

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.2551, 8.4218,
0.5150)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.2551, 8.4218, 0.5150)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.2136, 8.4801,
0.3433)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6A9B8
RGB	198, 169, 184
RGB Percent	78%, 66%, 72%
CMY	0.2235, 0.3372, 0.2784
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.07, 0.22
HSL	329°, 20%, 72%
HSV	329°, 15%, 78%
XYZ	46.1284, 43.8424, 51.3786
YIQ	179.3810, 12.4690, 10.8130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

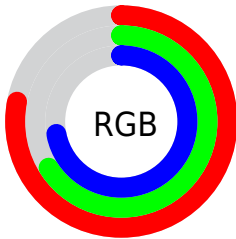
Format	Color
R _Y B	198, 169, 184
Decimal	13019576
CIE Lab	72.12, 13.09, -3.77
CIE LCh	72, 13.617, 343.936
Yxy	43.8443, 0.3263, 0.3102
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291209656 (0xFFC6A9B8)
YUV	179.3810, 2.2772, 16.3289
Hunter-Lab	66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433

Details

The HunterLab color $66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9999$. A complement of this color would be $72.2795, -15.0981, 7.5232$, and the grayscale version is $67.2880, -3.5903, 3.6559$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89.9236, 8.6285, 1.2071$, and $45.0450, 8.1906, -0.3633$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60.5300, 17.1967, -1.8460$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72.2444, -0.0894, 2.8400$.

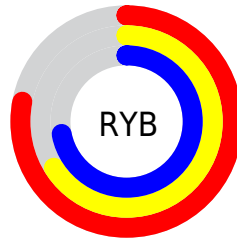
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (66%)

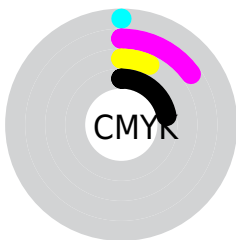
Blue (72%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (72%)

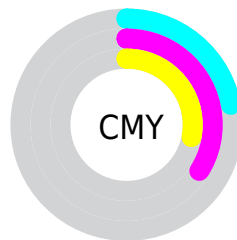


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

66.2136, 8.4801,
0.3433

66.2136, 8.4801,
0.3433

190.2821, 6.6263,
5.7804

55.2704, 8.4099,
-0.0704

89.9908, 8.4184,
1.3041

45.0056, 8.2660,
-0.4371

102.7595, 8.3019,
1.8429

35.4691, 8.0358,
-0.7505

116.0808, 8.1337,
2.4181

26.7215, 7.7052,
-1.0040

129.9327, 7.9174,
3.0277

18.8415, 7.2544,
-1.1884

144.2954, 7.6561,
3.6701

11.9381, 6.6548,
-1.2900

159.1516, 7.3523,

4.8495, 11.4990,

4.3439

-2.9568

174.4853, 7.0084,
5.0477

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.2136, 8.4801,
0.3433

■ 66.2136, 8.4801,
0.3433

■ 60.5300, 17.1967,
-1.8460

■ 72.2444, -0.0894,
2.8400

■ 55.2499, 25.9961,
-3.6399

■ 78.5689, -8.4829,
5.5722

■ 50.4480, 34.7277,
-4.9185

■ 85.1491, -16.7044,
8.4908

■ 46.2095, 43.1246,
-5.5385

■ 91.9531, -24.7684,
11.5592

■ 42.6264, 50.7694,

■ 94.5202, -26.4443,

-5.3481

9.9848

■ 39.7839, 57.1097,
-4.2270

■ 94.8147, -24.7670,
5.7754

■ 37.7377, 61.5715,
-2.1495

■ 95.1241, -23.0110,
1.3677

■ 36.4813, 63.7925,
0.7547

■ 95.2606, -22.2376,
-0.5738

■ 36.0184, 64.3681,
2.4561

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.2151, 5.0568, -5.2178



66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433



66.2151, 8.6025, 6.3130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.2151, 8.4782, 0.3445



66.2151, -6.4214, 13.8170



66.2151, -12.0143, -4.8766

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433



72.2795, -15.0981, 7.5232

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.2151, -14.8597, 0.7760



66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433



66.2151, -11.7130, 11.3580

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.2151, 8.4782, 0.3445



66.2151, -0.1602, 13.7249



66.2151, -14.7515, 6.7063



66.2151, -6.8467, -8.4188

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433



66.2151, 6.7884, 9.7049



66.2151, -14.7515, 6.7063



66.2151, -13.2654, -3.1385

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.2151, 8.4782, 0.3445



96.6182, -0.7782, 3.9838



65.1655, 5.9372, -8.3509



44.4090, 0.0385, 1.7195

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.2151, 8.4782, 0.3445



85.3135, 15.4685, -0.6510



65.7912, 6.2259, 6.3898



32.7521, 1.8660, 0.7669



29.0760, 52.0167, 1.5539



6.4413, 11.7326, -1.2779

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.2151, 8.4782, 0.3445



85.3135, 15.4685, -0.6510



72.7028, -12.7205, 1.4815



32.7521, 1.8660, 0.7669



29.0760, 52.0167, 1.5539



6.4413, 11.7326, -1.2779

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

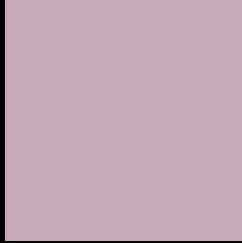
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

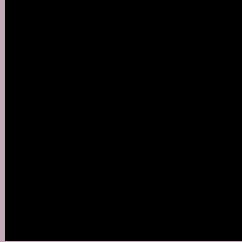
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.2136, 8.4801,

0.3433.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433

Protanopia

66.3541, -1.1606, -1.6452

Deuteranopia

66.3642, 4.6036, 0.4604



Tritanopia

66.1507, 8.1467, 1.2383

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433

Protanomaly

66.1735, 2.6708, -1.3007

Deuteranomaly

66.3746, 6.1067, 0.4994

Tritanomaly

66.1820, 8.3129, 0.7922

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433

Achromatopsia

67.1406, -3.5825, 3.6479

Achromatomaly

66.6598, 0.9538, 2.2092

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 169, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 169, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 169, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 169, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 169, 184) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 169, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 169, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 169, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 169, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 169,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.2136, 8.4801, 0.3433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 169, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
169, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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