

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.0750, -17.6238,
-44.5256)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.0750, -17.6238,
-44.5256) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.0418,
-17.6019, -44.5490)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BDFF
RGB	0, 189, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 74%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.2588, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.26, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	196°, 100%, 50%
HSV	196°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	36.2476, 43.6152, 101.1159
YIQ	140.0130, -133.8300, -19.5420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

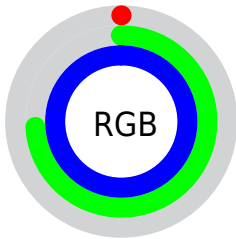
Format	Color
RYB	0, 109, 255
Decimal	48639
CIELab	71.97, -16.59, -43.45
CIELCh	72, 46.512, 249.101
Yxy	43.6166, 0.2003, 0.2410
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278238719 (0xFF00BDFF)
YUV	140.0130, 56.6886, -122.7914
Hunter-Lab	66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490

Details

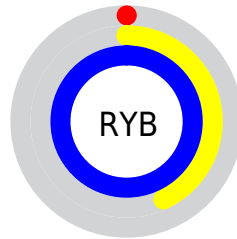
The HunterLab color **66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **50.1651, 65.9026, 32.0626**, and the grayscale version is **51.0447, -2.7236, 2.7734**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.1984, -34.8658, -11.2071**, and **46.5677, -8.6749, -39.4791** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.0360, -17.5935, -44.5600**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.3633, -20.1132, -40.2781**.

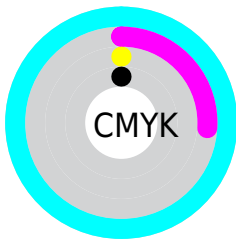
Distribution



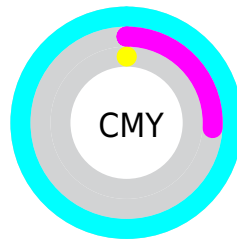
- Red (0%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

66.0418, -17.6019,
-44.5490

66.0418, -17.6019,
-44.5490

190.0372,
-30.6211, -49.5022

55.1083, -16.1181,
-43.8485

89.8000, -20.5170,
-45.9188

44.8542, -14.6061,
-43.1853

102.5601,
-21.9607, -46.5602

35.3293, -13.0516,
-42.6273

115.8731,
-23.4004, -47.1619

26.5942, -11.4335,
-42.3154

129.7170,
-24.8390, -47.7203

18.7283, -9.7170,
-42.5668

144.0721,
-26.2788, -48.2337

11.8409, -7.8372,
-44.2243

158.9209,

4.6718, -8.1756,

-27.7215, -48.7017

-67.9719

174.2474,
-29.1685, -49.1244

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 66.0418, -17.6019,
-44.5490

■ 66.0418, -17.6019,
-44.5490

■ 66.0360, -17.5935,
-44.5600

■ 68.3633, -20.1132,
-40.2781

■ 70.8967, -21.8791,
-35.8160

■ 73.6795, -22.7547,
-31.1283

■ 76.7195, -22.7122,
-26.2377

■ 80.0156, -21.7653,

-21.1783

■ 83.5610, -19.9551,
-15.9876

■ 87.3459, -17.3388,
-10.7007

■ 91.3583, -13.9822,
-5.3491

■ 95.5853, -9.9538,
0.0413

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.0429, -32.5756, -26.2351



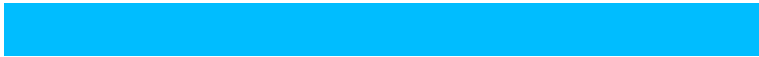
66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490



