

Converting Colors

HunterLab(65.9770, -6.2293,
-9.1142)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(65.9770, -6.2293,
-9.1142) contains.

HunterLab(65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(65.9736, -6.2195,
-9.1165)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CB3C9
RGB	156, 179, 201
RGB Percent	61%, 70%, 79%
CMY	0.3882, 0.2980, 0.2118
CMYK	0.22, 0.11, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	209°, 29%, 70%
HSV	209°, 22%, 79%
XYZ	40.3730, 43.5252, 61.5316
YIQ	174.6310, -20.7700, 1.9660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

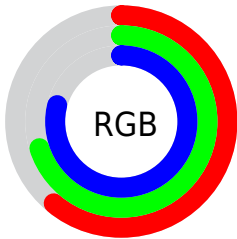
Format	Color
RYB	156, 171, 201
Decimal	10269641
CIELab	71.91, -3.07, -13.78
CIELCh	72, 14.119, 257.451
Yxy	43.5269, 0.2776, 0.2993
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288459721 (0xFF9CB3C9)
YUV	174.6310, 12.9999, -16.3394
Hunter-Lab	65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165

Details

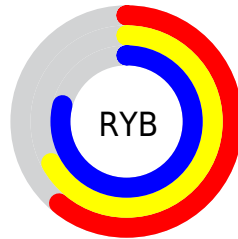
The HunterLab color $65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $68.3072, 0.6929, 14.8013$, and the grayscale version is $65.2762, -3.4830, 3.5466$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89.7137, -8.5259, -7.3924$, and $44.6893, -4.5675, -9.1649$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61.5511, -6.4995, -15.4154$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70.5557, -5.4990, -3.0560$.

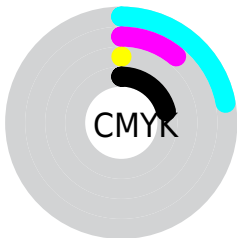
Distribution



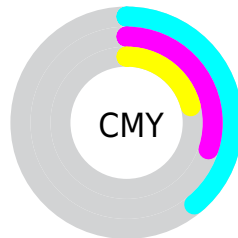
- Red (61%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65.9736, -6.2195,
-9.1165

■ 65.9736, -6.2195,
-9.1165

189.9406,
-13.9970, -6.9425

■ 55.0443, -5.4760,
-9.1017

■ 89.7248, -7.7845,
-8.9651

■ 44.7945, -4.7570,
-9.0222

■ 102.4815, -8.6032,
-8.8096

■ 35.2741, -4.0636,
-8.8710

115.7912, -9.4456,
-8.6054

■ 26.5441, -3.3951,
-8.6426

129.6320,
-10.3113, -8.3552

■ 18.6837, -2.7499,
-8.3342

143.9841,
-11.1998, -8.0617

■ 11.8027, -2.1235,
-7.9578

158.8299,

■ 4.5997, -3.1519,

-12.1105, -7.7271

-12.4105

174.1536,
-13.0431, -7.3534

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.9736, -6.2195,
-9.1165

■ 65.9736, -6.2195,
-9.1165

■ 61.5511, -6.4995,
-15.4154

■ 70.5557, -5.4990,
-3.0560

■ 57.3010, -6.2695,
-21.9782

■ 75.2784, -4.3931,
2.7868

■ 53.2443, -5.4561,
-28.8201

■ 80.1304, -2.9525,
8.4371

■ 49.4025, -3.9798,
-35.9467

■ 85.1006, -1.2194,
13.9180

■ 45.7990, -1.7630,

■ 90.0205, 0.2274,

-43.3463

19.0791

■ 42.4573, 1.2579,
-50.9832

■ 93.0602, -4.9079,
22.0510

■ 39.3970, 5.1098,
-58.7955

■ 96.1662, -9.9902,
25.0130

■ 37.2378, 8.4980,
-64.8887

■ 98.4871, -13.6882,
27.1813

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.9749, -11.7734, -5.7928



65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165



65.9749, 0.2705, -8.8024

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.9749, -6.2205, -9.1153



65.9749, 8.8418, 7.0618



65.9749, -12.4907, 11.1436

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165



68.3072, 0.6929, 14.8013

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.9749, -7.2342, 13.9667



65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165



65.9749, 5.1522, 11.7717

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.9749, -6.2205, -9.1153



65.9749, 9.1390, 0.9523



65.9749, -0.7831, 14.1849



65.9749, -15.2982, 6.1254

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165



65.9749, 4.2583, -6.5739



65.9749, -0.7831, 14.1849



65.9749, -10.9611, 12.3587

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.9749, -6.2205, -9.1153



95.5661, -6.4882, 0.0784



72.1431, -20.8263, 9.5816



44.0383, -3.0427, -0.1802

0.0000, NaN, NaN



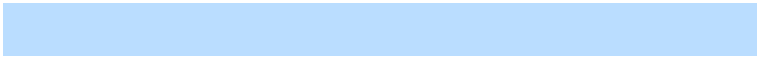
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.9749, -6.2205, -9.1153



83.4100, -8.3990, -15.9999



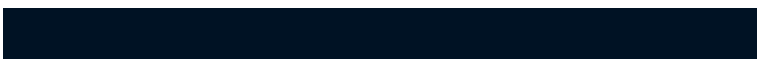
59.4268, 4.9429, -18.4268



33.4199, -2.4167, -0.5919



29.8373, 6.1397, -50.5479



7.5250, -0.4964, -8.3340

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.8094, 15.4515, -1.2867



78.5365, 26.0399, -2.9740



74.9953, -10.3277, 21.1644



32.7505, 1.8571, 0.7905



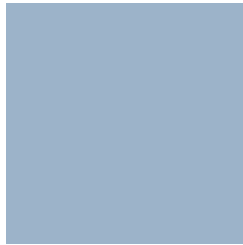
29.0495, 51.9204, 1.9319



6.4357, 11.7126, -1.2000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

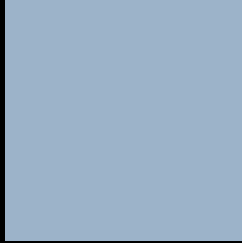
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

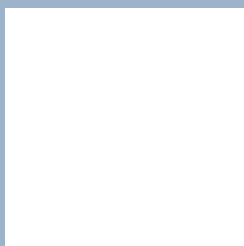
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165.

-9.1165.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165

Protanopia

65.9605, -0.3205, -7.3843

Deuteranopia

65.9698, 4.5663, -10.0488



Tritanopia

65.9592, -8.3260, -5.3804

Trichromacy



Original Color

65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165

Protanomaly

65.7884, -2.3673, -8.1985

Deuteranomaly

66.0168, 0.1559, -9.5016

Tritanomaly

66.0623, -7.7539, -6.8366

Monochromacy



Original Color

65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165

Achromatopsia

65.4745, -3.4936, 3.5574

Achromatomaly

65.4494, -4.5566, -0.8300

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 179, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 179, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 179, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 179, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 179, 201) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 179, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 179, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 179, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 179, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 179,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 65.9736, -6.2195, -9.1165 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 179, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
179, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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