

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.8830, 1.9988,
-8.2627)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.8830, 1.9988, -8.2627)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.9274, 2.1097,
-8.1919)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEABC5
RGB	174, 171, 197
RGB Percent	68%, 67%, 77%
CMY	0.3176, 0.3294, 0.2274
CMYK	0.12, 0.13, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	247°, 18%, 72%
HSV	247°, 13%, 77%
XYZ	42.0965, 42.1557, 58.7414
YIQ	174.8610, -6.5580, 8.7220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

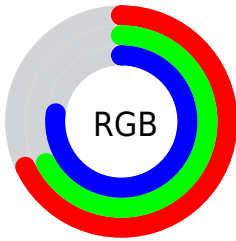
Format	Color
RYB	174, 171, 197
Decimal	11447237
CIELab	70.98, 6.22, -12.85
CIELCh	71, 14.278, 295.837
Yxy	42.1574, 0.2944, 0.2948
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289637317 (0xFFAEABC5)
YUV	174.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551
Hunter-Lab	64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919

Details

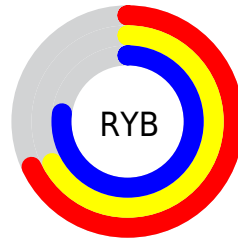
The HunterLab color $64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $73.7178, -8.9860, 14.2782$, and the grayscale version is $65.3759, -3.4883, 3.5520$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.5277, 1.7826, -8.2167$, and $43.8654, 2.3416, -8.0537$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57.7821, 7.0503, -18.4740$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72.3161, -2.5474, 1.2073$.

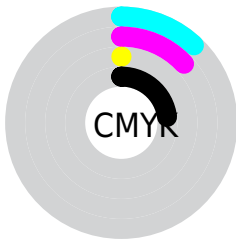
Distribution



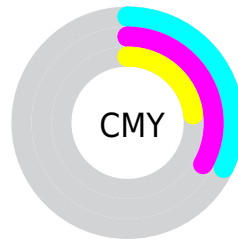
- Red (68%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.9274, 2.1097,
-8.1919

■ 64.9274, 2.1097,
-8.1919

188.4503, -2.1776,
-5.7687

■ 54.0598, 2.3698,
-8.2074

■ 88.5651, 1.4349,
-7.9811

■ 43.8757, 2.5741,
-8.1585

101.2690, 1.0306,
-7.7968

■ 34.4262, 2.7139,
-8.0378

114.5282, 0.5856,
-7.5643

■ 25.7735, 2.7795,
-7.8389

128.3204, 0.1021,
-7.2864

■ 17.9991, 2.7563,
-7.5573

142.6256, -0.4177,
-6.9659

■ 11.2166, 2.6220,
-7.2011

157.4261, -0.9719,

■ 3.2927, 8.0587,

-6.6048

-16.0150

172.7059, -1.5591,
-6.2051

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.9274, 2.1097,
-8.1919

■ 64.9274, 2.1097,
-8.1919

■ 57.7821, 7.0503,
-18.4740

■ 72.3161, -2.5474,
1.2073

■ 50.9195, 12.3671,
-29.9146

■ 79.9118, -6.9863,
9.9267

■ 44.4019, 18.1666,
-42.8577

■ 87.6916, -11.2610,
18.1227

■ 38.3160, 24.5604,
-57.6993

■ 95.6364, -15.4116,
25.9126

■ 32.7885, 31.6052,

■ 98.3927, -14.2137,

-74.7618

28.5494

■ 28.0011, 39.1434,
-93.9109

■ 24.1968, 46.4836,
-113.7120

■ 21.6320, 52.1370,
-130.5398

■ 20.5185, 54.7849,
-139.0368

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.9288, -4.3790, -9.5758



64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919



64.9288, 7.2772, -3.5545

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.9288, 2.1084, -8.1907



64.9288, 3.7515, 12.6805



64.9288, -15.5492, 4.3974

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919



73.7178, -8.9860, 14.2782

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.9288, -13.5568, 9.9041



64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919



64.9288, -2.5518, 14.3767

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.9288, 2.1084, -8.1907



64.9288, 8.2519, 8.5383



64.9288, -8.8622, 13.4125



64.9288, -14.4113, -1.9027

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919



64.9288, 9.1909, 0.5361



64.9288, -8.8622, 13.4125



64.9288, -15.2255, 6.3959

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.9288, 2.1084, -8.1907



95.9127, -2.8828, 0.5671



71.7301, -10.4228, 0.3546



44.0203, -1.1178, -0.1687

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.9288, 2.1084, -8.1907



83.9403, 4.7927, -15.0173



66.0857, 5.9995, -6.5651



32.1638, 0.1452, -2.1468



16.6978, 44.4744, -112.3018



3.9002, 9.8981, -22.4327

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.0022, 8.8318, -3.7248



87.3929, 15.8525, -7.3952



72.6264, -12.8873, 13.0716



32.8554, 2.4193, -0.7004



31.3575, 60.1593, -29.8029



6.8682, 13.2476, -7.0776

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

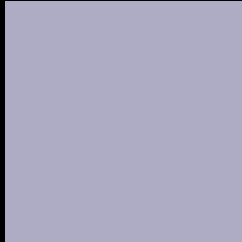
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

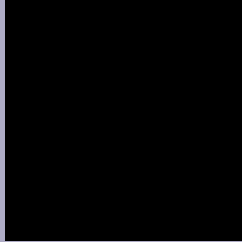
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919.

-8.1919.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919

Protanopia

64.8207, 0.3149, -8.9198

Deuteranopia

64.8004, 4.6523, -8.3203



Tritanopia

64.9638, -1.5269, -2.3935

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919

Protanomaly

64.9925, 0.9014, -8.6746

Deuteranomaly

64.9059, 3.5270, -8.1964

Tritanomaly

64.8899, -0.0027, -4.5263

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919

Achromatopsia

65.4745, -3.4936, 3.5574

Achromatomaly

65.4255, -1.6456, -0.3124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 171, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 171, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 171, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 171, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 171, 197) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 171, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 171, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 171, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 171, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 171,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.9274, 2.1097, -8.1919 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 171, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
171, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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