

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.2962, 17.2399,  
-14.8272)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(65.2962, 17.2399,  
-14.8272) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(65.2962, 17.2399,  
-14.8272)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C7A2D2
RGB	199, 162, 210
RGB Percent	78%, 64%, 82%
CMY	0.2196, 0.3647, 0.1765
CMYK	0.05, 0.23, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	286°, 35%, 73%
HSV	286°, 23%, 82%
XYZ	48.1064, 42.6359, 66.6668
YIQ	178.5350, 6.6440, 22.7720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

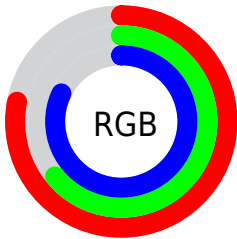
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	199, 162, 210
Decimal	13083346
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.31, 22.14, -19.30
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	71, 29.371, 318.923
Yxy	42.6378, 0.3056, 0.2709
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291273426 (0xFFC7A2D2)
YUV	178.5350, 15.5122, 17.9478
Hunter-Lab	65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272

# Details

The HunterLab color  $65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $75.8862, -22.7099, 19.6547$ , and the grayscale version is  $66.8832, -3.5687, 3.6339$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $88.3774, 15.2059, -8.7458$ , and  $44.2020, 16.2109, -14.0746$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $59.3284, 26.9179, -23.9048$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $71.6472, 7.7026, -6.1736$ .

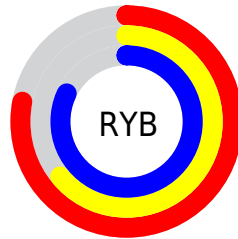
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (64%)

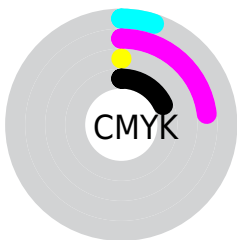
Blue (82%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (82%)

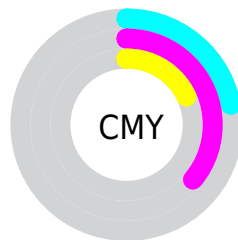


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



65.2962, 17.2399,  
-14.8272

65.2962, 17.2399,  
-14.8272

188.9762, 18.5860,  
-14.3071

54.4068, 16.7428,  
-14.6100

88.9741, 17.9791,  
-15.0710

44.1995, 16.1507,  
-14.3278

101.6967, 18.2398,  
-15.1074

34.7249, 15.4490,  
-13.9776

114.9738, 18.4355,  
-15.0909

26.0448, 14.6213,  
-13.5630

128.7831, 18.5710,  
-15.0243

18.2399, 13.6480,  
-13.1030

143.1049, 18.6504,  
-14.9103

11.4224, 12.5111,  
-12.6698

157.9214, 18.6774,

3.8059, 25.1458,

-14.7514

-22.4961

173.2167, 18.6550,  
-14.5497

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.2962, 17.2399,  
-14.8272

■ 65.2962, 17.2399,  
-14.8272

■ 59.3284, 26.9179,  
-23.9048

■ 71.6472, 7.7026,  
-6.1736

■ 53.8091, 36.6337,  
-33.3858

■ 78.3212, -1.6485,  
2.0748

■ 48.8240, 46.1655,  
-43.1505

■ 85.2749, -10.8107,  
9.9631

■ 44.4702, 55.1269,  
-52.9254

■ 92.4727, -19.7975,  
17.5408

■ 40.8494, 62.9335,

■ 95.8496, -22.7679,

-62.2257

20.9470

■ 38.0464, 68.8608,  
-70.3690

■ 96.2534, -21.2923,  
21.3798

■ 36.0942, 72.2704,  
-76.6513

■ 96.6668, -19.7883,  
21.8215

■ 35.1020, 73.3690,  
-80.0747

■ 97.0898, -18.2563,  
22.2720

■ 97.5224, -16.6969,  
22.7310

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.2976, 5.1388, -24.3594



65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272



65.2976, 23.9668, -1.3662

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.2976, 17.2383, -14.8258



65.2976, 1.5709, 23.4283



65.2976, -26.2571, -4.9645

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272



75.8862, -22.7099, 19.6547

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.2976, -27.0427, 8.1194



65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272



65.2976, -11.6883, 22.8522

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.2976, 17.2383, -14.8258



65.2976, 14.4445, 19.5529



65.2976, -21.9128, 17.7774



65.2976, -19.6718, -17.9157



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272



65.2976, 24.1631, 7.2669



65.2976, -21.9128, 17.7774



65.2976, -27.1870, -0.3899

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.2976, 17.2383, -14.8258



94.0041, 2.8363, -1.6962



65.0387, 0.1260, -15.5052



43.2553, 1.6408, -1.0742

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.2976, 17.2383, -14.8258



77.9682, 26.8171, -23.4303



66.0186, 18.5778, -6.5430



34.4482, 2.0765, -1.5309



27.5007, 57.4165, -62.2339



6.7605, 13.9250, -13.8284



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.2390, 14.5455, 4.5228



77.9114, 22.8442, 5.9204



75.4075, -23.8640, 14.2387



34.4267, 1.5479, 1.9774



29.1572, 50.4253, 15.0218

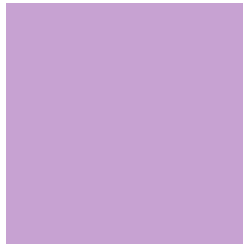


6.9843, 12.2542, 2.2389



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

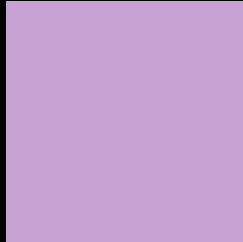
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

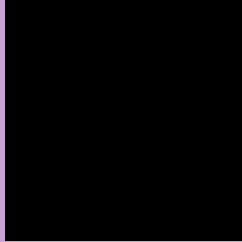
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272.

-14.8272.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272

### Protanopia

65.4535, 2.4728, -19.7082

### Deuteranopia

65.4170, 4.5637, -13.6958



## Tritanopia

65.2187, 7.8326, 1.0699

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272

## Protanomaly

65.2911, 7.6322, -18.0151

## Deuteranomaly

65.4210, 9.0546, -14.1979

## Tritanomaly

65.1211, 11.0956, -4.5550

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272

## Achromatopsia

67.1406, -3.5825, 3.6479

## Achromatomaly

66.3656, 3.5159, -2.5657

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 162, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 162, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 162, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 162, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 162, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 162, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 162, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 162, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 162, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 162,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.2962, 17.2399, -14.8272 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 162, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
162, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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