

Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.0171, 10.1981,
-25.7886)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(65.0171, 10.1981,
-25.7886) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(64.9478, 10.4008,
-26.1397)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEA7E3
RGB	174, 167, 227
RGB Percent	68%, 65%, 89%
CMY	0.3176, 0.3451, 0.1098
CMYK	0.23, 0.26, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	247°, 52%, 77%
HSV	247°, 26%, 89%
XYZ	45.1394, 42.1822, 78.4360
YIQ	175.9330, -15.0880, 20.1440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

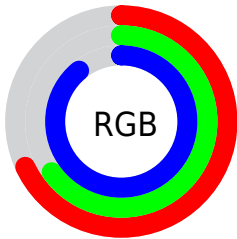
Format	Color
RYB	174, 167, 227
Decimal	11446243
CIELab	71.00, 15.11, -29.29
CIELCh	71, 32.962, 297.294
Yxy	42.1839, 0.2723, 0.2545
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289636323 (0xFFAEA7E3)
YUV	175.9330, 25.1760, -1.6952
Hunter-Lab	64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397

Details

The HunterLab color $64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $85.4078, -15.7877, 26.9709$, and the grayscale version is $65.7668, -3.5092, 3.5732$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87.3416, 4.1173, -10.3309$, and $43.8119, 9.8136, -24.9710$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56.9648, 16.8834, -40.2432$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73.2949, 4.4050, -13.5465$.

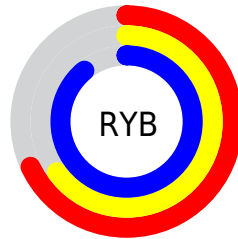
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (65%)

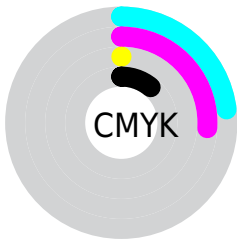
Blue (89%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (89%)

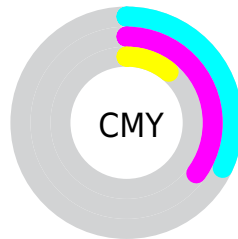


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.9478, 10.4008,
-26.1397

■ 64.9478, 10.4008,
-26.1397

■ 188.4793, 9.3178,
-28.2489

■ 54.0789, 10.2265,
-25.6398

■ 88.5877, 10.5350,
-26.9743

■ 43.8936, 9.9714,
-25.0957

■ 101.2926, 10.5097,
-27.3096

■ 34.4427, 9.6227,
-24.5234

■ 114.5528, 10.4292,
-27.5909

■ 25.7884, 9.1650,
-23.9639

■ 128.3459, 10.2973,
-27.8198

■ 18.0124, 8.5769,
-23.5205

■ 142.6520, 10.1175,
-27.9981

■ 11.2279, 7.8289,
-23.4904

■ 157.4534, 9.8927,

■ 3.3231, 19.6421,

-28.1278

-46.5341

172.7341, 9.6254,
-28.2108

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.9478, 10.4008,
-26.1397

■ 64.9478, 10.4008,
-26.1397

■ 56.9648, 16.8834,
-40.2432

■ 73.2949, 4.4050,
-13.5465

■ 49.4247, 23.9900,
-56.3044

■ 81.9435, -1.2161,
-2.1110

■ 42.4483, 31.8418,
-74.7937

■ 90.8524, -6.5542,
8.4414

■ 36.2103, 40.4420,
-95.9738

■ 99.0842, -10.2257,
17.3896

■ 30.9582, 49.4107,

■ 99.1595, -9.9599,

-119.2410

17.4738

■ 27.0029, 57.5522,
-141.9225

■ 24.6089, 62.8428,
-158.8282

■ 24.0252, 64.2277,
-163.4175

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.9491, -4.8352, -30.5798



64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397



64.9491, 22.8348, -13.2439

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.9491, 10.3999, -26.1382



64.9491, 12.9892, 22.7588



64.9491, -30.0204, 4.8269

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397



85.4078, -15.7877, 26.9709

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.9491, -26.1558, 16.7678



64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397



64.9491, -2.0914, 25.5290

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.9491, 10.3999, -26.1382



64.9491, 24.4232, 14.9763



64.9491, -16.2637, 23.6149



64.9491, -27.3270, -10.4601

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397



64.9491, 27.3772, -2.8430



64.9491, -16.2637, 23.6149



64.9491, -29.4540, 9.3260

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.9491, 10.3999, -26.1382



91.8743, -0.3722, -4.4480



80.9170, -18.8225, -3.7189



41.8081, 0.2702, -2.9507

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.9491, 10.3999, -26.1382



68.7882, 16.0607, -38.8763



67.7360, 19.3209, -21.5352



37.3728, 0.2140, -2.5794



18.4173, 49.1018, -124.2338



5.2670, 13.5577, -31.7736

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.0980, 26.0832, -13.6208



76.1070, 37.5925, -20.0432



82.9491, -24.8013, 24.5458



38.1900, 2.8985, -0.8601



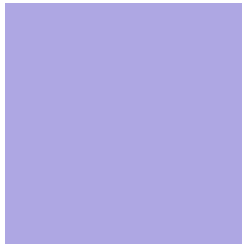
34.6146, 66.3780, -32.6662



9.4534, 18.1974, -9.4590

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

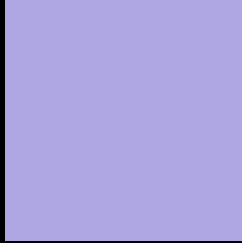
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

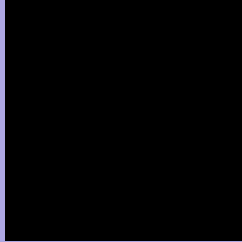
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397.

-26.1397.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397

Protanopia

65.1048, 3.7969, -27.9929

Deuteranopia

65.0371, 4.7258, -25.4352



Tritanopia

64.8987, -3.1440, -3.5300

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397

Protanomaly

64.9562, 6.1996, -27.5281

Deuteranomaly

65.0749, 6.3390, -25.3455

Tritanomaly

64.7581, 1.8944, -11.2221

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397

Achromatopsia

65.8903, -3.5157, 3.5799

Achromatomaly

65.5296, 1.0183, -6.3169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 167, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 167, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 167, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 167, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 167, 227) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 167, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 167, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 167, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 167, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 167,  
227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.9478, 10.4008, -26.1397 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 167, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
167, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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