

Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.1628, -16.1396,
23.2227)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(65.1628, -16.1396,
23.2227) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(65.2379,
-16.3149, 23.1800)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | A6B57A |
| RGB | 166, 181, 122 |
| RGB Percent | 65%, 71%, 48% |
| CMY | 0.3490, 0.2902, 0.5216 |
| CMYK | 0.08, 0.00, 0.33, 0.29 |
| HSL | 75°, 29%, 59% |
| HSV | 75°, 33%, 71% |
| XYZ | 35.7626, 42.5598, 24.7424 |
| YIQ | 169.7890, 9.9990, -21.5290 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

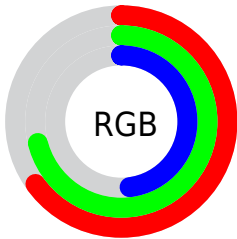
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 122, 181, 137 |
| Decimal | 10925434 |
| CIELab | 71.26, -15.14, 28.39 |
| CIELCh | 71, 32.177, 118.059 |
| Yxy | 42.5617, 0.3470, 0.4129 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289115514 (0xFFA6B57A) |
| YUV | 169.7890, -23.5600, -3.3230 |
| Hunter-Lab | 65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800 |

Details

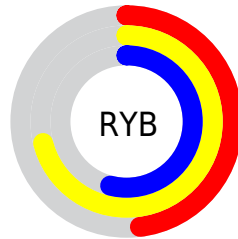
The HunterLab color $65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $47.5129, 13.0968, -25.0484$, and the grayscale version is $63.4070, -3.3832, 3.4450$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.9905, -19.0435, 27.4807$, and $44.0646, -13.5189, 18.6665$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.5488, -19.5008, 27.4276$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65.9996, -12.7956, 18.1204$.

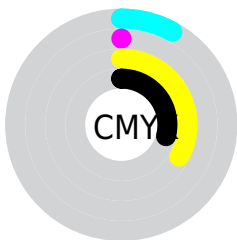
Distribution



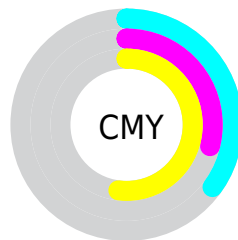
- Red (65%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65.2379, -16.3149,
23.1800

■ 65.2379, -16.3149,
23.1800

188.8932,
-28.7598, 41.2111

■ 54.3520, -14.9138,
20.9543

■ 88.9095, -19.0842,
27.4271

■ 44.1483, -13.4879,
18.6316

■ 101.6292,
-20.4593, 29.4755

■ 34.6777, -12.0264,
16.1815

■ 114.9034,
-21.8334, 31.4875

■ 26.0019, -10.5101,
13.5595

128.7100,
-23.2089, 33.4702

■ 18.2019, -8.9067,
10.8615

143.0292,
-24.5880, 35.4297

■ 11.3898, -7.1603,
7.9729

157.8432,

■ 3.7296, -6.5268,

-25.9720, 37.3705

2.6107

173.1360,
-27.3623, 39.2966

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.2379, -16.3149,
23.1800

■ 65.2379, -16.3149,
23.1800

■ 64.5488, -19.5008,
27.4276

■ 65.9996, -12.7956,
18.1204

■ 63.9262, -22.3476,
30.8732

■ 66.8303, -8.9422,
12.2447

■ 63.3697, -24.8609,
33.5408

■ 67.7322, -4.7641,
5.5603

■ 62.8761, -27.0505,
35.4673

■ 68.7052, -0.2720,
-1.9190

■ 62.4416, -28.9327,

■ 69.7489, 4.5215,

36.7057

-10.1730

■ 62.0610, -30.5329,
37.3303

■ 70.8629, 9.6021,
-19.1763

■ 61.8048, -31.5871,
37.5309

■ 72.0461, 14.9543,
-28.8998

■ 72.7607, 17.7912,
-31.9460

■ 73.2096, 19.2146,
-31.1719

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.2393, -2.5197, 25.1975



65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800



65.2393, -25.8836, 16.2911

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.2393, -16.3167, 23.1807



65.2393, -17.8435, -23.7950



65.2393, 27.4039, 2.6294

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800



47.5129, 13.0968, -25.0484

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.2393, 22.4149, -12.4242



65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800



65.2393, -4.4437, -29.6416

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.2393, -16.3167, 23.1807



65.2393, -26.7084, -10.4822



65.2393, 10.4232, -25.0804



65.2393, 23.5246, 15.0267

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800



65.2393, -29.0163, 8.8985



65.2393, 10.4232, -25.0804



65.2393, 26.7000, -2.2911

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.2393, -16.3167, 23.1807



89.7195, -10.6474, 14.3114



53.8985, 9.9343, 13.1311



41.6354, -5.3003, 7.2056



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.2393, -16.3167, 23.1807



86.6443, -24.8885, 35.1429



63.0493, -24.5146, 21.1064



31.2981, -3.5462, 4.7270



51.3479, -26.0943, 31.1835



9.2490, -4.0796, 5.6278

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.5129, 13.0968, -25.0484



58.1370, 22.8547, -43.6235



50.3888, 21.9183, -20.0082



28.8637, 0.4332, -1.7341



16.5210, 42.2134, -97.2354



3.3795, 7.9287, -14.4147

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

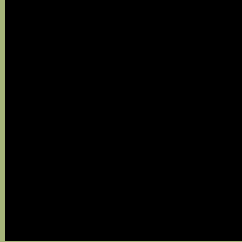
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.2379,

-16.3149, 23.1800.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800

Protanopia

65.0349, -6.2063, 24.0545

Deuteranopia

65.1026, 4.6613, 22.5278



Tritanopia

65.2602, -0.4417, -2.5074

Trichromacy



Original Color

65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800

Protanomaly

65.1948, -10.2277, 23.8338

Deuteranomaly

64.9359, -3.3292, 22.5441

Tritanomaly

65.1657, -6.8029, 8.5096

Monochromacy



Original Color

65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800

Achromatopsia

63.4017, -3.3830, 3.4447

Achromatomaly

64.0367, -8.2368, 11.4118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 181, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 181, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 181, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 181, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 181, 122) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 181, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 181, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 181, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 181, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 181,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.2379, -16.3149, 23.1800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 181, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
181, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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