

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.0509, 26.6196,  
15.7215)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(65.0509, 26.6196,  
15.7215) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(64.9716, 26.9093,  
15.6902)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	ED9792
RGB	237, 151, 146
RGB Percent	93%, 59%, 57%
CMY	0.0706, 0.4078, 0.4274
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.38, 0.07
HSL	3°, 72%, 75%
HSV	3°, 38%, 93%
XYZ	51.1800, 42.2131, 32.6446
YIQ	176.1440, 52.8610, 16.6770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

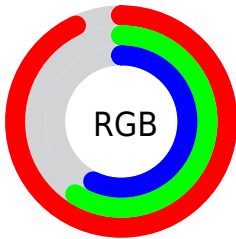
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 151, 146
Decimal	15570834
CIE Lab	71.02, 31.70, 16.17
CIE LCh	71, 35.586, 27.031
Yxy	42.2152, 0.4061, 0.3349
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293760914 (0xFFED9792)
YUV	176.1440, -14.8610, 53.3707
Hunter-Lab	64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902

# Details

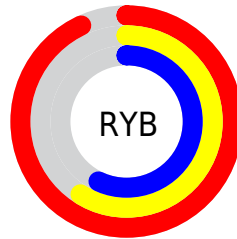
The HunterLab color **64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **83.6277, -26.8282, -5.7424**, and the grayscale version is **65.9960, -3.5214, 3.5857**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.4103, 11.8302, 12.7622**, and **43.9908, 25.1214, 12.6317** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.1736, 35.9786, 18.5455**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.3704, 18.0946, 12.8248**.

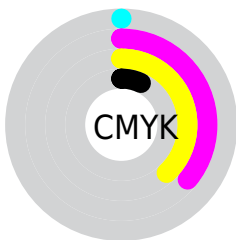
# Distribution



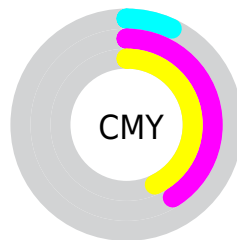
- Red (93%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



64.9716, 26.9093,  
15.6902

64.9716, 26.9093,  
15.6902

188.5137, 31.4716,  
28.6006

54.1016, 25.9939,  
14.2149

88.6144, 28.4393,  
18.5860

43.9147, 24.9711,  
12.7059

101.3206, 29.0772,  
20.0175

34.4622, 23.8257,  
11.1485

114.5819, 29.6385,  
21.4445

25.8062, 22.5461,  
9.5185

128.3761, 30.1290,  
22.8700

18.0281, 21.1268,  
7.7760

142.6833, 30.5535,  
24.2966

11.2413, 19.5961,  
6.8270

157.4858, 30.9164,

3.3587, 40.9779,

25.7263

2.3511

172.7674, 31.2213,  
27.1605

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.9716, 26.9093,  
15.6902

■ 64.9716, 26.9093,  
15.6902

■ 59.1736, 35.9786,  
18.5455

■ 71.3704, 18.0946,  
12.8248

■ 54.0832, 45.0774,  
21.2834

■ 78.2701, 9.6453,  
10.0028

■ 49.8231, 53.7799,  
23.7420

■ 85.5944, 1.5796,  
7.2509

■ 46.5058, 61.4674,  
25.7101

■ 93.2807, -6.1226,  
4.5761

■ 44.2025, 67.4366,

■ 98.3588, -11.0929,

26.9860

3.3851

■ 42.8979, 71.1502,  
27.5282

■ 42.7707, 71.5110,  
27.6070

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.9732, 30.9254, 1.9715



64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902



64.9732, 14.5005, 23.9244

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.9732, 26.9061, 15.6913



64.9732, -27.7533, 17.7725



64.9732, -5.0875, -33.8874

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902



83.6277, -26.8282, -5.7424

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.9732, -19.6780, -26.8167



64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902



64.9732, -31.9284, 5.0638

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.9732, 26.9061, 15.6913



64.9732, -17.1234, 24.9012



64.9732, -29.1228, -11.5423



64.9732, 11.4124, -29.0621



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902



64.9732, 3.7222, 26.4170



64.9732, -29.1228, -11.5423



64.9732, -10.3629, -32.7890

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.9732, 26.9061, 15.6913



90.0563, 4.8692, 8.9615



66.6442, 43.6313, -26.3883



41.1793, 2.7827, 4.3271

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.9732, 26.9061, 15.6913



65.6345, 36.8993, 19.4719



77.1897, 3.3543, 26.7343



38.9703, 1.1123, 3.4653



31.6954, 52.5265, 20.4501



9.1423, 13.8590, 5.8761



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.6277, -26.8282, -5.7424



89.4819, -32.4801, -8.1166



69.0979, -4.9312, -26.2567



41.1966, -5.1832, 0.9400



57.0077, -27.9789, -10.8562



16.1102, -8.0057, -2.8544



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

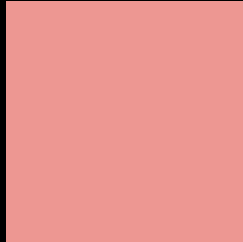
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

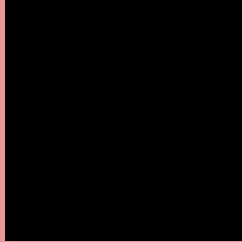
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 64.9716, 26.9093,

15.6902.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902

### Protanopia

65.2152, -3.8821, 11.1172

### Deuteranopia

64.9439, 4.9023, 16.3797



## Tritanopia

64.9693, 30.1397, 10.2109

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902

## Protanomaly

64.7996, 6.3546, 12.4658

## Deuteranomaly

64.7691, 12.8851, 15.9826

## Tritanomaly

65.0818, 28.9541, 12.3593

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902

## Achromatopsia

65.8903, -3.5157, 3.5799

## Achromatomaly

65.0844, 6.4992, 7.7904

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 151, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 151, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 151, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 151, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 151, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 151, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 151, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 151, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 151, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 151,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 64.9716, 26.9093, 15.6902 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 151, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
151, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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