

Converting Colors

HunterLab(64.9880, 0.1013,
-8.8484)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(64.9880, 0.1013, -8.8484)
contains.

HunterLab(65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(65.1148, -0.1897,
-8.5268)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9ADC6
RGB	169, 173, 198
RGB Percent	66%, 68%, 78%
CMY	0.3372, 0.3216, 0.2235
CMYK	0.15, 0.13, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	232°, 20%, 72%
HSV	232°, 15%, 78%
XYZ	41.4988, 42.3994, 59.4228
YIQ	174.6540, -10.4090, 6.9270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

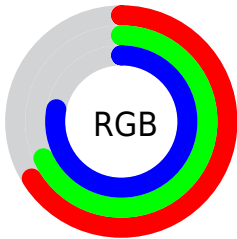
Format	Color
RYB	169, 173, 198
Decimal	11120070
CIELab	71.15, 3.69, -13.19
CIELCh	71, 13.695, 285.627
Yxy	42.4011, 0.2896, 0.2958
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289310150 (0xFFA9ADC6)
YUV	174.6540, 11.5096, -4.9586
Hunter-Lab	65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268

Details

The HunterLab color $65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $73.1121, -6.5027, 14.4969$, and the grayscale version is $65.2887, -3.4836, 3.5473$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914$, and $44.1251, 0.4815, -8.2556$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58.5161, 2.8438, -18.0262$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71.9227, -2.8667, 0.2254$.

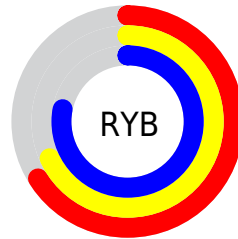
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (68%)

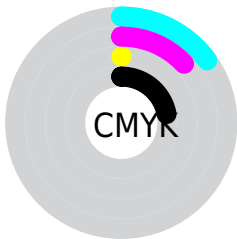
Blue (78%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (78%)

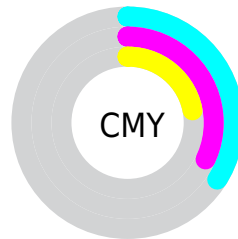


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65.1148, -0.1897,
-8.5268

■ 65.1148, -0.1897,
-8.5268

188.7175, -5.4164,
-6.2018

■ 54.2361, 0.1998,
-8.5301

■ 88.7729, -1.1034,
-8.3397

■ 44.0402, 0.5415,
-8.4688

101.4863, -1.6190,
-8.1668

■ 34.5779, 0.8286,
-8.3356

114.7546, -2.1710,
-7.9454

■ 25.9113, 1.0539,
-8.1244

128.5555, -2.7575,
-7.6784

■ 18.1214, 1.2065,
-7.8314

142.8691, -3.3766,
-7.3685

■ 11.3210, 1.2699,
-7.4667

157.6778, -4.0270,

■ 3.5628, 4.3216,

-7.0177

-15.2044

172.9654, -4.7073,
-6.6283

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.1148, -0.1897,
-8.5268

■ 65.1148, -0.1897,
-8.5268

■ 58.5161, 2.8438,
-18.0262

■ 71.9227, -2.8667,
0.2254

■ 52.1566, 6.3364,
-28.4843

■ 78.9099, -5.2593,
8.3889

■ 46.0836, 10.4142,
-40.1587

■ 86.0580, -7.4264,
16.0899

■ 40.3607, 15.2329,
-53.3473

■ 93.3510, -9.4121,
23.4247

■ 35.0772, 20.9585,

■ 98.4161, -14.0835,

-68.3246

28.2104

■ 30.3579, 27.6998,
-85.1531

■ 26.3708, 35.3332,
-103.2525

■ 23.3145, 43.1950,
-120.7446

■ 22.0819, 46.9824,
-129.0219

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.1162, -6.4505, -8.6026



65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268



65.1162, 5.3865, -5.0175

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.1162, -0.1909, -8.5256



65.1162, 5.1898, 11.2372



65.1162, -14.7747, 6.3338

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268



73.1121, -6.5027, 14.4969

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.1162, -11.8921, 11.0816



65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268



65.1162, -0.4511, 13.7252

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.1162, -0.1909, -8.5256



65.1162, 8.5724, 6.5654



65.1162, -6.7010, 13.6711



65.1162, -14.7111, 0.3715

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268



65.1162, 7.8983, -1.3799



65.1162, -6.7010, 13.6711



65.1162, -14.1231, 8.1119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.1162, -0.1909, -8.5256



96.2468, -4.0109, 0.9563



72.5971, -13.3130, 2.9849



44.2036, -1.7373, 0.0465

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.1162, -0.1909, -8.5256



83.4340, 1.1482, -15.7986



64.8504, 4.8881, -8.7998



32.4340, -0.7737, -1.8133



18.0152, 37.0959, -102.5969



4.8218, 5.1608, -17.1675

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.8786, 6.6970, 5.1283



84.7577, 12.5446, 7.2696



73.4342, -11.6920, 14.7381



32.6502, 1.3183, 2.2193



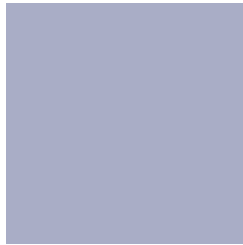
28.0493, 48.2490, 16.4677



6.1684, 10.7386, 2.6291

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

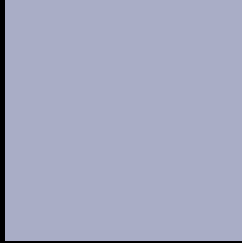
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

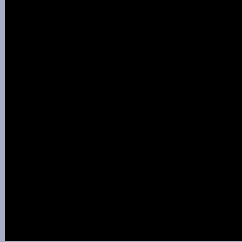
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268.

-8.5268.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268

Protanopia

65.2000, 0.1021, -8.4056

Deuteranopia

65.1588, 4.5194, -8.9365



Tritanopia

65.1968, -3.6397, -3.1562

Trichromacy



Original Color

65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268

Protanomaly

65.2000, 0.1021, -8.4056

Deuteranomaly

65.0871, 2.7926, -9.0650

Tritanomaly

65.1174, -2.1172, -5.3184

Monochromacy



Original Color

65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268

Achromatopsia

65.4745, -3.4936, 3.5574

Achromatomaly

65.2497, -2.2529, -0.5408

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 173, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 173, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 173, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 173, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 173, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 173, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 173, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 173, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 173, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 173,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 173, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
173, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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