

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.0564, 1.4691,
4.7869)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869)
contains.

HunterLab(66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(66.0564, 1.4691,
4.7869)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCADAE
RGB	188, 173, 174
RGB Percent	74%, 68%, 68%
CMY	0.2627, 0.3216, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.07, 0.26
HSL	356°, 10%, 71%
HSV	356°, 8%, 74%
XYZ	43.3226, 43.6345, 46.1833
YIQ	177.5990, 8.6190, 3.4910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

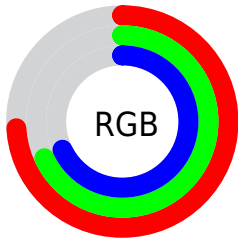
Format	Color
RYB	188, 173, 174
Decimal	12365230
CIELab	71.98, 5.55, 1.43
CIELCh	72, 5.734, 14.413
Yxy	43.6364, 0.3254, 0.3277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290555310 (0xFFBCADAE)
YUV	177.5990, -1.7743, 9.1217
Hunter-Lab	66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869

Details

The HunterLab color $66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $69.5986, -8.4680, 2.6857$, and the grayscale version is $66.5621, -3.5516, 3.6164$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89.6532, 0.7834, 6.2344$, and $44.9786, 2.0152, 3.4801$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60.2377, 8.2772, 6.1082$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72.1741, -5.0915, 3.6309$.

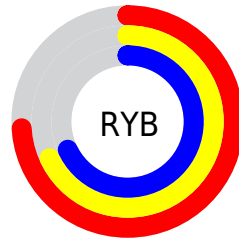
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (68%)

Blue (68%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (68%)

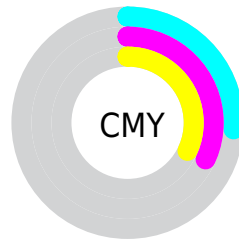


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.0564, 1.4691,
4.7869

■ 66.0564, 1.4691,
4.7869

190.0585, -3.0984,
12.0493

■ 55.1224, 1.7677,
4.1216

■ 89.8167, 0.7221,
6.2121

■ 44.8674, 2.0136,
3.4874

102.5775, 0.2847,
6.9675

■ 35.3414, 2.1984,
2.8869

115.8912, -0.1923,
7.7505

■ 26.6053, 2.3132,
2.3218

129.7358, -0.7063,
8.5601

■ 18.7382, 2.3449,
1.7937

144.0916, -1.2556,
9.3955

■ 11.8494, 2.2734,
1.3039

158.9410, -1.8383,

■ 4.6875, 4.9118,

10.2559

1.5172

174.2681, -2.4530,
11.1407

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.0564, 1.4691,
4.7869

■ 66.0564, 1.4691,
4.7869

■ 60.2377, 8.2772,
6.1082

■ 72.1741, -5.0915,
3.6309

■ 54.7664, 15.3419,
7.6133

■ 78.5445, -11.4220,
2.6142

■ 49.7102, 22.6243,
9.3180

■ 85.1359, -17.5533,
1.7170

■ 45.1504, 30.0114,
11.2192

■ 91.9219, -23.5156,
0.9209

■ 41.1824, 37.2664,

■ 94.5682, -24.7807,

13.2782

-1.4761

■ 37.9085, 43.9881,
15.4002

■ 35.4200, 49.6255,
17.4234

■ 33.7666, 53.6163,
19.1415

■ 32.8810, 55.7785,
20.3505

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.0578, 1.4396, 2.2832



66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869



66.0578, 0.1421, 6.8909

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.0578, 1.4673, 4.7880



66.0578, -7.0480, 6.9573



66.0578, -4.8885, -1.2335

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869



69.5986, -8.4680, 2.6857

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.0578, -7.1201, 0.1215



66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869



66.0578, -8.3534, 4.8818

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.0578, 1.4673, 4.7880



66.0578, -4.7887, 8.1096



66.0578, -8.3796, 2.3808



66.0578, -2.2582, -1.2610

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869



66.0578, -1.3186, 7.8099



66.0578, -8.3796, 2.3808



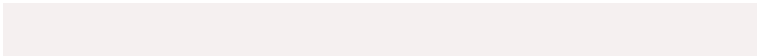
66.0578, -5.7092, -0.9158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.0578, 1.4673, 4.7880



93.7791, -3.3122, 5.4953



66.3963, 3.4819, -1.5113



43.5283, -1.5786, 2.5409



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



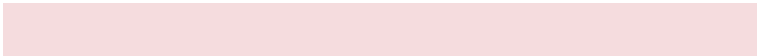
44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.0578, 1.4673, 4.7880



87.1792, 3.9507, 6.8146



67.9345, -1.9508, 7.3204



30.8972, 1.1323, 2.3490



27.0227, 46.3625, 16.8007



5.3814, 9.2986, 2.8354

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.0578, 1.4673, 4.7880



87.1792, 3.9507, 6.8146



67.6521, -5.0994, -0.0990



30.8972, 1.1323, 2.3490



27.0227, 46.3625, 16.8007



5.3814, 9.2986, 2.8354

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

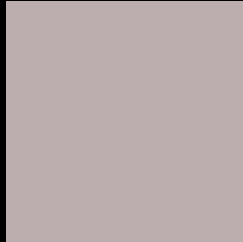
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

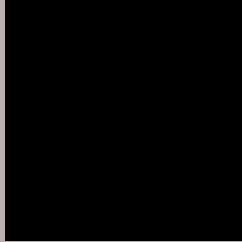
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.0564, 1.4691,

4.7869.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869

Protanopia

66.2187, -2.4361, 4.4472

Deuteranopia

66.0690, 4.4735, 4.8541



Tritanopia

66.0119, 4.9586, -0.4620

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869

Protanomaly

66.1985, -0.9891, 4.4490

Deuteranomaly

66.1570, 3.2955, 4.9355

Tritanomaly

66.0758, 3.4451, 1.5493

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869

Achromatopsia

66.7234, -3.5602, 3.6252

Achromatomaly

66.4606, -1.4811, 3.8196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 173, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 173, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 173, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 173, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 173, 174) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 173, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 173, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 173, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 173, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 173,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.0564, 1.4691, 4.7869 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 173, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
173, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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