

Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.7189, -5.3006,
5.4946)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(65.7189, -5.3006, 5.4946)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(65.8659, -5.4315,
5.8097)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEB1AB
RGB	174, 177, 171
RGB Percent	68%, 69%, 67%
CMY	0.3176, 0.3059, 0.3294
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.03, 0.31
HSL	90°, 4%, 68%
HSV	90°, 3%, 69%
XYZ	40.5283, 43.3832, 44.7657
YIQ	175.4190, 0.1380, -2.5020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

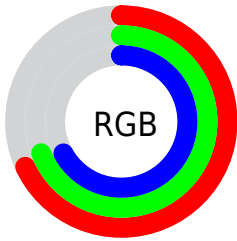
Format	Color
RYB	171, 177, 174
Decimal	11448747
CIELab	71.82, -2.17, 2.69
CIELCh	72, 3.458, 128.966
Yxy	43.3850, 0.3150, 0.3372
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289638827 (0xFFAEB1AB)
YUV	175.4190, -2.1786, -1.2445
Hunter-Lab	65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097

Details

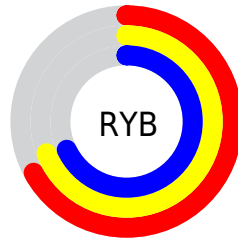
The HunterLab color $65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64.2650, -1.4838, 1.1969$, and the grayscale version is $65.6586, -3.5034, 3.5674$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89.6810, -7.3054, 7.5645$, and $44.5924, -3.7284, 4.2071$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.6303, -10.7900, 11.8695$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.1988, 0.2626, -0.9160$.

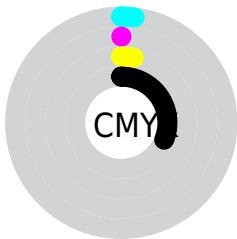
Distribution



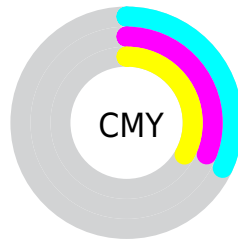
- Red (68%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65.8659, -5.4315,
5.8097

■ 65.8659, -5.4315,
5.8097

189.7875,
-12.8697, 13.5260

■ 54.9430, -4.7359,
5.0807

■ 89.6056, -6.9101,
7.3515

■ 44.6999, -4.0675,
4.3785

102.3568, -7.6884,
8.1609

■ 35.1868, -3.4286,
3.7043

115.6614, -8.4921,
8.9956

■ 26.4647, -2.8198,
3.0582

129.4972, -9.3206,
9.8548

■ 18.6131, -2.2413,
2.4393

143.8444,
-10.1732, 10.7380

■ 11.7421, -1.6916,
1.8440

158.6856,

■ 4.4832, -2.3531,

-11.0493, 11.6447

2.7300

174.0048,
-11.9483, 12.5742

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.8659, -5.4315,
5.8097

■ 65.8659, -5.4315,
5.8097

■ 64.6303, -10.7900,
11.8695

■ 67.1988, 0.2626,
-0.9160

■ 63.4894, -15.7828,
17.2325

■ 68.6226, 6.2702,
-8.2780

■ 62.4458, -20.3882,
21.8781

■ 70.1363, 12.5630,
-16.2393

■ 61.5001, -24.5863,
25.7935

■ 71.7370, 19.1143,
-24.7620

■ 60.6521, -28.3615,

■ 73.2218, 24.8819,

28.9759

-31.0523

■ 59.9005, -31.7043,
31.4355

■ 74.1746, 27.8045,
-29.4301

■ 59.2432, -34.6124,
33.1975

■ 75.1645, 30.8066,
-27.7715

■ 58.6766, -37.0929,
34.3061

■ 76.1909, 33.8835,
-26.0798

■ 58.1957, -39.1649,
34.8297

■ 77.2531, 37.0305,
-24.3581

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.8673, -3.9947, 6.3989



65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097



65.8673, -6.3525, 4.6225

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.8673, -5.4331, 5.8107



65.8673, -4.6138, 0.8075



65.8673, -0.4653, 4.0378

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097



64.2650, -1.4838, 1.1969

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.8673, -0.6349, 2.5310



65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097



65.8673, -3.0401, 0.6420

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.8673, -5.4331, 5.8107



65.8673, -5.8826, 1.7267



65.8673, -1.5809, 1.2795



65.8673, -1.1197, 5.3914

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097



65.8673, -6.5525, 3.6379



65.8673, -1.5809, 1.2795



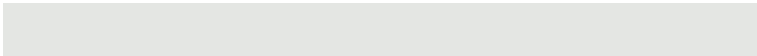
65.8673, -0.4277, 3.5327

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.8673, -5.4331, 5.8107



88.5577, -5.5007, 5.7181



65.2388, -3.0282, 5.1315



41.2306, -2.5413, 2.6393



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.8673, -5.4331, 5.8107



88.0299, -7.7706, 8.3536



65.6082, -6.3439, 5.4981



31.4102, -2.9322, 3.1642



49.3332, -34.2016, 29.8001



8.9468, -5.2698, 5.4207

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.2650, -1.4838, 1.1969



85.4595, -1.4349, 0.9513



64.5355, -0.5530, 1.5407



30.3583, -0.3394, 0.1348



19.6440, 45.3485, -78.0617



3.9510, 8.5977, -11.6446

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

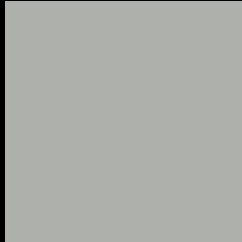
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

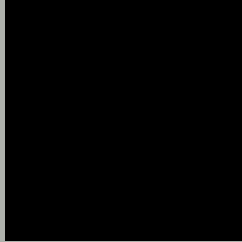
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097

Protanopia

65.7765, -2.7385, 6.2034

Deuteranopia

65.7247, 4.6684, 5.3724



Tritanopia

65.7648, -0.1558, -2.3716

Trichromacy



Original Color

65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097

Protanomaly

65.8923, -3.8615, 6.3153

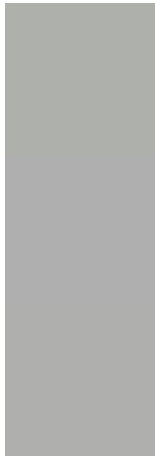
Deuteranomaly

65.9018, 0.8249, 5.5089

Tritanomaly

65.7780, -2.0111, 0.6061

Monochromacy



Original Color

65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097

Achromatopsia

65.4745, -3.4936, 3.5574

Achromatomaly

65.7424, -4.1505, 4.3233

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 177, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 177, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 177, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 177, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 177, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 177, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 177, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 177, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 177, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 177,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.8659, -5.4315, 5.8097 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 177, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
177, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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