

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.3542, 15.9588,
-23.1282)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.3542, 15.9588,
-23.1282) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.3098, 16.1358,
-23.1922)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0A6E2
RGB	192, 166, 226
RGB Percent	75%, 65%, 89%
CMY	0.2471, 0.3490, 0.1137
CMYK	0.15, 0.27, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	266°, 51%, 77%
HSV	266°, 27%, 89%
XYZ	49.1019, 43.9699, 77.8506
YIQ	180.6140, -3.7640, 24.1720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

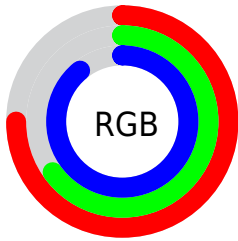
Format	Color
RYB	192, 166, 226
Decimal	12625634
CIELab	72.21, 20.99, -26.75
CIELCh	72, 34.004, 308.110
Yxy	43.9717, 0.2873, 0.2573
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290815714 (0xFFC0A6E2)
YUV	180.6140, 22.3753, 9.9855
Hunter-Lab	66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922

Details

The HunterLab color $66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be $83.3225, -21.7761, 25.2893$, and the grayscale version is $67.7267, -3.6137, 3.6797$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.9228, 10.9425, -8.0951$, and $45.1001, 15.0909, -21.9411$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59.0461, 24.3826, -35.4386$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73.9379, 8.1313, -11.9951$.

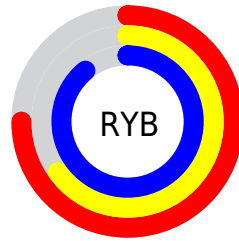
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (65%)

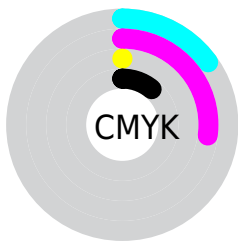
Blue (89%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (89%)

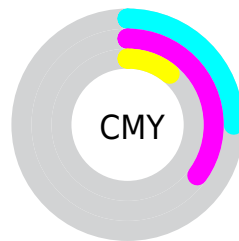


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

66.3098, 16.1358,
-23.1922

66.3098, 16.1358,
-23.1922

190.4187, 17.0384,
-24.6249

55.3609, 15.6992,
-22.7602

90.0973, 16.7633,
-23.8789

45.0901, 15.1704,
-22.2751

102.8708, 16.9715,
-24.1378

35.5472, 14.5357,
-21.7454

116.1967, 17.1167,
-24.3424

26.7925, 13.7788,
-21.1969

130.0530, 17.2034,
-24.4948

18.9048, 12.8798,
-20.6968

144.4200, 17.2358,
-24.5971

11.9925, 11.8173,
-20.4405

159.2804, 17.2171,

4.9459, 18.2255,

-24.6516

-28.6211

174.6181, 17.1505,
-24.6602

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.3098, 16.1358,
-23.1922

■ 66.3098, 16.1358,
-23.1922

■ 59.0461, 24.3826,
-35.4386

■ 73.9379, 8.1313,
-11.9951

■ 52.2180, 32.8711,
-48.9449

■ 81.8703, 0.3450,
-1.6533

■ 45.9278, 41.5131,
-63.8588

■ 90.0658, -7.2617,
8.0051

■ 40.3094, 50.0444,
-80.1181

■ 98.0340, -14.0075,
16.6469

■ 35.5306, 57.8814,

■ 99.1318, -10.1134,

-97.1597

17.8733

■ 31.7740, 64.0182,
-113.5624

■ 29.1649, 67.2801,
-127.1241

■ 28.4322, 68.0032,
-131.3324

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.3112, 0.7705, -31.5733



66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922



66.3112, 26.8550, -8.0127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.3112, 16.1345, -23.1907



66.3112, 8.0911, 25.1076



66.3112, -30.8566, -0.5704

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922



83.3225, -21.7761, 25.2893

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.3112, -29.2900, 13.4470



66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922



66.3112, -7.7466, 26.2081

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.3112, 16.1345, -23.1907



66.3112, 21.9186, 18.9979



66.3112, -21.1615, 22.4607



66.3112, -25.6596, -16.6697

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922



66.3112, 29.4031, 2.6556



66.3112, -21.1615, 22.4607



66.3112, -31.0935, 4.5495

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.3112, 16.1345, -23.1907



92.4883, 1.7262, -3.6276



74.4129, -9.4645, -11.6422



42.1458, 1.4199, -2.4924

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.3112, 16.1345, -23.1907



71.2608, 23.8253, -34.3873



69.3811, 25.7025, -18.2850



36.7863, 1.1920, -2.1126



21.6312, 51.5256, -98.2802



6.1360, 14.0467, -23.4657

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.0022, 22.6286, -4.0389



75.1326, 32.7596, -6.3662



81.1202, -30.0124, 23.0912



37.1887, 2.2662, 0.6296



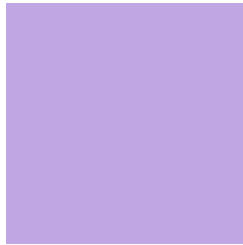
31.8413, 57.4010, -1.6862



8.4890, 15.4949, -1.9344

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

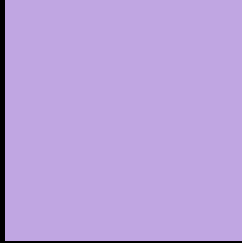
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

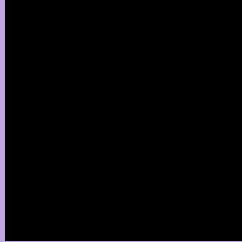
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922.

-23.1922.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922

Protanopia

66.5015, 4.2433, -27.6788

Deuteranopia

66.4831, 4.9264, -21.8383



Tritanopia

66.1735, 2.6708, -1.3007

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922

Protanomaly

66.4097, 8.1478, -25.7730

Deuteranomaly

66.3529, 9.0116, -22.6076

Tritanomaly

66.0741, 7.7116, -8.7352

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922

Achromatopsia

67.9762, -3.6270, 3.6933

Achromatomaly

67.3767, 2.9272, -4.9149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 166, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 166, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 166, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 166, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 166, 226) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 166, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 166, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 166, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 166, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 166,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.3098, 16.1358, -23.1922 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 166, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
166, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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