

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.0975, 22.8382,  
35.8068)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(65.0975, 22.8382,  
35.8068) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(65.0095, 23.1582,  
35.7632)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F59842
RGB	245, 152, 66
RGB Percent	96%, 60%, 26%
CMY	0.0392, 0.4039, 0.7412
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.73, 0.04
HSL	29°, 90%, 61%
HSV	29°, 73%, 96%
XYZ	49.8679, 42.2624, 10.6834
YIQ	170.0030, 83.0340, -7.0300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

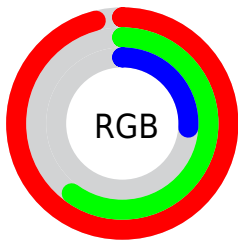
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	245, 232, 66
Decimal	16095298
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.05, 28.05, 57.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	71, 64.284, 64.133
Yxy	42.2645, 0.4850, 0.4111
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294285378 (0xFFFF59842)
YUV	170.0030, -51.2735, 65.7724
Hunter-Lab	65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632

# Details

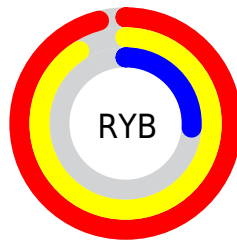
The HunterLab color **65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9933**. The color can be described as light washed orange. A complement of this color would be **57.0486, -2.4459, -54.6696**, and the grayscale version is **63.5855, -3.3928, 3.4547**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.9717, 2.0615, 38.1497**, and **43.8118, 21.5938, 27.1415** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.7431, 28.8046, 36.4912**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.5376, 17.9116, 34.0811**.

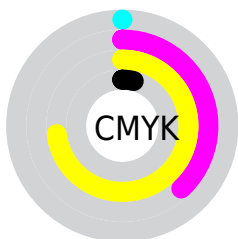
# Distribution



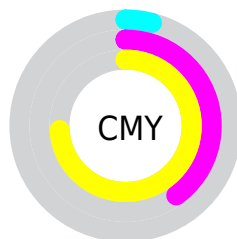
- Red (96%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (74%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 65.0095, 23.1582,  
35.7632


 65.0095, 23.1582,  
35.7632


188.5679, 26.5117,  
67.1803

 54.1373, 22.3969,  
31.6061


 88.6565, 24.3918,  
43.5334


 43.9480, 21.5330,  
27.2244


 101.3646, 24.8884,  
47.1978

 34.4929, 20.5499,  
22.5903


 114.6278, 25.3125,  
50.7433

 25.8341, 19.4333,  
18.0839

 128.4238, 25.6695,  
54.1866

 18.0529, 18.1705,  
12.6370

 142.7327, 25.9642,  
57.5413

 11.2625, 16.7675,  
7.8837

157.5368, 26.2004,

 3.4142, 35.6126,

60.8189

2.3899

172.8201, 26.3819,  
64.0292

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.0095, 23.1582,  
35.7632

■ 65.0095, 23.1582,  
35.7632

■ 61.7431, 28.8046,  
36.4912

■ 68.5376, 17.9116,  
34.0811

■ 58.7502, 34.7873,  
36.2753

■ 72.3035, 13.1131,  
31.4817


■ 56.8356, 39.0438,  
35.7053


■ 76.2897, 8.7695,  
28.0298


■ 80.4778, 4.8733,  
23.7994


■ 84.8508, 1.4060,

18.8659

 89.3928, -1.6578,  
13.3011

 94.0897, -4.3464,  
7.1712

 98.6964, -7.9670,  
3.8430

 99.0719, -8.5795,  
4.2790

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.0112, 50.4192, 27.1081



65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632



65.0112, -7.5078, 37.6197

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.0112, 23.1544, 35.7639



65.0112, -50.9021, -0.4691



65.0112, 31.4922, -58.7922

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632



57.0486, -2.4459, -54.6696

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.0112, 0.6641, -76.4952



65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632



65.0112, -44.0557, -34.5746

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.0112, 23.1544, 35.7639



65.0112, -47.0218, 22.9433



65.0112, -26.4019, -66.0869



65.0112, 55.8036, -24.6582



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632



65.0112, -25.0642, 36.0221



65.0112, -26.4019, -66.0869



65.0112, 21.3665, -67.4157

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.0112, 23.1544, 35.7639



89.2708, 1.1277, 19.1820



50.8909, 72.5621, -6.9064



40.7147, 0.9526, 9.5637

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.0112, 23.1544, 35.7639



62.9718, 33.3177, 38.1916



90.3095, -20.6415, 51.9028



42.1857, -1.2326, 5.1758



42.0433, 27.8752, 26.3949



13.2598, 6.4447, 8.2835



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.0486, -2.4459, -54.6696



53.3185, 3.9961, -72.2789



35.1875, 45.1726, -123.0845



41.6547, -3.0746, -0.7794



34.7090, 6.7665, -57.9903



11.2457, 0.2661, -14.6306



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.0095, 23.1582,

35.7632.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632

### Protanopia

65.2665, -8.2434, 34.5031

### Deuteranopia

65.2117, 4.7281, 36.1223



## Tritanopia

65.0145, 37.2201, 13.2298

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632

## Protanomaly

64.9814, 2.6562, 34.8009

## Deuteranomaly

65.0712, 11.3145, 36.0098

## Tritanomaly

64.7261, 31.3510, 23.8629

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632

## Achromatopsia

63.4017, -3.3830, 3.4447

## Achromatomaly

63.0323, 3.7845, 18.3727

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 152, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 152, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 152, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 152, 66) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 152, 66) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 152, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 152, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 152, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 152, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 152,  
66) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.0095, 23.1582, 35.7632 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 152, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
152, 66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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