

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.0316, -0.8809,
4.0525)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.0316, -0.8809, 4.0525)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.1061, -1.3071,
4.3358)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6AFAF
RGB	182, 175, 175
RGB Percent	71%, 69%, 69%
CMY	0.2863, 0.3137, 0.3137
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.04, 0.29
HSL	0°, 5%, 70%
HSV	0°, 4%, 71%
XYZ	42.3592, 43.7002, 46.7598
YIQ	177.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	182, 175, 175
Decimal	11972527
CIE _{Lab}	72.03, 2.49, 0.88
CIE _{LCh}	72, 2.641, 19.478
Yxy	43.7021, 0.3189, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290162607 (0xFFB6AFAF)
YUV	177.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034
Hunter-Lab	66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358

Details

The HunterLab color **66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **67.7839, -5.7804, 2.9561**, and the grayscale version is **66.3496, -3.5402, 3.6049**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.0234, -2.6458, 6.1205**, and **45.0146, -0.6123, 3.0455** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.3518, 4.9588, 6.0256**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.1326, -7.3194, 2.7533**.

Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (69%)

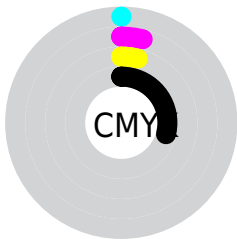
Blue (69%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (69%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.1061, -1.3071,
4.3358

■ 66.1061, -1.3071,
4.3358

190.1292, -7.0054,
11.4025

■ 55.1691, -0.8528,
3.6977

■ 89.8717, -2.3415,
5.7109

■ 44.9111, -0.4415,
3.0927

102.6350, -2.9131,
6.4430

■ 35.3818, -0.0795,
2.5237

115.9511, -3.5187,
7.2037

■ 26.6420, 0.2273,
1.9930

129.7980, -4.1567,
7.9919

■ 18.7708, 0.4706,
1.5034

144.1560, -4.8256,
8.8067

■ 11.8774, 0.6371,
1.0580

159.0076, -5.5241,

■ 4.7393, 2.0358,

9.6472

1.0281

174.3368, -6.2510,
10.5127

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.1061, -1.3071,
4.3358

■ 66.1061, -1.3071,
4.3358

■ 60.3518, 4.9588,
6.0256

■ 72.1326, -7.3194,
2.7533

■ 54.9120, 11.5024,
7.8292

■ 78.3900, -13.1033,
1.2623

■ 49.8472, 18.3135,
9.7488

■ 84.8504, -18.6927,
-0.1492

■ 45.2306, 25.3274,
11.7680

■ 91.4901, -24.1184,
-1.4931

■ 41.1498, 32.3805,

■ 94.1728, -26.2418,

13.8380

-1.9944

■ 37.7036, 39.1619,
15.8616

■ 34.9882, 45.1933,
17.6851

■ 33.0725, 49.9026,
19.1220

■ 31.9619, 52.8363,
20.0211

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.1075, -1.2129, 3.1904



66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358



66.1075, -2.0026, 5.2694

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.1075, -1.3088, 4.3369



66.1075, -5.3015, 5.0294



66.1075, -3.9579, 1.3707

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358



67.7839, -5.7804, 2.9561

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.1075, -5.0454, 1.8827



66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358



66.1075, -5.8174, 4.0039

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.1075, -1.3088, 4.3369



66.1075, -4.3099, 5.6642



66.1075, -5.7240, 2.8513



66.1075, -2.7483, 1.4638

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358



66.1075, -2.7080, 5.6507



66.1075, -5.7240, 2.8513



66.1075, -4.3498, 1.4781

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.1075, -1.3088, 4.3369



91.2723, -4.0854, 5.2226



66.3197, -0.1485, 1.2978



42.9149, -1.9402, 2.4491



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.1075, -1.3088, 4.3369



88.0308, -0.7365, 6.1131



67.1424, -3.0497, 5.5047



31.0553, -0.1074, 2.2077



26.5041, 45.3739, 17.1260



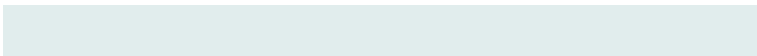
4.9786, 8.5115, 3.2168

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.7839, -5.7804, 2.9561



91.0109, -8.6869, 3.6581



66.7324, -4.0540, 1.7284



32.2192, -3.2127, 1.2489



50.9777, -27.0105, -5.4098



9.5726, -5.0728, -1.0141

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

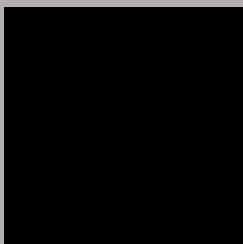
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

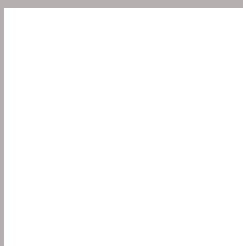
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.1061, -1.3071,

4.3358.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358

Protanopia

66.2187, -2.4361, 4.4472

Deuteranopia

66.1285, 4.7918, 4.0052



Tritanopia

66.0798, 2.3534, -1.4238

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358

Protanomaly

66.3096, -2.1217, 4.5585

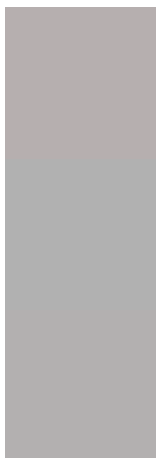
Deuteranomaly

66.0203, 2.9526, 3.8460

Tritanomaly

66.1500, 0.8404, 0.6222

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358

Achromatopsia

66.3066, -3.5380, 3.6026

Achromatomaly

66.1581, -2.5862, 3.9108

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 175, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 175, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 175, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 175, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 175, 175) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 175, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 175, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 175, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 175, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 175,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.1061, -1.3071, 4.3358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 175, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
175, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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