66.0429, 3.1218, -48.0445

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.0429, -17.6015, -44.5470



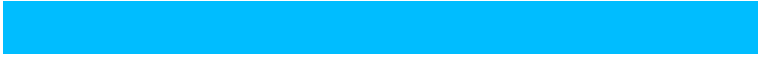
66.0429, 42.3154, 9.5029



66.0429, -27.5720, 27.3642

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490



50.1651, 65.9026, 32.0626

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.0429, -9.9235, 31.7805



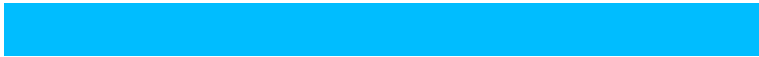
66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490



66.0429, 31.6124, 23.8564

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.0429, -17.6015, -44.5470



66.0429, 39.5743, -11.9830



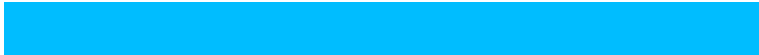
66.0429, 11.8338, 30.7423



66.0429, -37.8012, 16.1117

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490



66.0429, 17.7458, -40.6794



66.0429, 11.8338, 30.7423



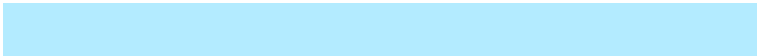
66.0429, -22.4080, 29.5036

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.0429, -17.6015, -44.5470



87.3341, -17.3479, -10.7169



84.7871, -71.1540, 47.6279



39.6534, -8.5794, -5.9938

0.0000, NaN, NaN



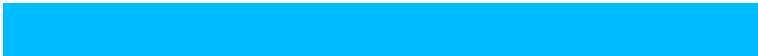
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.0429, -17.6015, -44.5470



66.0360, -17.5935, -44.5600



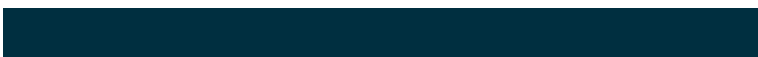
32.9631, 49.9327, -148.9829



44.3154, -4.5113, 0.1354



48.0003, -13.1017, -31.7134



15.5565, -4.9101, -8.8448

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.9359, 92.8657, -24.7680



49.9333, 92.8686, -24.7589



76.5763, 5.6887, 47.2839



42.6794, 3.0191, -0.2303



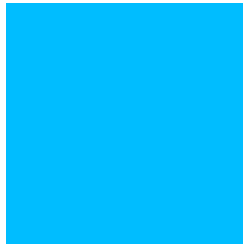
36.1302, 67.2574, -18.3847



11.3527, 21.2672, -6.8132

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

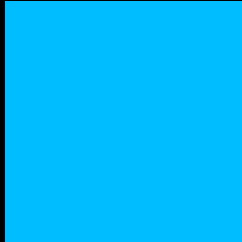
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

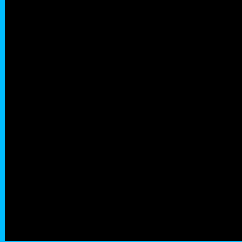
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

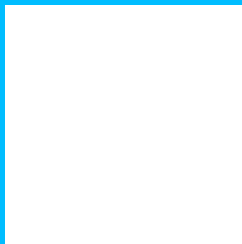
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490.

-17.6019, -44.5490.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490

Protanopia

65.7023, 5.3670, -35.2264

Deuteranopia

65.6923, 5.0592, -44.8195



Tritanopia

66.0558, -31.7634, -13.9960

Trichromacy



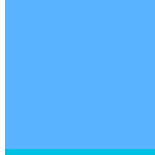
Original Color

66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490



Protanomaly

64.4611, -7.7311, -41.3514



Deuteranomaly

64.5243, -6.7250, -47.2912



Tritanomaly

66.0537, -26.9639, -24.3540

Monochromacy



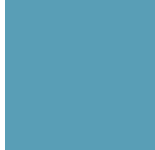
Original Color

66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490



Achromatopsia

51.2104, -2.7325, 2.7824



Achromatomaly

54.7311, -14.9288, -14.4786

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 189, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 189, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 189, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 189, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 189, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 189, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 189, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 189, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 189, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 189,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.0418, -17.6019, -44.5490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 189, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 189,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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