

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.8305, 14.0572,  
6.2122)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(64.8305, 14.0572,  
6.2122) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(64.8217, 14.3095,  
6.3089)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2A1A8
RGB	210, 161, 168
RGB Percent	82%, 63%, 66%
CMY	0.1765, 0.3686, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.20, 0.18
HSL	351°, 35%, 73%
HSV	351°, 23%, 82%
XYZ	46.3911, 42.0185, 42.7111
YIQ	176.4490, 26.9570, 12.5650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

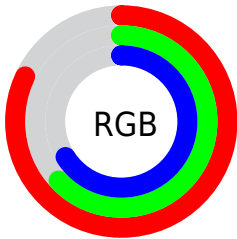
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	210, 161, 168
Decimal	13803944
CIE Lab	70.89, 19.17, 3.40
CIE LCh	71, 19.470, 10.043
Yxy	42.0205, 0.3538, 0.3205
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291994024 (0xFFD2A1A8)
YUV	176.4490, -4.1654, 29.4242
Hunter-Lab	64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089

# Details

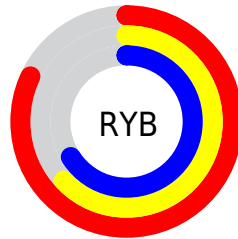
The HunterLab color  $64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $76.1466, -19.5044, 2.5850$ , and the grayscale version is  $66.0873, -3.5263, 3.5907$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $87.0054, 10.0528, 6.2148$ , and  $43.7799, 13.6490, 4.8392$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58.8739, 22.6804, 7.6169$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $71.2075, 6.1664, 5.3048$ .

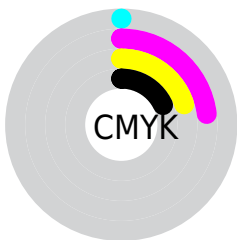
# Distribution



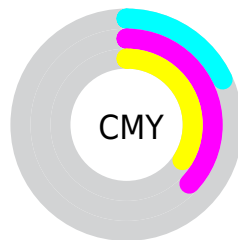
- Red (82%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



64.8217, 14.3095,  
6.3089

64.8217, 14.3095,  
6.3089

188.2997, 14.6531,  
14.2648

53.9605, 13.9432,  
5.5460

88.4481, 14.7997,  
7.9128

43.7831, 13.4880,  
4.8071

101.1466, 14.9427,  
8.7508

34.3408, 12.9288,  
4.0929

114.4007, 15.0246,  
9.6128

25.6959, 12.2491,  
3.4024

128.1879, 15.0497,  
10.4981

17.9303, 11.4275,  
2.7328

142.4883, 15.0220,  
11.4065

11.1578, 10.4395,  
2.0771

157.2842, 14.9448,

3.1301, 26.5219,

12.3373

2.1911

172.5596, 14.8210,  
13.2902

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.8217, 14.3095,  
6.3089

■ 64.8217, 14.3095,  
6.3089

■ 58.8739, 22.6804,  
7.6169

■ 71.2075, 6.1664,  
5.3048

■ 53.4439, 31.1893,  
9.2608

■ 77.9589, -1.7149,  
4.5594

■ 48.6342, 39.6191,  
11.2553

■ 85.0236, -9.3456,  
4.0338

■ 44.5585, 47.5850,  
13.5663

■ 92.3588, -16.7508,  
3.6929

■ 41.3286, 54.5160,

■ 96.1466, -19.0122,

16.0823

0.5712

■ 39.0259, 59.7508,  
18.6005

■ 37.6603, 62.7940,  
20.8582

■ 37.1421, 63.8592,  
22.0455

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.8232, 13.4613, -2.2914



64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089



64.8232, 10.1989, 13.1730

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.8232, 14.3072, 6.3100



64.8232, -14.1329, 14.8185



64.8232, -9.2135, -13.7588

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089



76.1466, -19.5044, 2.5850

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.8232, -16.0781, -7.8716



64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089



64.8232, -18.8101, 8.8543

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.8232, 14.3072, 6.3100



64.8232, -6.4265, 17.6270



64.8232, -19.5024, 0.6180



64.8232, -0.4438, -14.6825



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089



64.8232, 5.3272, 16.1335



64.8232, -19.5024, 0.6180



64.8232, -11.8071, -12.2604

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.8232, 14.3072, 6.3100



93.9088, 1.5047, 5.9926



65.4158, 18.9894, -14.6219



43.2079, 0.9725, 2.7978

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.8232, 14.3072, 6.3100



76.9811, 22.9863, 8.6210



69.4097, 4.4504, 14.0436



34.4025, 1.4177, 2.3226



29.0239, 49.9320, 16.9897



6.9288, 12.0500, 3.0489



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.8232, 14.3072, 6.3100



76.9811, 22.9863, 8.6210



70.9263, -9.9404, -7.4393



34.4025, 1.4177, 2.3226



29.0239, 49.9320, 16.9897



6.9288, 12.0500, 3.0489



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

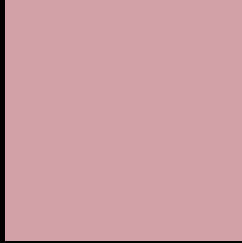
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.8217, 14.3095,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089

### Protanopia

64.9711, -2.1945, 2.9853

### Deuteranopia

64.9097, 4.5743, 6.6832



## Tritanopia

64.8133, 15.9561, 4.0509

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089

## Protanomaly

64.8428, 3.1712, 4.3239

## Deuteranomaly

64.6857, 8.1720, 6.4924

## Tritanomaly

64.7540, 15.6488, 4.8980

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089

## Achromatopsia

65.8903, -3.5157, 3.5799

## Achromatomaly

65.4479, 2.3192, 4.5540

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 161, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 161, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 161, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 161, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 161, 168) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 161, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 161, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 161, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 161, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 161,  
168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.8217, 14.3095, 6.3089 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 161, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
161, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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