

Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.3555, -1.1400,
7.7285)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(65.3555, -1.1400, 7.7285)
contains.

HunterLab(65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(65.4451, -1.0833,
7.6246)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8ADA6
RGB	184, 173, 166
RGB Percent	72%, 68%, 65%
CMY	0.2784, 0.3216, 0.3490
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.10, 0.28
HSL	23°, 11%, 69%
HSV	23°, 10%, 72%
XYZ	41.5936, 42.8306, 42.1513
YIQ	175.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

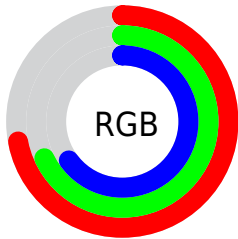
Format	Color
RYB	184, 177, 166
Decimal	12103078
CIELab	71.44, 2.71, 5.00
CIELCh	71, 5.683, 61.545
Yxy	42.8325, 0.3286, 0.3384
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290293158 (0xFFB8ADA6)
YUV	175.4910, -4.6791, 7.4624
Hunter-Lab	65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246

Details

The HunterLab color $65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $65.5829, -5.6291, -0.6832$, and the grayscale version is $65.6961, -3.5054, 3.5694$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89.0127, -1.9035, 9.2512$, and $44.4015, -0.3766, 6.0958$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61.7036, 1.8312, 11.2912$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69.3188, -3.7496, 3.6727$.

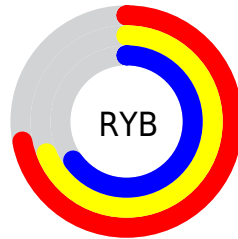
Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (68%)

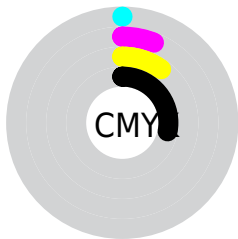
Blue (65%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (65%)

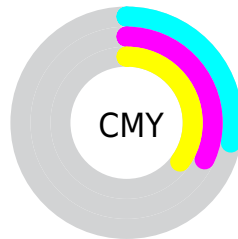


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65.4451, -1.0833,
7.6246

■ 65.4451, -1.0833,
7.6246

189.1884, -6.6834,
16.1851

■ 54.5470, -0.6428,
6.7764

■ 89.1392, -2.0926,
9.3842

■ 44.3303, -0.2463,
5.9461

■ 101.8693, -2.6525,
10.2943

■ 34.8456, 0.0999,
5.1327

115.1536, -3.2470,
11.2252

■ 26.1544, 0.3893,
4.3328

128.9698, -3.8742,
12.1766

■ 18.3373, 0.6131,
3.5398

143.2983, -4.5327,
13.1485

■ 11.5058, 0.7571,
2.7398

158.1213, -5.2212,

■ 3.9943, 2.7408,

14.1408

2.7960

173.4228, -5.9385,
15.1530

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.4451, -1.0833,
7.6246

■ 65.4451, -1.0833,
7.6246

■ 61.7036, 1.8312,
11.2912

■ 69.3188, -3.7496,
3.6727

■ 58.1038, 5.0212,
14.6268

■ 73.3085, -6.1850,
-0.5313

■ 54.6631, 8.5044,
17.5824

■ 77.4050, -8.4132,
-4.9560

■ 51.3995, 12.2940,
20.1015

■ 81.5993, -10.4549,
-9.5761

■ 48.3329, 16.3925,

■ 85.7701, -12.9613,

22.1221

-12.7750

■ 45.4855, 20.7847,
23.5814

■ 89.4406, -18.5951,
-7.9280

■ 42.8803, 25.4290,
24.4249

■ 93.1867, -24.1431,
-3.1956

■ 40.5401, 30.2470,
24.6221

■ 94.3029, -25.7603,
-1.8236

■ 38.4770, 35.0801,
24.3057

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.4465, 0.8403, 6.0132



65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246



65.4465, -3.6309, 8.1611

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.4465, -1.0851, 7.6256



65.4465, -8.4413, 3.4335



65.4465, -0.8470, -0.6419

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246



65.5829, -5.6291, -0.6832

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.4465, -3.3601, -1.3962



65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246



65.4465, -7.7214, 1.0131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.4465, -1.0851, 7.6256



65.4465, -7.8533, 5.7984



65.4465, -5.8717, -0.7792



65.4465, 0.9793, 1.2447

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246



65.4465, -5.3299, 7.8527



65.4465, -5.8717, -0.7792



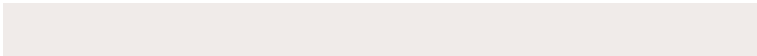
65.4465, -1.6408, -1.0395

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.4465, -1.0851, 7.6256



91.6081, -3.9115, 6.7235



63.7508, 4.2136, 0.6232



42.3387, -1.6839, 3.3222



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.4465, -1.0851, 7.6256



86.8810, -0.5436, 11.4981



68.0874, -5.4842, 10.4435



30.9353, -0.5701, 3.5147



32.1087, 28.6808, 20.2873



6.9638, 3.1656, 4.3465

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.5829, -5.6291, -0.6832



87.1091, -8.1542, -2.4184



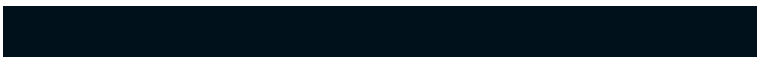
62.9369, -1.2324, -3.9603



30.9967, -2.6156, -0.2255



32.5188, -1.7008, -36.9742



6.9944, -1.7062, -5.0592

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

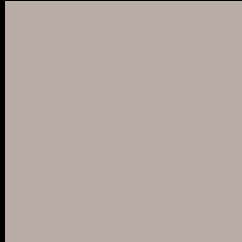
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

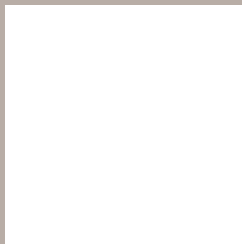
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246.

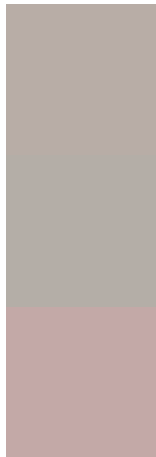


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.4451, -1.0833,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246

Protanopia

65.3953, -2.7115, 7.1027

Deuteranopia

65.3973, 4.7472, 7.2356



Tritanopia

65.3064, 3.9992, -0.8582

Trichromacy



Original Color

65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246

Protanomaly

65.4873, -2.3927, 7.2116

Deuteranomaly

65.2808, 2.8858, 7.0721

Tritanomaly

65.2797, 1.9891, 2.4815

Monochromacy



Original Color

65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246

Achromatopsia

65.4745, -3.4936, 3.5574

Achromatomaly

65.3572, -2.5551, 4.8215

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 173, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 173, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 173, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 173, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 173, 166) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 173, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 173, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 173, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 173, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 173,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.4451, -1.0833, 7.6246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 173, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
173, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor