5592, 60.8360,  
19.5379

■ 35.4367, 61.0815,  
19.8356

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.7384, 8.8492, -1.7383



64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793



64.7384, 7.4225, 10.3665

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.7384, 9.9975, 4.7804



64.7384, -10.9084, 12.7695



64.7384, -8.6871, -8.8196

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793



73.1860, -16.0385, 3.4659

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.7384, -13.6637, -4.1581



64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793



64.7384, -14.9089, 8.3784

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.7384, 9.9975, 4.7804



64.7384, -4.7867, 14.6647



64.7384, -15.8966, 2.2416



64.7384, -2.1180, -10.0341



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793



64.7384, 4.0007, 12.9552



64.7384, -15.8966, 2.2416



64.7384, -10.5931, -7.5820

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.7384, 9.9975, 4.7804



94.7893, 0.6397, 5.5831



64.9510, 12.6577, -10.1983



43.5955, 0.6000, 2.5937

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.7384, 9.9975, 4.7804



81.6637, 17.1154, 6.5850



67.6745, 3.2670, 10.9854



32.6637, 1.3907, 2.0272



28.1174, 48.5011, 15.4613



6.2007, 10.8575, 2.1572



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.7384, 9.9975, 4.7804



81.6637, 17.1154, 6.5850



69.9246, -9.4198, -3.9323



32.6637, 1.3907, 2.0272



28.1174, 48.5011, 15.4613

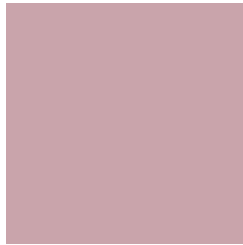


6.2007, 10.8575, 2.1572



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

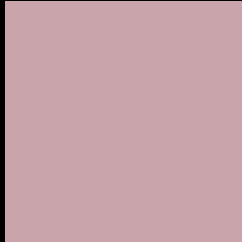
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

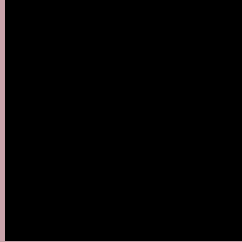
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.7369, 9.9996,

4.7793.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793

### Protanopia

65.0014, -2.0289, 2.5528

### Deuteranopia

64.7950, 4.3623, 5.2036



## Tritanopia

64.7190, 11.6571, 2.4549

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793

## Protanomaly

64.8997, 2.0035, 3.4429

## Deuteranomaly

64.9167, 6.2269, 5.3765

## Tritanomaly

64.6583, 11.3383, 3.3209

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793

## Achromatopsia

65.8903, -3.5157, 3.5799

## Achromatomaly

65.4793, 0.9962, 4.1061

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 164, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 164, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 164, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 164, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 164, 171) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 164, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 164, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 164, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 164, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 164,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.7369, 9.9996, 4.7793 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 164, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
164, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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