

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.9278, -1.5176,
-1.5119)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.9278, -1.5176,
-1.5119) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.9862, -1.5797,
-1.3560)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADADB8
RGB	173, 173, 184
RGB Percent	68%, 68%, 72%
CMY	0.3216, 0.3216, 0.2784
CMYK	0.06, 0.06, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	240°, 7%, 70%
HSV	240°, 6%, 72%
XYZ	40.8289, 42.2321, 51.3470
YIQ	174.2540, -3.5310, 3.4210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

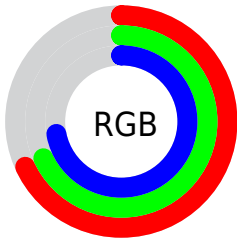
Format	Color
R _{YB}	173, 173, 184
Decimal	11382200
CIE Lab	71.03, 2.13, -5.62
CIE LCh	71, 6.010, 290.770
Yxy	42.2339, 0.3038, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289572280 (0xFFADADB8)
YUV	174.2540, 4.8048, -1.0998
Hunter-Lab	64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560

Details

The HunterLab color $64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $68.9115, -5.4559, 8.3516$, and the grayscale version is $65.1475, -3.4761, 3.5396$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.4715, -2.5640, -0.7758$, and $44.0209, -0.7264, -1.8080$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58.0539, 2.1758, -10.5030$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72.1286, -5.0692, 7.0804$.

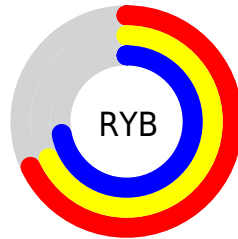
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (68%)

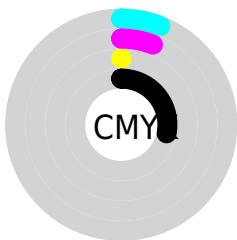
Blue (72%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (72%)

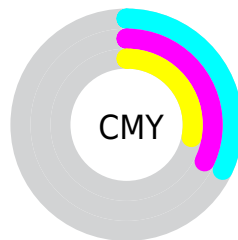


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.9862, -1.5797,
-1.3560

■ 64.9862, -1.5797,
-1.3560

188.5342, -7.3821,
3.4153

■ 54.1151, -1.1110,
-1.6792

■ 88.6304, -2.6402,
-0.5636

■ 43.9273, -0.6848,
-1.9500

101.3373, -3.2241,
-0.1035

■ 34.4738, -0.3068,
-2.1614

114.5993, -3.8416,
0.3959

■ 25.8167, 0.0171,
-2.3055

128.3942, -4.4911,
0.9324

■ 18.0375, 0.2789,
-2.3714

142.7020, -5.1711,
1.5042

■ 11.2493, 0.4658,
-2.3441

157.5051, -5.8803,

■ 3.3798, 2.5673,

2.1096

-6.7082

172.7874, -6.6176,
2.7470

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.9862, -1.5797,
-1.3560

■ 64.9862, -1.5797,
-1.3560

■ 58.0539, 2.1758,
-10.5030

■ 72.1286, -5.0692,
7.0804

■ 51.3617, 6.2873,
-20.5891

■ 79.4515, -8.3527,
14.9709

■ 44.9581, 10.8671,
-31.9110

■ 86.9365, -11.4794,
22.4419

■ 38.9100, 16.0575,
-44.8428

■ 94.5682, -14.4850,
29.5877

■ 33.3150, 22.0125,

■ 98.1024, -15.8332,

-59.7910

32.7661

■ 28.3172, 28.8202,
-76.9952

■ 24.1239, 36.2801,
-95.9531

■ 20.9987, 43.4857,
-114.3401

■ 19.1575, 48.7040,
-127.6889

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.9876, -4.3189, -1.6378



64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560



64.9876, 0.6851, 0.2677

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.9876, -1.5811, -1.3549



64.9876, -0.0854, 7.3225



64.9876, -8.6196, 4.3409

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560



68.9115, -5.4559, 8.3516

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.9876, -7.5253, 6.6456



64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560



64.9876, -2.6188, 8.3193

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.9876, -1.5811, -1.3549



64.9876, 1.5586, 5.2998



64.9876, -5.3396, 8.0767



64.9876, -8.3523, 1.7243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560



64.9876, 1.6088, 1.8550



64.9876, -5.3396, 8.0767



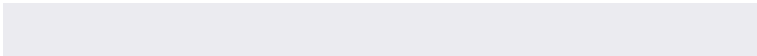
64.9876, -8.3995, 5.1761

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.9876, -1.5811, -1.3549



91.2596, -4.0192, 2.7563



68.2780, -7.0522, 2.6581



42.4197, -1.8895, 1.3363



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.9876, -1.5811, -1.3549



86.4200, -1.5728, -3.1738



65.4607, 0.0490, -0.7358



30.1448, -0.4903, -1.2581



15.4464, 41.8791, -109.7116



2.9023, 7.8538, -20.5817

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.6471, 0.0110, 4.7431



87.4812, 0.9797, 6.6437



68.4432, -7.1068, 7.8014



30.5352, 0.4477, 2.3544



26.5013, 45.3846, 17.1220



4.9759, 8.5217, 3.2129

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

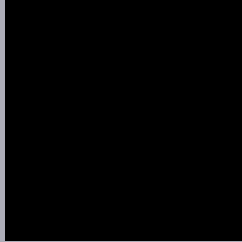
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560.



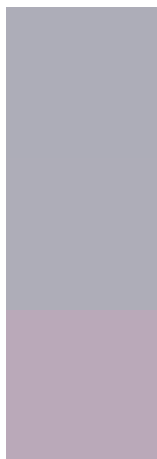
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.9862, -1.5797,

-1.3560.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560

Protanopia

65.0742, -1.2764, -1.2406

Deuteranopia

65.0521, 4.6827, -1.6665



Tritanopia

65.0512, -1.2258, -2.2774

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560

Protanomaly

65.0742, -1.2764, -1.2406

Deuteranomaly

64.8660, 2.5778, -1.9381

Tritanomaly

65.0186, -1.4033, -1.8154

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560

Achromatopsia

65.0590, -3.4714, 3.5348

Achromatomaly

65.1806, -2.8059, 1.8019

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 173, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 173, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 173, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 173, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 173, 184) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 173, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 173, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 173, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 173, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 173,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.9862, -1.5797, -1.3560 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 173, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
173, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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