

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.9641, -44.3316,
-73.3091)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.9641, -44.3316,
-73.3091) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(70.9970,
-24.5750, -35.6897)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00CCFF
RGB	0, 204, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 80%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.2000, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.20, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	192°, 100%, 50%
HSV	192°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	39.6429, 50.4057, 102.2477
YIQ	148.8180, -137.9550, -27.3870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

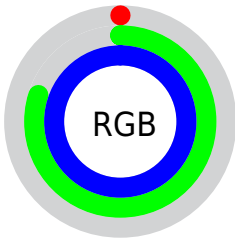
Format	Color
RYB	0, 113, 255
Decimal	52479
CIELab	76.32, -24.34, -36.68
CIELCh	76, 44.025, 236.429
Yxy	50.4074, 0.2062, 0.2621
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278242559 (0xFF00CCFF)
YUV	148.8180, 52.3477, -130.5134
Hunter-Lab	70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897

Details

The HunterLab color **70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**, and the color name is **vivid sky blue**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **48.6151, 70.7045, 31.1915**, and the grayscale version is **54.5937, -2.9130, 2.9662**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.7661, -39.1140, -6.5545**, and **50.8821, -15.0248, -31.1640** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.9927, -24.5691, -35.6970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.8601, -26.3459, -32.5524**.

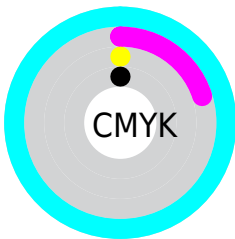
Distribution



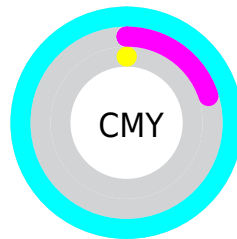
- Red (0%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

70.9970, -24.5750,
-35.6897

70.9970, -24.5750,
-35.6897

197.0424,
-40.6398, -39.2051

59.7806, -22.6694,
-35.0689

95.2776, -28.2683,
-36.8054

49.2253, -20.7078,
-34.4274

108.2809,
-30.0740, -37.2938

39.3768, -18.6705,
-33.7920

121.8273,
-31.8605, -37.7328

30.2899, -16.5286,
-33.2223

135.8957,
-33.6326, -38.1224

22.0349, -14.2361,
-32.8491

150.4675,
-35.3938, -38.4633

14.7059, -11.7132,
-32.9998

165.5258,

8.3637, -13.1302,

-37.1472, -38.7566

-35.1144

181.0554,
-38.8952, -39.0034

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 70.9970, -24.5750,
-35.6897

■ 70.9970, -24.5750,
-35.6897

■ 70.9927, -24.5691,
-35.6970

■ 72.8601, -26.3459,
-32.5524

■ 74.9151, -27.4123,
-29.1928

■ 77.2031, -27.6214,
-25.5676

■ 79.7370, -26.9299,
-21.6853

■ 82.5209, -25.3363,

-17.5687

■ 85.5531, -22.8674,
-13.2479

■ 88.8278, -19.5701,
-8.7553

■ 92.3362, -15.5027,
-4.1229

■ 96.0681, -10.7301,
0.6201

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.9982, -36.1639, -15.2326



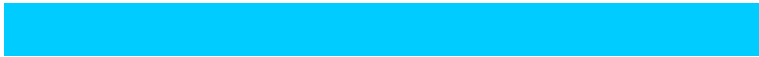
70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897



70.9982, -6.2650, -45.5363

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.9982, -24.5748, -35.6876



70.9982, 40.6788, 1.4549



70.9982, -20.7251, 30.1828

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897



48.6151, 70.7045, 31.1915

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.9982, -1.2849, 32.3085



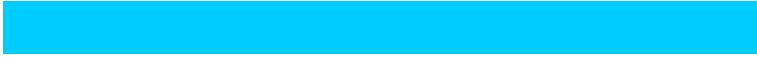
70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897



70.9982, 35.6737, 18.7940

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.9982, -24.5748, -35.6876



70.9982, 32.6847, -20.5463



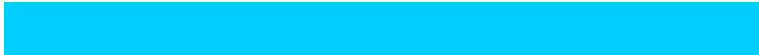
70.9982, 19.6957, 28.8112



70.9982, -34.1273, 21.8425

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897



70.9982, 7.8731, -43.1483



70.9982, 19.6957, 28.8112



70.9982, -14.7496, 31.5218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.9982, -24.5748, -35.6876



88.8176, -19.5811, -8.7690



84.7113, -71.6289, 48.7477



40.4390, -9.7469, -4.9419

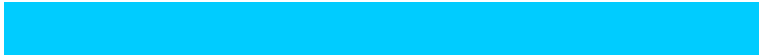
0.0000, NaN, NaN



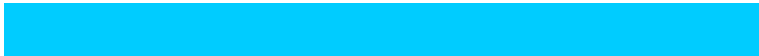
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.9982, -24.5748, -35.6876



70.9927, -24.5691, -35.6970



35.3072, 42.7310, -136.3670



44.5283, -4.8540, 0.3901



51.5286, -18.0484, -25.4449



16.5369, -6.2506, -7.1765

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.6176, 95.2886, -34.0577



50.6152, 95.2919, -34.0510



73.0133, 12.2260, 45.2027



42.7018, 3.1388, -0.5480



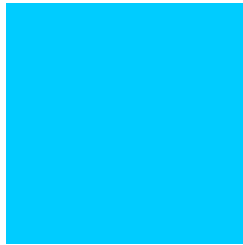
36.6175, 68.9884, -25.0190



11.4918, 21.7596, -8.6948

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

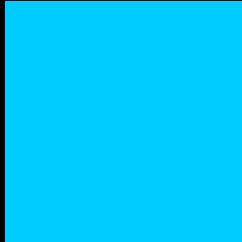
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897.



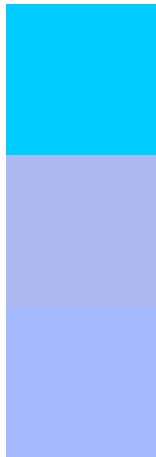
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.9970,

-24.5750, -35.6897.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897

Protanopia

70.5829, 3.5324, -26.3498

Deuteranopia

70.6521, 4.9961, -35.7701



Tritanopia

71.0588, -33.8947, -15.6485

Trichromacy



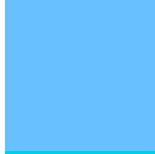
Original Color

70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897



Protanomaly

68.9959, -12.6252, -32.6297



Deuteranomaly

69.2261, -10.9781, -38.5640



Tritanomaly

71.1504, -30.9155, -22.1942

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897



Achromatopsia

54.8219, -2.9252, 2.9786



Achromatomaly

58.6853, -17.5807, -12.2133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 204, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 204, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 204, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 204, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 204, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 204, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 204, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 204, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 204,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.9970, -24.5750, -35.6897 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 204, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 204,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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