

Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.3984, -9.2929,
5.1596)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(65.3984, -9.2929, 5.1596)
contains.

HunterLab(65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(65.2438, -9.1860,
5.0299)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3B2AB
RGB	163, 178, 171
RGB Percent	64%, 70%, 67%
CMY	0.3608, 0.3019, 0.3294
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.04, 0.30
HSL	152°, 9%, 67%
HSV	152°, 8%, 70%
XYZ	38.3753, 42.5675, 44.7218
YIQ	172.7170, -6.6930, -5.3570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

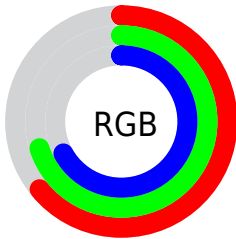
Format	Color
RYB	163, 173, 178
Decimal	10728107
CIELab	71.26, -6.57, 1.78
CIELCh	71, 6.811, 164.827
Yxy	42.5693, 0.3054, 0.3387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288918187 (0xFFA3B2AB)
YUV	172.7170, -0.8465, -8.5218
Hunter-Lab	65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299

Details

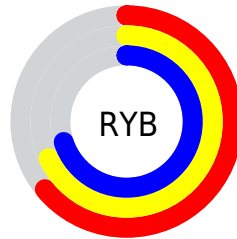
The HunterLab color **65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **62.0988, 2.6098, 1.9989**, and the grayscale version is **64.5332, -3.4433, 3.5062**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.0180, -11.2784, 6.7321**, and **44.0212, -7.2166, 3.4930** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.6504, -15.4306, 6.8086**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.0145, -2.4772, 3.3731**.

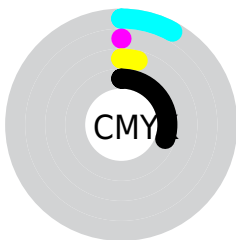
Distribution



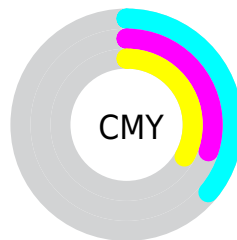
- Red (64%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65.2438, -9.1860,
5.0299

■ 65.2438, -9.1860,
5.0299

188.9015,
-18.2898, 12.4037

■ 54.3575, -8.2570,
4.3487

■ 88.9160, -11.0922,
6.4838

■ 44.1535, -7.3387,
3.6977

■ 101.6359,
-12.0688, 7.2525

■ 34.6824, -6.4295,
3.0788

114.9105,
-13.0622, 8.0482

■ 26.0062, -5.5236,
2.4934

128.7173,
-14.0729, 8.8699

■ 18.2057, -4.6116,
1.9424

143.0368,
-15.1010, 9.7171

■ 11.3931, -3.6742,
1.4256

157.8510,

■ 3.7373, -6.5403,

-16.1465, 10.5888

2.1804

173.1441,
-17.2094, 11.4846

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.2438, -9.1860,
5.0299

■ 65.2438, -9.1860,
5.0299

■ 63.6504, -15.4306,
6.8086

■ 67.0145, -2.4772,
3.3731

■ 62.2343, -21.1487,
8.6926

■ 68.9525, 4.6406,
1.8449

■ 60.9995, -26.2886,
10.6653

■ 71.0527, 12.1080,
0.4520

■ 59.9463, -30.8056,
12.7050

■ 73.3076, 19.8703,
-0.8032

■ 59.0723, -34.6681,

■ 75.7095, 27.8777,

14.7868

-1.9209

■ 58.3721, -37.8616,
16.8830

■ 76.3642, 30.4366,
-5.4433

■ 57.8366, -40.3927,
18.9639

■ 76.6606, 31.9237,
-9.6260

■ 57.4524, -42.2936,
20.9988

■ 76.9703, 33.4719,
-13.9792

■ 57.1919, -43.6633,
22.9482

■ 77.2933, 35.0807,
-18.5014

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.2452, -7.6699, 7.4794



65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299



65.2452, -9.1964, 2.0707

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.2452, -9.1874, 5.0309



65.2452, -1.9389, -2.2235



65.2452, 0.8348, 7.4566

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299



62.0988, 2.6098, 1.9989

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.2452, 2.4303, 4.9984



65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299



65.2452, 0.8085, -0.6370

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.2452, -9.1874, 5.0309



65.2452, -5.0511, -2.2138



65.2452, 2.4206, 2.0366



65.2452, -1.9036, 8.8344

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299



65.2452, -8.3477, 0.1996



65.2452, 2.4206, 2.0366



65.2452, 1.5248, 6.7345

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.2452, -9.1874, 5.0309



89.1118, -7.5867, 5.5534



65.6209, -8.3027, 8.9820



41.8542, -3.9123, 2.6983



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



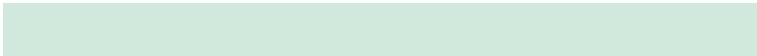
42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.2452, -9.1874, 5.0309



87.4678, -13.8861, 7.1811



65.3790, -7.9006, 1.9493



30.9246, -4.6394, 2.4633



48.3584, -37.0164, 19.4640



8.6456, -6.1490, 2.4677

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.0988, 2.6098, 1.9989



82.3646, 5.2527, 2.2653



61.9625, 1.3629, 5.0485



29.2730, 1.5540, 0.8720



26.8934, 47.7672, 4.1115



4.8928, 8.9166, -1.0061

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

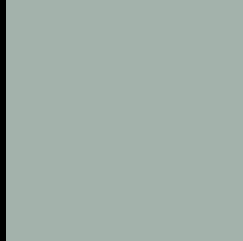
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

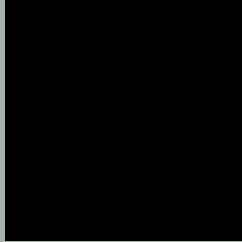
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

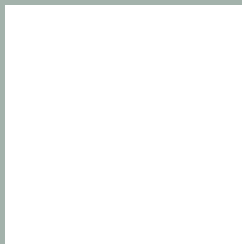
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299.

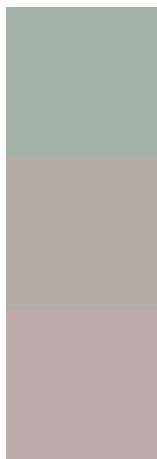


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.2438, -9.1860,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299

Protanopia

65.0369, -2.3789, 6.2615

Deuteranopia

65.1686, 4.3276, 4.2635



Tritanopia

65.1468, -3.7475, -3.7383

Trichromacy



Original Color

65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299

Protanomaly

65.1220, -5.0770, 5.8644

Deuteranomaly

65.0441, -0.6115, 4.4922

Tritanomaly

65.1363, -5.7812, -0.2483

Monochromacy



Original Color

65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299

Achromatopsia

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

Achromatomaly

64.8641, -5.8065, 4.1916

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 178, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 178, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 178, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 178, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 178, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 178, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 178, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 178, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 178, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 178,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.2438, -9.1860, 5.0299 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 178, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
178, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor