

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.2639, -7.1103,
12.1338)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.2639, -7.1103,
12.1338) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.4376, -7.2757,
12.3446)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2B39D
RGB	178, 179, 157
RGB Percent	70%, 70%, 62%
CMY	0.3020, 0.2980, 0.3843
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.12, 0.30
HSL	63°, 13%, 66%
HSV	63°, 12%, 70%
XYZ	40.5661, 44.1395, 38.2800
YIQ	176.1930, 6.4660, -7.0540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

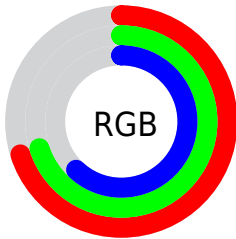
Format	Color
RYB	157, 179, 158
Decimal	11711389
CIELab	72.32, -4.25, 11.12
CIELCh	72, 11.906, 110.889
Yxy	44.1415, 0.3298, 0.3589
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289901469 (0xFFB2B39D)
YUV	176.1930, -9.4621, 1.5847
Hunter-Lab	66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446

Details

The HunterLab color $66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58.8548, 1.0197, -6.6817$, and the grayscale version is $66.0082, -3.5220, 3.5863$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90.3673, -8.9631, 14.6603$, and $45.0803, -5.5593, 9.7471$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65.9377, -9.9168, 18.4586$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.0039, -4.3091, 5.3686$.

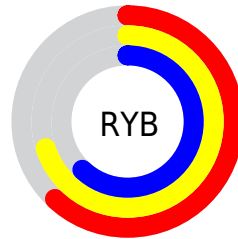
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (70%)

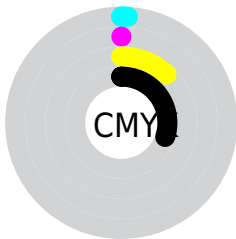
Blue (62%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (62%)

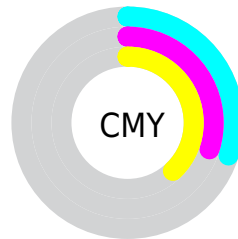


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.4376, -7.2757,
12.3446

■ 66.4376, -7.2757,
12.3446

190.6004,
-15.5085, 23.2525

■ 55.4813, -6.4697,
11.1618

■ 90.2389, -8.9578,
14.7131

■ 45.2026, -5.6832,
9.9710

■ 103.0188, -9.8305,
15.9038

■ 35.6511, -4.9169,
8.7645

116.3509,
-10.7247, 17.1023

■ 26.8871, -4.1687,
7.5288

130.2130,
-11.6402, 18.3099

■ 18.9890, -3.4348,
6.2410

144.5858,
-12.5766, 19.5280

■ 12.0648, -2.7063,
4.9673

159.4516,

■ 5.0712, -3.9186,

-13.5336, 20.7574

3.5498

174.7946,
-14.5111, 21.9987

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.4376, -7.2757,
12.3446

■ 66.4376, -7.2757,
12.3446

■ 65.9377, -9.9168,
18.4586

■ 67.0039, -4.3091,
5.3686

■ 65.4985, -12.2282,
23.7128

■ 67.6335, -1.0137,
-2.4692

■ 65.1193, -14.2162,
28.1220

■ 68.3284, 2.6040,
-11.1573

■ 64.7978, -15.8890,
31.7098

■ 69.0891, 6.5368,
-20.6790

■ 64.5311, -17.2592,

■ 69.9157, 10.7753,

34.5102

-31.0118

■ 64.3154, -18.3437,
36.5696

■ 70.3683, 13.0119,
-36.1249

■ 64.1464, -19.1651,
37.9480

■ 70.4396, 13.2427,
-35.9962

■ 64.0186, -19.7532,
38.7240

■ 70.5112, 13.4744,
-35.8672

■ 63.9390, -20.0995,
39.0470

■ 70.5832, 13.7069,
-35.7377

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.4391, -1.8657, 12.8026



66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446



66.4391, -11.5568, 9.6548

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.4391, -7.2774, 12.3455



66.4391, -10.0891, -4.6725



66.4391, 7.2192, 2.0036

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446



58.8548, 1.0197, -6.6817

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.4391, 4.8579, -3.0479



66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446



66.4391, -5.2149, -7.1033

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.4391, -7.2774, 12.3455



66.4391, -13.1430, -0.0715



66.4391, 0.2644, -6.4857



66.4391, 6.6233, 7.1044

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446



66.4391, -13.2488, 6.8265



66.4391, 0.2644, -6.4857



66.4391, 6.7422, 0.2377

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.4391, -7.2774, 12.3455



89.5265, -6.5040, 8.9266



60.3175, 3.5230, 5.8735



42.1118, -3.2057, 4.5422



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.4391, -7.2774, 12.3455



88.7036, -10.8308, 19.0643



65.5143, -10.5697, 11.3163



31.4428, -3.0354, 4.8919



53.7544, -16.8682, 32.8279



9.5665, -2.8748, 5.8445

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.8548, 1.0197, -6.6817



76.1516, 2.9266, -12.4932



59.8124, 4.2567, -5.3471



28.7194, -0.0601, -1.9297



15.3132, 41.2430, -106.5271



2.8261, 7.4003, -18.0222

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

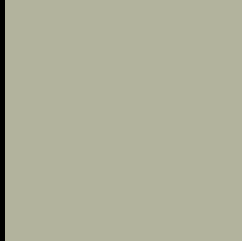
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

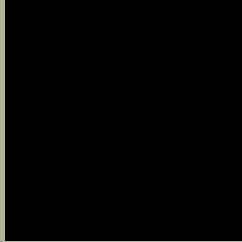
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

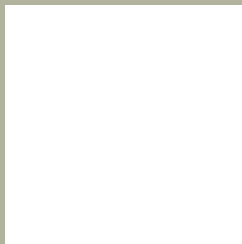
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.4376, -7.2757,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446

Protanopia

66.4521, -4.1972, 12.8114

Deuteranopia

66.3676, 4.6407, 11.6737



Tritanopia

66.5101, 0.8856, -1.4135

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446

Protanomaly

66.4727, -5.6586, 12.8072

Deuteranomaly

66.3914, 0.2313, 12.0264

Tritanomaly

66.3692, -1.7962, 3.7067

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446

Achromatopsia

65.8903, -3.5157, 3.5799

Achromatomaly

66.0727, -4.8221, 6.9464

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 179, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 179, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 179, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 179, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 179, 157) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 179, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 179, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 179, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 179, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 179,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.4376, -7.2757, 12.3446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 179, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
179, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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