

Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.7856, -6.9794,
8.1293)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(65.7856, -6.9794, 8.1293)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(65.9103, -7.1615,
8.4664)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADB2A5
RGB	173, 178, 165
RGB Percent	68%, 70%, 65%
CMY	0.3216, 0.3019, 0.3529
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.07, 0.30
HSL	83°, 8%, 67%
HSV	83°, 7%, 70%
XYZ	39.9455, 43.4417, 41.8771
YIQ	175.0230, 1.1930, -5.1030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

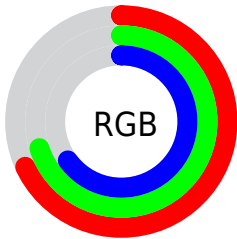
Format	Color
RYB	165, 178, 170
Decimal	11383461
CIELab	71.85, -4.16, 6.03
CIELCh	72, 7.322, 124.598
Yxy	43.4436, 0.3189, 0.3468
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289573541 (0xFFADB2A5)
YUV	175.0230, -4.9413, -1.7742
Hunter-Lab	65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664

Details

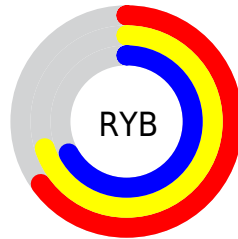
The HunterLab color $65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $62.1868, 0.4498, -1.8326$, and the grayscale version is $65.5048, -3.4952, 3.5590$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89.7257, -9.1360, 10.3863$, and $44.6368, -5.3360, 6.6602$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.8682, -11.8120, 14.4590$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.0362, -2.1885, 1.7416$.

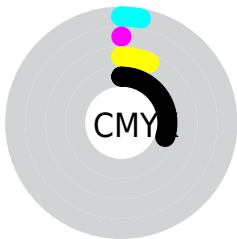
Distribution



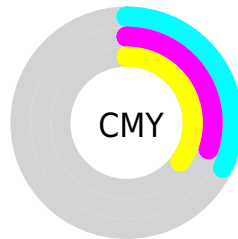
- Red (68%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65.9103, -7.1615,
8.4664

■ 65.9103, -7.1615,
8.4664

189.8507,
-15.3519, 17.4195

■ 54.9848, -6.3610,
7.5627

■ 89.6548, -8.8329,
10.3272

■ 44.7389, -5.5805,
6.6729

■ 102.4083, -9.7006,
11.2842

■ 35.2228, -4.8205,
5.7949

115.7150,
-10.5900, 12.2598

■ 26.4974, -4.0790,
4.9237

129.5528,
-11.5008, 13.2541

■ 18.6422, -3.3522,
4.0503

143.9021,
-12.4327, 14.2674

■ 11.7670, -2.6313,
3.1565

158.7452,

■ 4.5317, -4.2396,

-13.3854, 15.2994

3.1722

174.0662,
-14.3586, 16.3501

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.9103, -7.1615,
8.4664

■ 65.9103, -7.1615,
8.4664

■ 64.8682, -11.8120,
14.4590

■ 67.0362, -2.1885,
1.7416

■ 63.9062, -16.1188,
19.6981

■ 68.2407, 3.0933,
-5.6939

■ 63.0259, -20.0698,
24.1739

■ 69.5237, 8.6626,
-13.8103

■ 62.2268, -23.6548,
27.8847

■ 70.8836, 14.4990,
-22.5750

■ 61.5078, -26.8681,

■ 72.3186, 20.5818,

30.8396

-31.9533

■ 60.8669, -29.7096,
33.0606

■ 73.0572, 22.9782,
-31.3597

■ 60.3013, -32.1859,
34.5850

■ 73.7743, 25.1992,
-30.1326

■ 59.8069, -34.3122,
35.4692

■ 74.5140, 27.4700,
-28.8822

■ 59.3764, -36.1245,
35.8175

■ 75.2760, 29.7884,
-27.6102

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.9117, -4.0396, 9.4465



65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664



65.9117, -9.2778, 6.1801

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.9117, -7.1631, 8.4674



65.9117, -6.2798, -2.2328



65.9117, 3.0703, 4.0804

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664



62.1868, 0.4498, -1.8326

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.9117, 2.4416, 0.8857



65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664



65.9117, -2.9997, -2.8636

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.9117, -7.1631, 8.4674



65.9117, -8.7751, -0.0128



65.9117, 0.2031, -1.6960



65.9117, 1.9042, 6.9960

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664



65.9117, -9.8543, 4.1660



65.9117, 0.2031, -1.6960



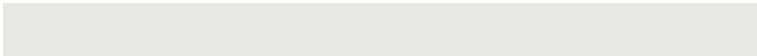
65.9117, 3.0621, 3.0042

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.9117, -7.1631, 8.4674



89.5415, -6.1686, 6.7503



63.9737, -1.6713, 6.3992



42.1540, -2.8695, 3.1313



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.9117, -7.1631, 8.4674



88.4886, -10.8383, 12.9710



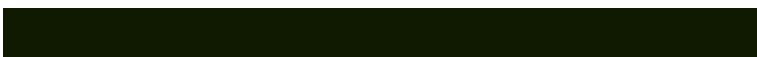
65.3623, -9.1129, 7.8256



31.2092, -3.8614, 4.6254



50.1685, -30.7948, 30.3745



9.0789, -4.7441, 5.5113

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.1868, 0.4498, -1.8326



82.2139, 1.9893, -4.3890



62.7793, 2.4653, -1.0532



28.9555, 0.7460, -1.6100



17.9607, 43.5631, -87.6551



3.6835, 8.2726, -12.8482

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

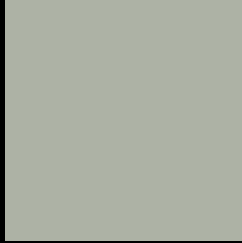
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

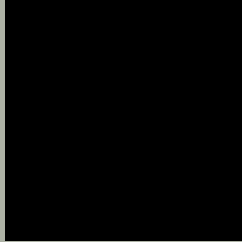
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

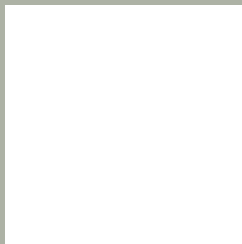
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664.

8.4664.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664

Protanopia

65.7916, -3.0235, 8.8364

Deuteranopia

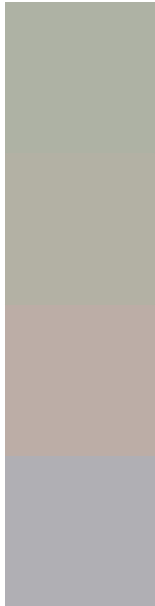
65.7839, 4.5803, 7.6657



Tritanopia

66.0590, -0.6586, -2.0081

Trichromacy



Original Color

65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664

Protanomaly

65.8139, -4.4719, 8.8355

Deuteranomaly

65.8268, 0.2264, 8.0722

Tritanomaly

66.0122, -2.8489, 1.8436

Monochromacy



Original Color

65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664

Achromatopsia

65.4745, -3.4936, 3.5574

Achromatomaly

65.5665, -4.9415, 5.4753

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 178, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 178, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 178, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 178, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 178, 165) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 178, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 178, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 178, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 178, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 178,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.9103, -7.1615, 8.4664 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 178, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
178, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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