

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.7383, -45.3979,  
17.4578)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(64.7383, -45.3979,  
17.4578) contains.

<b>HunterLab(64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(64.6404,  
-45.2745, 17.3306)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	07C589
RGB	7, 197, 137
RGB Percent	3%, 77%, 54%
CMY	0.9725, 0.2274, 0.4627
CMYK	0.96, 0.00, 0.30, 0.23
HSL	161°, 93%, 40%
HSV	161°, 96%, 77%
XYZ	24.5692, 41.7838, 30.4370
YIQ	133.3500, -93.9800, -58.9400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

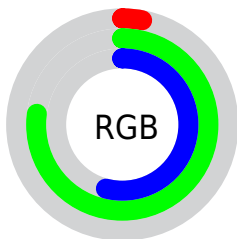
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">7, 120, 197</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">509321</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">70.72, -55.29, 18.75</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">71, 58.384, 161.268</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">41.7855, 0.2538, 0.4317</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278699401 (0xFF07C589)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">133.3500, 1.7995, -110.8089</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306</a>

# Details

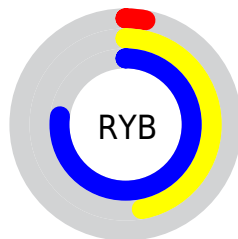
The HunterLab color **64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **35.2542, 60.4134, 13.8452**, and the grayscale version is **48.5916, -2.5927, 2.6401**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.3449, -52.5067, 20.4389**, and **44.7595, -32.8928, 15.0607** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.5579, -45.7185, 18.0014**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.9254, -43.8243, 15.4274**.

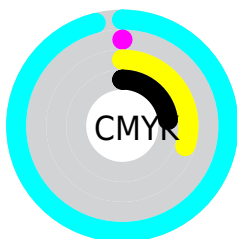
# Distribution



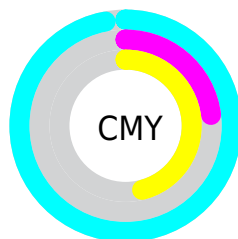
- Red (3%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 64.6404, -45.2745,  
17.3306

■ 64.6404, -45.2745,  
17.3306

188.0406,  
-74.5940, 31.2951

■ 53.7897, -41.4205,  
15.6999

■ 88.2467, -52.4711,  
20.5045

■ 43.6238, -37.3362,  
14.0223

■ 100.9360,  
-55.8730, 22.0630

■ 34.1939, -32.9549,  
12.2791

■ 114.1813,  
-59.1728, 23.6103

■ 25.5626, -28.1767,  
10.4405

■ 127.9600,  
-62.3861, 25.1505

■ 17.8121, -22.8461,  
8.4587

■ 142.2523,  
-65.5255, 26.6868

■ 11.0569, -19.3496,  
7.7399

157.0403,

■ 2.8287, -4.9502,

-68.6012, 28.2217

1.9801

172.3080,  
-71.6217, 29.7573

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.6404, -45.2745,  
17.3306

■ 64.6404, -45.2745,  
17.3306

■ 64.5579, -45.7185,  
18.0014

■ 64.9254, -43.8243,  
15.4274

■ 65.3520, -41.7850,  
13.5723

■ 65.9435, -39.0826,  
11.8035

■ 66.7147, -35.6812,  
10.1524

■ 67.6758, -31.5714,

8.6459

■ 68.8328, -26.7658,  
7.3065

■ 70.1887, -21.2951,  
6.1513

■ 71.7433, -15.2037,  
5.1924

■ 73.4944, -8.5454,  
4.4371

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.6417, -33.9752, 30.5327



64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306



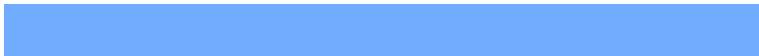
64.6417, -46.5244, -6.7804

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.6417, -45.2750, 17.3312



64.6417, 6.8979, -65.1258



64.6417, 39.8844, 28.1703

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306



35.2542, 60.4134, 13.8452

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.6417, 55.0589, 12.3601



64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306



64.6417, 34.0536, -45.0631

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.6417, -45.2750, 17.3312



64.6417, -19.1416, -62.0054



64.6417, 52.7668, -14.2311



64.6417, 13.8921, 34.8041



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306



64.6417, -41.7735, -27.3438



64.6417, 52.7668, -14.2311



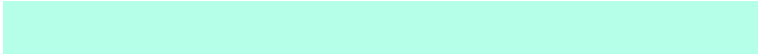
64.6417, 46.5963, 24.0964

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.6417, -45.2750, 17.3312



93.3573, -30.7911, 8.6700



64.1475, -50.1144, 38.4638



42.8287, -15.7098, 4.3219

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.6417, -45.2750, 17.3312



86.3679, -61.3535, 24.4922



54.7524, -20.4520, -23.8231



34.6531, -5.0184, 2.2032



52.3715, -36.9859, 14.3822



11.4516, -7.7083, 2.3264



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.2542, 60.4134, 13.8452



46.7409, 81.3013, 20.4658



36.7850, 51.5425, 23.2442



32.6974, 1.5722, 1.5460



28.3751, 49.4526, 11.6744

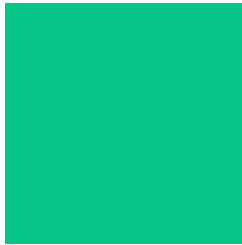


6.2809, 11.1511, 0.9974



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

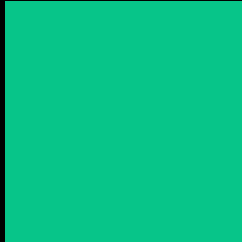
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

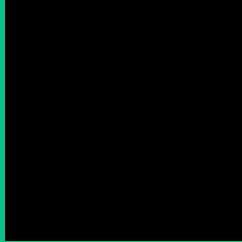
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306.



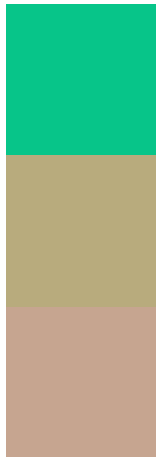
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306.

-45.2745, 17.3306.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306

### Protanopia

63.8724, -5.4919, 21.2517

### Deuteranopia

63.9763, 4.6058, 15.0497



## Tritanopia

64.7674, -26.7725, -12.8549

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306



## Protanomaly

61.8228, -27.2609, 17.6997



## Deuteranomaly

61.6721, -22.3026, 13.3857



## Tritanomaly

64.4612, -34.8012, -0.6046

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306



## Achromatopsia

48.4304, -2.5841, 2.6313



## Achromatomaly

52.4637, -23.3493, 6.4302

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 197, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 197, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 197, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 197, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 197, 137) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 197, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 197, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 197, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 197, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 197,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.6404, -45.2745, 17.3306 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 197, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 197,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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