

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.6768, -7.6685,  
4.4228)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(65.6768, -7.6685, 4.4228)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(65.6303, -7.6950,  
4.5906)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7B2AD
RGB	167, 178, 173
RGB Percent	65%, 70%, 68%
CMY	0.3451, 0.3019, 0.3216
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.03, 0.30
HSL	153°, 7%, 68%
HSV	153°, 6%, 70%
XYZ	39.3995, 43.0734, 45.7725
YIQ	174.1410, -4.9510, -3.8870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

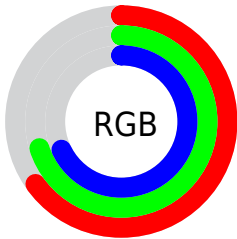
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	167, 174, 178
Decimal	10990253
CIELab	71.61, -4.80, 1.22
CIELCh	72, 4.951, 165.725
Yxy	43.0752, 0.3072, 0.3359
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289180333 (0xFFA7B2AD)
YUV	174.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627
Hunter-Lab	65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906

# Details

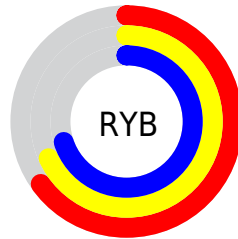
The HunterLab color  $65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $63.3104, 0.9322, 2.4747$ , and the grayscale version is  $65.1225, -3.4748, 3.5382$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $89.4297, -9.6963, 6.2745$ , and  $44.3763, -5.8381, 3.0738$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $64.0032, -14.0157, 6.2580$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $67.4330, -0.9248, 3.0538$ .

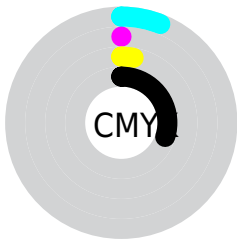
# Distribution



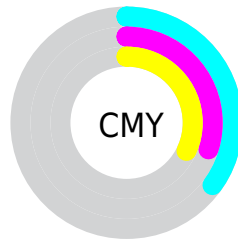
- Red (65%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 65.6303, -7.6950,  
4.5906

■ 65.6303, -7.6950,  
4.5906

189.4521,  
-16.1248, 11.7694

■ 54.7212, -6.8608,  
3.9368

■ 89.3445, -9.4278,  
5.9944

■ 44.4929, -6.0442,  
3.3150

■ 102.0839,  
-10.3240, 6.7399

■ 34.9957, -5.2451,  
2.7278

115.3771,  
-11.2407, 7.5133

■ 26.2909, -4.4606,  
2.1772

129.2019,  
-12.1777, 8.3138

■ 18.4586, -3.6854,  
1.6653

143.5387,  
-13.1348, 9.1404

■ 11.6096, -2.9080,  
1.1940

158.3697,

■ 4.2165, -5.1838,

-14.1119, 9.9923

1.4297

173.6790,  
-15.1086, 10.8689

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.6303, -7.6950,  
4.5906

■ 65.6303, -7.6950,  
4.5906

■ 64.0032, -14.0157,  
6.2580

■ 67.4330, -0.9248,  
3.0538

■ 62.5521, -19.8245,  
8.0413

■ 69.4013, 6.2405,  
1.6525

■ 61.2814, -25.0689,  
9.9257

■ 71.5298, 13.7423,  
0.3919

■ 60.1916, -29.7026,  
11.8911

■ 73.8110, 21.5273,  
-0.7271

■ 59.2812, -33.6912,

■ 76.1120, 29.1667,

13.9141

-1.8707

■ 58.5454, -37.0166,  
15.9681

■ 76.3891, 30.5613,  
-5.7943

■ 57.9760, -39.6806,  
18.0242

■ 76.6787, 32.0143,  
-9.8809

■ 57.5605, -41.7094,  
20.0520

■ 76.9810, 33.5252,  
-14.1293

■ 57.2795, -43.1666,  
22.0181

■ 77.2959, 35.0936,  
-18.5379

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.6317, -6.6121, 6.4151



65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906



65.6317, -7.6685, 2.4333

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.6317, -7.6964, 4.5916



65.6317, -2.3142, -0.5659



65.6317, -0.4197, 6.4862

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906



63.3104, 0.9322, 2.4747

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.6317, 0.7640, 4.6917



65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906



65.6317, -0.3399, 0.5968

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.6317, -7.6964, 4.5916



65.6317, -4.5820, -0.5950



65.6317, 0.7934, 2.5368



65.6317, -2.4220, 7.4834



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906



65.6317, -7.0235, 1.0929



65.6317, 0.7934, 2.5368



65.6317, 0.0883, 5.9590

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.6317, -7.6964, 4.5916



89.3581, -6.6522, 5.3027



65.8927, -7.1183, 7.5818



42.0722, -3.0852, 2.4854



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.6317, -7.6964, 4.5916



88.1639, -11.1910, 6.3868



65.6710, -6.6864, 2.3203



31.0760, -4.0522, 2.2791



48.3877, -36.8352, 19.0362



8.6503, -6.1197, 2.3985



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.3104, 0.9322, 2.4747



84.5665, 2.1822, 3.1068



63.2676, -0.0584, 4.7230



29.7472, 0.8873, 1.0677



26.8497, 47.6075, 4.7406



4.8852, 8.8892, -0.8995



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

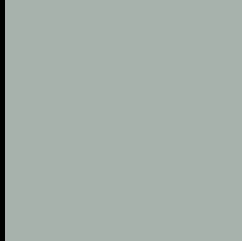
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

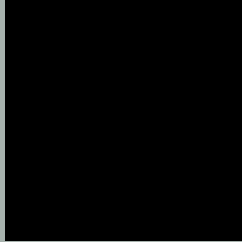
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

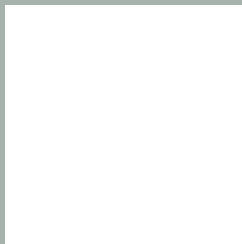
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.6303, -7.6950,

4.5906.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906

### Protanopia

65.4187, -2.4006, 5.3501

### Deuteranopia

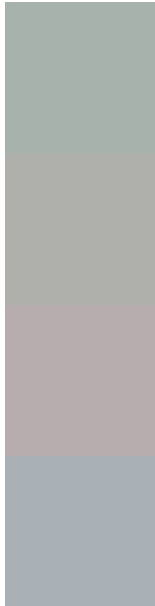
65.6133, 4.4722, 3.8601



## Tritanopia

65.7806, -3.0777, -2.9139

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906

## Protanomaly

65.3854, -3.9820, 4.8292

## Deuteranomaly

65.5823, -0.1499, 4.2066

## Tritanomaly

65.8014, -4.9307, 0.0936

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906

## Achromatopsia

65.0590, -3.4714, 3.5348

## Achromatomaly

65.0952, -4.8768, 3.5528

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 178, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 178, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 178, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 178, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 178, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 178, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 178, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 178, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 178, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 178,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.6303, -7.6950, 4.5906 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 178, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
178, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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