

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.5782, -6.6722,  
7.2385)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(65.5782, -6.6722,  
7.2385)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACB1A7
RGB	172, 177, 167
RGB Percent	67%, 69%, 65%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3059, 0.3451
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.06, 0.31
HSL	90°, 6%, 67%
HSV	90°, 6%, 69%
XYZ	39.7105, 43.0050, 42.7671
YIQ	174.3650, 0.2300, -4.1700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

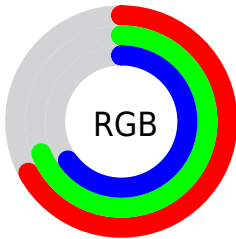
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	167, 177, 172
Decimal	11317671
CIELab	71.56, -3.62, 4.49
CIELCh	72, 5.771, 128.850
Yxy	43.0069, 0.3165, 0.3427
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289507751 (0xFFACB1A7)
YUV	174.3650, -3.6309, -2.0741
Hunter-Lab	65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385

# Details

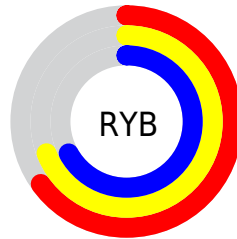
The HunterLab color  $65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $62.9155, -0.1078, -0.4338$ , and the grayscale version is  $65.2264, -3.4803, 3.5439$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $89.3771, -8.6158, 9.0793$ , and  $44.3240, -4.8852, 5.5305$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $64.3644, -11.9499, 13.1435$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $66.8897, -1.0531, 0.6607$ .

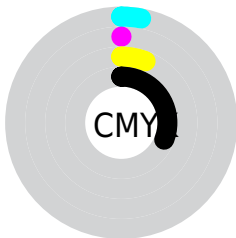
# Distribution



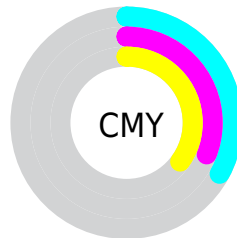
- Red (67%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 65.5782, -6.6722,  
7.2385

■ 65.5782, -6.6722,  
7.2385

189.3779,  
-14.6527, 15.6143

■ 54.6722, -5.9009,  
6.4165

■ 89.2867, -8.2898,  
8.9503

■ 44.4471, -5.1515,  
5.6143

■ 102.0235, -9.1326,  
9.8384

■ 34.9534, -4.4251,  
4.8317

115.3142, -9.9981,  
10.7482

■ 26.2525, -3.7204,  
4.0658

129.1366,  
-10.8859, 11.6795

■ 18.4245, -3.0345,  
3.3115

143.4711,  
-11.7957, 12.6320

■ 11.5804, -2.3606,  
2.5574

158.2998,

■ 4.1552, -4.0183,

-12.7270, 13.6056

2.9087

173.6069,  
-13.6794, 14.5998

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.5782, -6.6722,  
7.2385

■ 65.5782, -6.6722,  
7.2385

■ 64.3644, -11.9499,  
13.1435

■ 66.8897, -1.0531,  
0.6607

■ 63.2455, -16.8565,  
18.3461

■ 68.2927, 4.8857,  
-6.5611

■ 62.2242, -21.3709,  
22.8276

■ 69.7860, 11.1157,  
-14.3906

■ 61.3007, -25.4741,  
26.5772

■ 71.3671, 17.6101,  
-22.7902

■ 60.4747, -29.1518,

■ 73.0108, 24.2297,

29.5950

-31.4152

■ 59.7447, -32.3959,  
31.8941

■ 73.9547, 27.1329,  
-29.8021

■ 59.1083, -35.2061,  
33.5039

■ 74.9360, 30.1166,  
-28.1520

■ 58.5617, -37.5920,  
34.4732

■ 75.9540, 33.1761,  
-26.4680

■ 58.0988, -39.5778,  
34.8818

■ 77.0077, 36.3067,  
-24.7532

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.5796, -4.2861, 8.1882



65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385



65.5796, -8.1953, 5.2975

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.5796, -6.6738, 7.2395



65.5796, -5.3341, -1.1220



65.5796, 1.6172, 4.3123

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385



62.9155, -0.1078, -0.4338

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.5796, 1.3258, 1.7936



65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385



65.5796, -2.7156, -1.4113

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.5796, -6.6738, 7.2395



65.5796, -7.4305, 0.4504



65.5796, -0.2702, -0.3253



65.5796, 0.5198, 6.5429



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385



65.5796, -8.5281, 3.6670



65.5796, -0.2702, -0.3253



65.5796, 1.6787, 3.4722

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.5796, -6.6738, 7.2395



88.3805, -6.2618, 6.6058



64.5320, -2.6737, 6.1274



41.1525, -2.8765, 3.0304



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.5796, -6.6738, 7.2395



87.5141, -9.9975, 10.9058



65.1550, -8.1764, 6.7361



31.2418, -3.6595, 3.9961



49.3340, -34.1982, 29.8007



8.9469, -5.2693, 5.4208



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.9155, -0.1078, -0.4338



83.0294, 1.0571, -2.0151



63.3720, 1.4507, 0.1571



29.5635, 0.4777, -0.8398



19.6420, 45.3463, -78.0724



3.9506, 8.5973, -11.6459



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

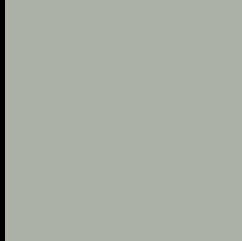
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

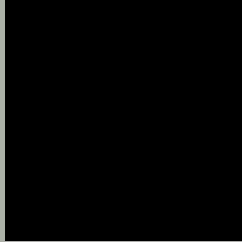
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

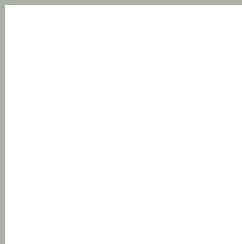
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385

### Protanopia

65.4592, -2.5464, 7.6147

### Deuteranopia

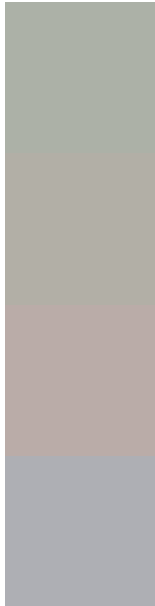
65.3528, 4.7119, 6.2987



## Tritanopia

65.5873, -0.7650, -2.6077

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385

## Protanomaly

65.4814, -3.9918, 7.6141

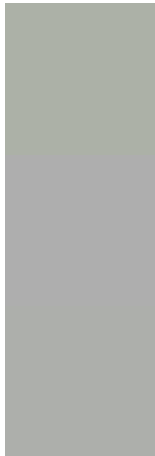
## Deuteranomaly

65.3998, 0.3752, 6.7207

## Tritanomaly

65.5392, -2.9630, 1.2703

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385

## Achromatopsia

65.0590, -3.4714, 3.5348

## Achromatomaly

65.1801, -4.7574, 5.0340

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 177, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 177, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 177, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 177, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 177, 167) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 177, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 177, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 177, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 177, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 177,  
167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.5782, -6.6722, 7.2385 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 177, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
177, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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