

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.9195, -5.0695,
-5.2339)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.9195, -5.0695,
-5.2339) contains.

HunterLab(64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(64.8063, -4.8014,
-5.2453)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1AFBF
RGB	161, 175, 191
RGB Percent	63%, 69%, 75%
CMY	0.3686, 0.3137, 0.2510
CMYK	0.16, 0.08, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	212°, 19%, 69%
HSV	212°, 16%, 75%
XYZ	39.4319, 41.9986, 55.3184
YIQ	172.6380, -13.4800, 2.0080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

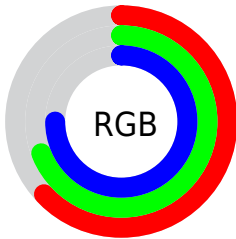
Format	Color
RYB	161, 171, 191
Decimal	10596287
CIELab	70.87, -1.53, -9.81
CIELCh	71, 9.929, 261.144
Yxy	42.0003, 0.2884, 0.3071
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288786367 (0xFFA1AFBF)
YUV	172.6380, 9.0525, -10.2065
Hunter-Lab	64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453

Details

The HunterLab color $64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $67.1519, -1.5105, 11.5808$, and the grayscale version is $64.4628, -3.4396, 3.5024$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.2655, -6.0187, -4.8254$, and $43.8772, -3.6513, -5.5180$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60.2898, -4.9469, -11.4098$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69.4653, -4.2895, 0.6584$.

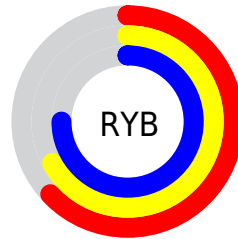
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (69%)

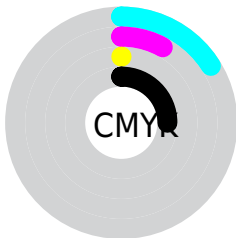
Blue (75%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (75%)

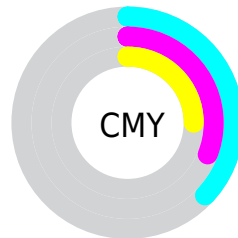


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.8063, -4.8014,
-5.2453

■ 64.8063, -4.8014,
-5.2453

188.2775,
-11.9737, -1.8642

■ 53.9458, -4.1422,
-5.3841

■ 88.4308, -6.2118,
-4.7996

■ 43.7694, -3.5130,
-5.4620

■ 101.1286, -6.9585,
-4.5032

■ 34.3282, -2.9163,
-5.4713

114.3819, -7.7321,
-4.1618

■ 25.6845, -2.3535,
-5.4038

128.1683, -8.5315,
-3.7782

■ 17.9202, -1.8260,
-5.2499

142.4681, -9.3561,
-3.3547

■ 11.1492, -1.3346,
-5.0023

157.2634,

■ 3.1055, -2.3108,

-10.2051, -2.8934

-12.9266

172.5380,
-11.0778, -2.3960

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.8063, -4.8014,
-5.2453

■ 64.8063, -4.8014,
-5.2453

■ 60.2898, -4.9469,
-11.4098

■ 69.4653, -4.2895,
0.6584

■ 55.9274, -4.6627,
-17.8738

■ 74.2493, -3.4585,
6.3315

■ 51.7391, -3.8805,
-24.6710

■ 79.1483, -2.3518,
11.8059

■ 47.7464, -2.5214,
-31.8308

■ 84.1526, -1.0052,
17.1089

■ 43.9742, -0.5009,

■ 89.0934, 0.0029,

-39.3704

22.0969

■ 40.4501, 2.2630,
-47.2836

■ 92.2383, -5.2987,
25.0604

■ 37.2027, 5.8337,
-55.5285

■ 95.4549, -10.5436,
28.0182

■ 34.2565, 10.2235,
-64.0232

■ 98.2556, -14.9778,
30.5391

■ 33.0621, 12.2668,
-67.8052

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.8076, -8.8582, -3.2922



64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453



64.8076, -0.2760, -4.7226

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.8076, -4.8025, -5.2442



64.8076, 4.9001, 6.4579



64.8076, -10.1332, 8.5337

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453



67.1519, -1.5105, 11.5808

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.8076, -6.5865, 10.8183



64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453



64.8076, 2.1179, 9.6785

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.8076, -4.8025, -5.2442



64.8076, 5.4097, 2.2336



64.8076, -2.1093, 11.2224



64.8076, -11.8796, 4.7956

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453



64.8076, 2.3946, -3.0564



64.8076, -2.1093, 11.2224



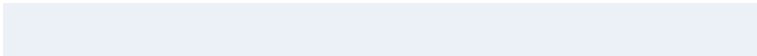
64.8076, -9.1167, 9.4860

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.8076, -4.8025, -5.2442



93.3605, -5.6827, 1.3658



69.2776, -15.0401, 7.0494



43.5383, -2.6937, 0.3823



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.8076, -4.8025, -5.2442



84.5347, -6.5573, -9.9411



60.7300, 2.3232, -10.6598



31.5273, -2.1011, -0.6799



27.0959, 9.3359, -54.0209



6.4696, -0.2043, -7.6454

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.9779, 8.7440, 0.7755



81.6087, 15.6329, 0.2055



71.3072, -8.5744, 15.7525



30.9976, 1.6722, 0.9177



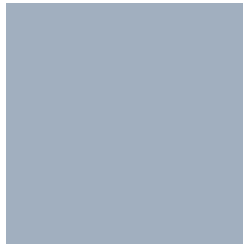
27.8763, 49.5024, 4.3427



5.6357, 10.2276, -0.8255

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

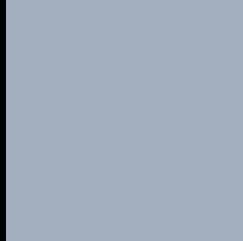
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

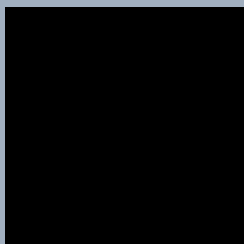
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

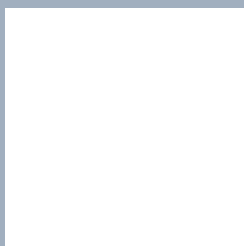
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453.

-5.2453.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453

Protanopia

64.7687, -0.4856, -4.1700

Deuteranopia

64.8116, 4.3422, -5.6079



Tritanopia

64.7388, -5.1729, -4.2908

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453

Protanomaly

64.7531, -1.9882, -4.7394

Deuteranomaly

64.7536, 1.1710, -5.7401

Tritanomaly

64.7725, -4.9877, -4.7667

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453

Achromatopsia

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

Achromatomaly

64.8093, -3.9726, 0.3629

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 175, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 175, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 175, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 175, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 175, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 175, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 175, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 175, 191); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 175, 191); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 175, 191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.8063, -4.8014, -5.2453 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 175, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
175, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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