

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.7848, 13.3604,  
6.6757)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(65.7848, 13.3604,  
6.6757) contains.

<b>HunterLab(65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(65.8043, 13.4059,  
6.5176)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3A4AA
RGB	211, 164, 170
RGB Percent	83%, 64%, 67%
CMY	0.1725, 0.3568, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.19, 0.17
HSL	352°, 35%, 74%
HSV	352°, 22%, 83%
XYZ	47.3951, 43.3021, 43.8903
YIQ	178.7370, 26.0860, 11.8300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

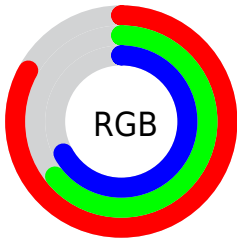
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	211, 164, 170
Decimal	13870250
CIE Lab	71.76, 18.22, 3.57
CIE LCh	72, 18.563, 11.089
Yxy	43.3040, 0.3521, 0.3217
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292060330 (0xFFD3A4AA)
YUV	178.7370, -4.3073, 28.2947
Hunter-Lab	65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176

# Details

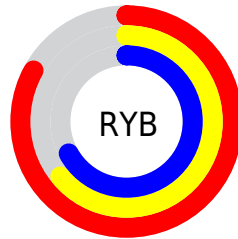
The HunterLab color  $65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $76.7397, -18.8639, 2.3300$ , and the grayscale version is  $67.0418, -3.5772, 3.6425$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $87.9541, 8.7667, 6.3313$ , and  $44.6814, 12.7905, 5.0131$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $59.7654, 21.7664, 7.9118$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $72.2768, 5.2882, 5.4111$ .

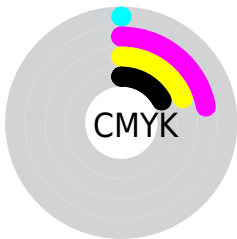
# Distribution



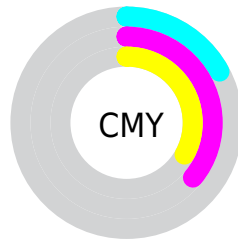
- Red (83%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 65.8043, 13.4059,  
6.5176


 65.8043, 13.4059,  
6.5176


189.6999, 13.3731,  
14.5560

 54.8851, 13.0911,  
5.7435


 89.5374, 13.8006,  
8.1424

 44.6459, 12.6904,  
4.9926

 102.2856, 13.8990,  
8.9902

 35.1369, 12.1892,  
4.2658


115.5872, 13.9380,  
9.8615

 26.4193, 11.5715,  
3.5617

129.4201, 13.9219,  
10.7560

 18.5727, 10.8162,  
2.8773

143.7646, 13.8543,  
11.6731

 11.7074, 9.8972,  
2.2056

158.6032, 13.7386,

 4.4152, 17.7426,

12.6124

3.0906

173.9198, 13.5773,  
13.5735

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.8043, 13.4059,  
6.5176

■ 65.8043, 13.4059,  
6.5176

■ 59.7654, 21.7664,  
7.9118

■ 72.2768, 5.2882,  
5.4111

■ 54.2391, 30.2911,  
9.6220

■ 79.1116, -2.5594,  
4.5503

■ 49.3273, 38.7785,  
11.6592

■ 86.2571, -10.1521,  
3.8990

■ 45.1441, 46.8627,  
13.9867

■ 93.6711, -17.5173,  
3.4240

■ 41.8040, 53.9866,

■ 96.2232, -18.7350,

16.4922

0.6696

■ 39.3941, 59.4826,  
18.9746

■ 37.9338, 62.8152,  
21.1746

■ 37.3199, 64.1225,  
22.4792

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.8058, 12.7671, -1.6895



65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176



65.8058, 9.3367, 13.0516

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.8058, 13.4036, 6.5187



65.8058, -13.9724, 14.3100



65.8058, -8.7574, -12.9923

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176



76.7397, -18.8639, 2.3300

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.8058, -15.4499, -7.5447



65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176



65.8058, -18.3530, 8.4505

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.8058, 13.4036, 6.5187



65.8058, -6.6462, 17.1522



65.8058, -18.8797, 0.5033



65.8058, -0.3236, -13.6825



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176



65.8058, 4.6212, 15.8513



65.8058, -18.8797, 0.5033



65.8058, -11.2737, -11.6270

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.8058, 13.4036, 6.5187



93.9002, 1.4584, 6.1149



66.4811, 18.2773, -13.6769



43.2036, 0.9493, 2.8592

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.8058, 13.4036, 6.5187



77.7034, 21.7754, 8.8963



70.4795, 3.6416, 13.9449



34.3983, 1.3950, 2.3830



29.0064, 49.8671, 17.2490



6.9190, 12.0138, 3.1928



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.8058, 13.4036, 6.5187



77.7034, 21.7754, 8.8963



71.4682, -9.4067, -7.2532



34.3983, 1.3950, 2.3830



29.0064, 49.8671, 17.2490

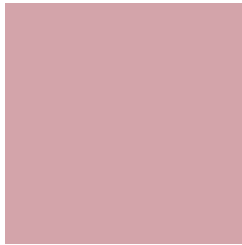


6.9190, 12.0138, 3.1928



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

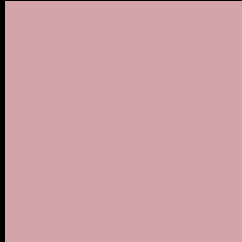
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

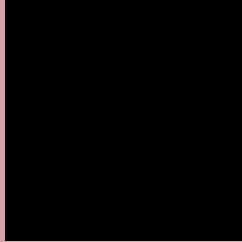
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.8043, 13.4059,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176

### Protanopia

65.8622, -2.0891, 3.5717

### Deuteranopia

65.8406, 4.8835, 6.8545



## Tritanopia

65.8225, 15.2095, 3.8279

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176

## Protanomaly

65.7709, 3.4705, 4.4900

## Deuteranomaly

65.7931, 7.6315, 6.8490

## Tritanomaly

65.7628, 14.8991, 4.6806

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176

## Achromatopsia

67.1406, -3.5825, 3.6479

## Achromatomaly

66.6956, 2.2683, 4.6237

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 164, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 164, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 164, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 164, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 164, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 164, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 164, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 164, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 164, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 164,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.8043, 13.4059, 6.5176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 164, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
164, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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