

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.1080, 23.4792,  
5.4450)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(65.1080, 23.4792,  
5.4450) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(65.1080, 23.4792,  
5.4450)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E19BAB
RGB	225, 155, 171
RGB Percent	88%, 61%, 67%
CMY	0.1176, 0.3921, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.24, 0.12
HSL	346°, 54%, 75%
HSV	346°, 31%, 88%
XYZ	50.1234, 42.3905, 44.0685
YIQ	177.7540, 36.5840, 19.8160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

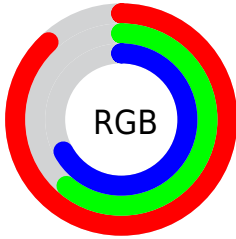
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	225, 155, 171
Decimal	14785451
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.14, 28.36, 2.30
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	71, 28.449, 4.640
Yxy	42.3925, 0.3670, 0.3104
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292975531 (0xFFE19BAB)
YUV	177.7540, -3.3297, 41.4347
Hunter-Lab	65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450

# Details

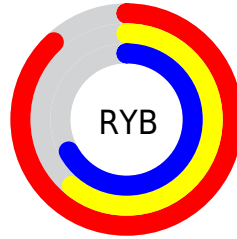
The HunterLab color **65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **80.8848, -26.8958, 5.1508**, and the grayscale version is **66.6248, -3.5549, 3.6199**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.3488, 13.7996, 2.8499**, and **43.9969, 21.7087, 3.9714** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.1344, 32.8760, 6.5177**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.6229, 14.1983, 4.8293**.

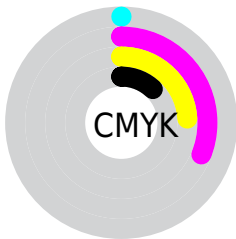
# Distribution



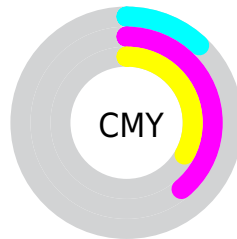
- Red (88%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 65.1080, 23.4792,  
5.4450


 65.1080, 23.4792,  
5.4450


188.7081, 26.9317,  
13.0052

 54.2298, 22.7066,  
4.7380


 88.7656, 24.7378,  
6.9470

 44.0344, 21.8301,  
4.0589


 101.4787, 25.2458,  
7.7379

 34.5725, 20.8341,  
3.4098


114.7466, 25.6810,  
8.5547

 25.9064, 19.7045,  
2.7910

128.5472, 26.0488,  
9.3968

 18.1171, 18.4291,  
2.2024

142.8605, 26.3540,  
10.2636

 11.3173, 17.0153,  
1.6419

157.6689, 26.6006,

 3.5536, 34.5804,

11.1542

2.4875

172.9563, 26.7921,  
12.0683

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.1080, 23.4792,  
5.4450

■ 65.1080, 23.4792,  
5.4450

■ 59.1344, 32.8760,  
6.5177

■ 71.6229, 14.1983,  
4.8293

■ 53.8018, 42.1797,  
8.1052

■ 78.5884, 5.1401,  
4.5979

■ 49.2304, 50.9971,  
10.2372

■ 85.9366, -3.6686,  
4.6873

■ 45.5408, 58.7388,  
12.8706

■ 93.6125, -12.2347,  
5.0424

■ 42.8288, 64.6945,

■ 97.3384, -14.7225,

15.8524

2.0950

■ 41.1237, 68.2788,  
18.9132

■ 40.3117, 69.6371,  
21.3811

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.1095, 20.7916, -7.5343



65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450



65.1095, 18.4869, 15.7079

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.1095, 23.4765, 5.4462



65.1095, -17.1396, 20.2872



65.1095, -13.8830, -21.9345

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450



80.8848, -26.8958, 5.1508

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.1095, -22.8683, -11.5413



65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450



65.1095, -24.6420, 12.9637

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.1095, 23.4765, 5.4462



65.1095, -5.4957, 23.1339



65.1095, -26.6543, 1.5828



65.1095, -1.4346, -25.0289



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450



65.1095, 11.6941, 20.1644



65.1095, -26.6543, 1.5828



65.1095, -17.3759, -19.0903

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.1095, 23.4765, 5.4462



92.2676, 3.8229, 5.2920



65.1059, 27.2990, -24.2752



42.1235, 2.4640, 2.4498

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.1095, 23.4765, 5.4462



70.7204, 33.7111, 6.9687



69.6559, 11.4619, 16.7247



37.0831, 1.6989, 2.1343



30.6250, 52.9511, 15.8753



8.1468, 14.2503, 2.9494



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.1095, 23.4765, 5.4462



70.7204, 33.7111, 6.9687



75.3057, -15.0189, -9.9445



37.0831, 1.6989, 2.1343



30.6250, 52.9511, 15.8753



8.1468, 14.2503, 2.9494



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

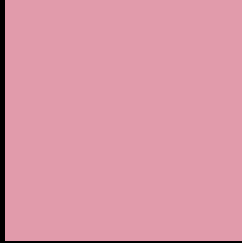
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

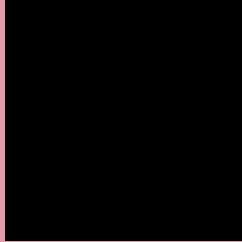
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.1080, 23.4792,

5.4450.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450

### Protanopia

65.4825, -1.5123, 0.2528

### Deuteranopia

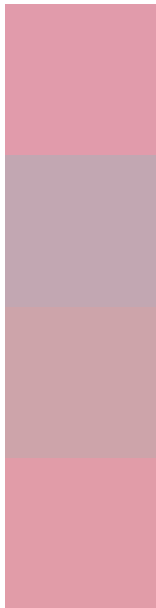
65.3528, 4.7119, 6.2987



## Tritanopia

65.2491, 22.3645, 7.3774

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450

## Protanomaly

65.0547, 7.1654, 1.8247

## Deuteranomaly

65.1401, 11.2560, 5.7213

## Tritanomaly

65.2776, 22.5090, 6.9700

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450

## Achromatopsia

66.7234, -3.5602, 3.6252

## Achromatomaly

65.9141, 5.4797, 4.2303

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 155, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 155, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 155, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 155, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 155, 171) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 155, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 155, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 155, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 155, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 155,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.1080, 23.4792, 5.4450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 155, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
155, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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