

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.9519, 1.9694,
-12.6371)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.9519, 1.9694,
-12.6371) contains.

HunterLab(65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(65.0752, 1.6915,
-12.4943)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9ACCD
RGB	169, 172, 205
RGB Percent	66%, 67%, 80%
CMY	0.3372, 0.3255, 0.1961
CMYK	0.18, 0.16, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	235°, 26%, 73%
HSV	235°, 18%, 80%
XYZ	42.1341, 42.3478, 63.7108
YIQ	174.8650, -12.3810, 9.6270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

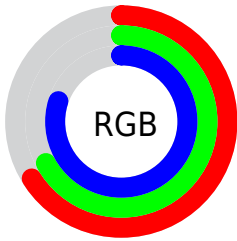
Format	Color
RYB	169, 172, 205
Decimal	11119821
CIELab	71.11, 5.77, -17.09
CIELCh	71, 18.037, 288.648
Yxy	42.3496, 0.2843, 0.2858
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289309901 (0xFFA9ACCD)
YUV	174.8650, 14.8566, -5.1436
Hunter-Lab	65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943

Details

The HunterLab color $65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $76.2133, -8.1661, 17.6174$, and the grayscale version is $65.3635, -3.4876, 3.5513$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.4114, -0.1265, -8.9689$, and $44.0231, 2.0457, -12.2690$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57.9680, 5.5594, -23.2585$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72.4314, -1.7686, -2.6782$.

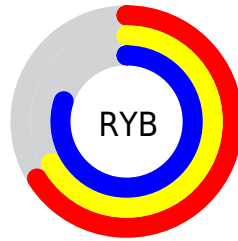
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (67%)

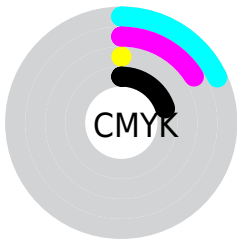
Blue (80%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (80%)

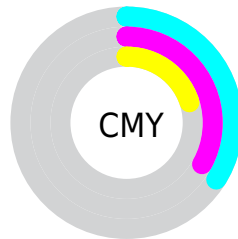


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65.0752, 1.6915,
-12.4943

■ 65.0752, 1.6915,
-12.4943

188.6611, -2.7672,
-11.3459

■ 54.1988, 1.9754,
-12.3519

■ 88.7290, 0.9732,
-12.5902

■ 44.0054, 2.2048,
-12.1434

101.4404, 0.5486,
-12.5541

■ 34.5458, 2.3716,
-11.8640

114.7068, 0.0840,
-12.4663

■ 25.8821, 2.4663,
-11.5127

128.5058, -0.4183,
-12.3298

■ 18.0955, 2.4754,
-11.0986

142.8176, -0.9562,
-12.1472

■ 11.2989, 2.3772,
-10.6675

157.6246, -1.5280,

■ 3.5075, 6.9778,

-11.9210

-20.8155

172.9106, -2.1321,
-11.6533

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.0752, 1.6915,
-12.4943

■ 65.0752, 1.6915,
-12.4943

■ 57.9680, 5.5594,
-23.2585

■ 72.4314, -1.7686,
-2.6782

■ 51.1511, 9.9602,
-35.2551

■ 79.9990, -4.9103,
6.4024

■ 44.6887, 15.0475,
-48.8294

■ 87.7542, -7.8046,
14.9134

■ 38.6706, 20.9990,
-64.3591

■ 95.6771, -10.5040,
22.9797

■ 33.2257, 27.9642,

■ 98.5839, -13.1500,

-82.1043

25.7799

■ 28.5366, 35.9043,
-101.7908

■ 24.8401, 44.2534,
-121.7802

■ 22.3645, 51.5548,
-138.4385

■ 21.9355, 52.9278,
-141.6734

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.0765, -6.5783, -13.1136



65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943



65.0765, 8.9042, -7.2724

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.0765, 1.6904, -12.4930



65.0765, 7.3739, 13.9108



65.0765, -18.3527, 6.4518

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943



76.2133, -8.1661, 17.6174

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.0765, -14.9944, 12.7700



65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943



65.0765, -0.3141, 16.7035

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.0765, 1.6904, -12.4930



65.0765, 12.2969, 8.1985



65.0765, -8.4857, 16.3138



65.0765, -17.8761, -1.4857

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943



65.0765, 12.0164, -2.2133



65.0765, -8.4857, 16.3138



65.0765, -17.6419, 8.8159

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.0765, 1.6904, -12.4930



95.0948, -3.3017, -0.4471



75.0562, -15.3292, 2.1344



43.6787, -1.3918, -0.5972

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.0765, 1.6904, -12.4930



79.8760, 3.9302, -20.9370



65.4989, 7.5547, -11.7907



33.1539, -0.5416, -2.0601



17.4737, 41.0785, -110.5171



4.5913, 7.0702, -21.0012

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.5843, 8.9723, 6.4303



82.2773, 15.1731, 8.9251



75.8634, -14.2237, 17.1611



33.5091, 1.2850, 2.4905



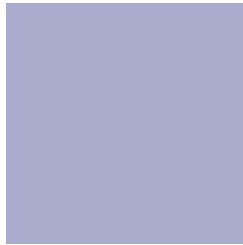
28.4802, 48.8828, 17.5534



6.5102, 11.2563, 3.3745

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

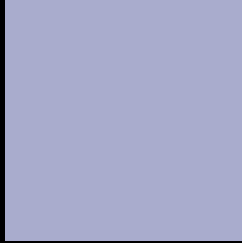
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943.

-12.4943.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943

Protanopia

64.9063, 1.1167, -12.7453

Deuteranopia

65.1056, 4.7773, -12.3970



Tritanopia

65.1468, -3.7475, -3.7383

Trichromacy



Original Color

65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943

Protanomaly

64.9905, 1.4034, -12.6201

Deuteranomaly

65.1290, 3.3706, -12.3883

Tritanomaly

65.1366, -1.8445, -6.8910

Monochromacy



Original Color

65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943

Achromatopsia

65.4745, -3.4936, 3.5574

Achromatomaly

65.3464, -1.7255, -1.9130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 172, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 172, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 172, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 172, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 172, 205) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 172, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 172, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 172, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 172, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 172,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.0752, 1.6915, -12.4943 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 172, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
172, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor