

Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.9624, -11.7388,
-1.5029)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(65.9624, -11.7388,
-1.5029) contains.

HunterLab(66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(66.0154,
-11.8228, -1.2503)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97B6BA
RGB	151, 182, 186
RGB Percent	59%, 71%, 73%
CMY	0.4078, 0.2863, 0.2706
CMYK	0.19, 0.02, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	187°, 20%, 66%
HSV	187°, 19%, 73%
XYZ	38.3533, 43.5803, 52.8447
YIQ	173.1870, -19.7600, -5.3280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

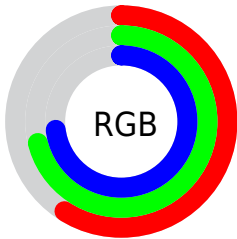
Format	Color
RYB	151, 167, 186
Decimal	9942714
CIELab	71.95, -9.60, -5.54
CIELCh	72, 11.086, 209.975
Yxy	43.5821, 0.2846, 0.3234
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288132794 (0xFF97B6BA)
YUV	173.1870, 6.3168, -19.4580
Hunter-Lab	66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503

Details

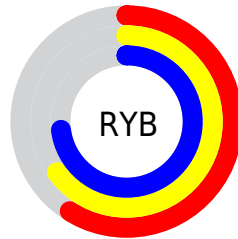
The HunterLab color $66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $60.0967, 6.3838, 8.2571$, and the grayscale version is $64.7033, -3.4524, 3.5155$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89.8230, -13.9992, -0.3459$, and $44.7734, -9.6641, -1.9649$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64.0913, -15.4097, -3.7518$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.1037, -7.7318, 1.3869$.

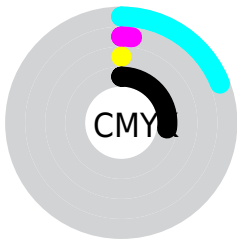
Distribution



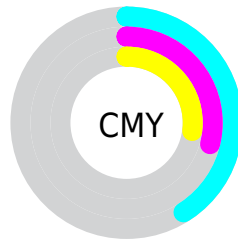
- Red (59%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.0154, -11.8228,
-1.2503

■ 66.0154, -11.8228,
-1.2503

190.0001,
-22.1044, 3.5787

■ 55.0837, -10.7284,
-1.5819

■ 89.7711, -14.0314,
-0.4429

■ 44.8313, -9.6334,
-1.8617

■ 102.5299,
-15.1482, 0.0241

■ 35.3081, -8.5327,
-2.0829

115.8417,
-16.2759, 0.5301

■ 26.5750, -7.4166,
-2.2379

129.6843,
-17.4153, 1.0730

■ 18.7112, -6.2686,
-2.3162

144.0383,
-18.5675, 1.6508

■ 11.8262, -5.0575,
-2.3031

158.8859,

■ 4.6442, -8.1274,

-19.7327, 2.2620

-4.6907

174.2113,
-20.9116, 2.9050

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.0154, -11.8228,
-1.2503

■ 66.0154, -11.8228,
-1.2503

■ 64.0913, -15.4097,
-3.7518

■ 68.1037, -7.7318,
1.3869

■ 62.3319, -18.4493,
-6.1023

■ 70.3467, -3.1773,
4.1382

■ 60.7411, -20.9092,
-8.2828

■ 72.7392, 1.7949,
6.9873

■ 59.3195, -22.7663,
-10.2780

■ 75.2742, 7.1407,
9.9181

■ 58.0646, -24.0116,

■ 77.9445, 12.8183,

-12.0766

12.9165

■ 56.9703, -24.6549,
-13.6733

■ 79.8270, 15.8497,
14.9630

■ 56.0255, -24.7300,
-15.0721

■ 80.4244, 14.7113,
15.5674

■ 55.2021, -24.3422,
-16.3060

■ 81.0257, 13.5747,
16.1722

■ 55.1071, -24.2873,
-16.4496

■ 81.6309, 12.4400,
16.7773

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.0168, -13.0674, 3.5975



66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503



66.0168, -8.3711, -5.0224

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.0168, -11.8239, -1.2493



66.0168, 5.1986, -1.2568



66.0168, -3.5218, 12.2739

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503



60.0967, 6.3838, 8.2571

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.0168, 1.4629, 11.1849



66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503



66.0168, 6.5900, 3.5894

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.0168, -11.8239, -1.2493



66.0168, 1.4553, -5.0270



66.0168, 5.2030, 8.0950



66.0168, -8.3639, 11.1884

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503



66.0168, -5.2278, -6.2895



66.0168, 5.2030, 8.0950



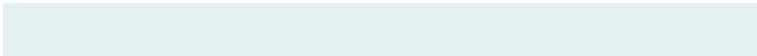
66.0168, -1.8069, 12.1512

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.0168, -11.8239, -1.2493



92.4885, -8.8023, 2.8594



66.3684, -18.7926, 13.0594



43.3112, -4.3143, 1.2292



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.0168, -11.8239, -1.2493



87.6682, -18.2098, -3.2434



60.8569, -3.6020, -7.8223



31.6713, -3.7045, 0.5818



45.2770, -20.0192, -13.3767



8.7908, -4.1236, -2.0861

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.9589, 13.4415, -6.5826



77.6619, 23.8299, -12.2458



64.9456, -2.0981, 13.2531



30.2400, 2.1856, -0.6235



29.7520, 57.0976, -28.4205



5.6312, 10.8783, -5.9317

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

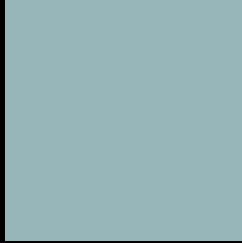
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

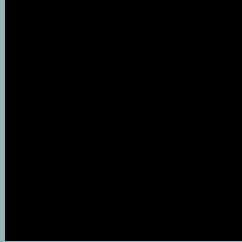
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503.

-11.8228, -1.2503.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503

Protanopia

65.8669, -1.7042, 0.7201

Deuteranopia

65.8190, 4.5060, -2.2212



Tritanopia

66.1515, -9.1503, -5.6725

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503

Protanomaly

66.0186, -5.7153, 0.3465

Deuteranomaly

65.7620, -1.7462, -1.8951

Tritanomaly

65.9764, -9.9785, -4.3354

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503

Achromatopsia

64.6440, -3.4492, 3.5122

Achromatomaly

65.0110, -6.4726, 1.5333

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 182, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 182, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 182, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 182, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 182, 186) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 182, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 182, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 182, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 182, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 182,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.0154, -11.8228, -1.2503 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 182, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
182, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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