

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.4211, -0.6446,
6.7098)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.4211, -0.6446, 6.7098)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.3621, -0.6602,
6.4583)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAAFAB
RGB	186, 175, 171
RGB Percent	73%, 69%, 67%
CMY	0.2706, 0.3137, 0.3294
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.08, 0.27
HSL	16°, 10%, 70%
HSV	16°, 8%, 73%
XYZ	42.9303, 44.0393, 44.7658
YIQ	177.8330, 7.8400, 1.0880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

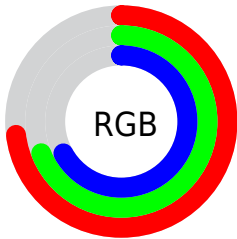
Format	Color
RYB	186, 176, 171
Decimal	12234667
CIELab	72.26, 3.22, 3.45
CIELCh	72, 4.717, 46.968
Yxy	44.0412, 0.3259, 0.3343
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290424747 (0xFFBAAFAB)
YUV	177.8330, -3.3687, 7.1625
Hunter-Lab	66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583

Details

The HunterLab color $66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $67.5708, -6.2808, 0.7651$, and the grayscale version is $66.6663, -3.5571, 3.6221$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90.2885, -1.9776, 8.3521$, and $45.2597, 0.0114, 5.0259$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61.9178, 3.3824, 9.6024$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70.9790, -4.4546, 3.1569$.

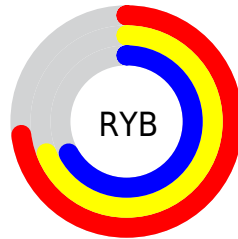
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (69%)

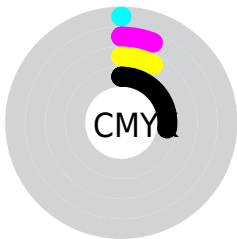
Blue (67%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (67%)

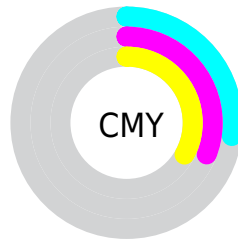


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.3621, -0.6602,
6.4583

■ 66.3621, -0.6602,
6.4583

190.4932, -6.0952,
14.4620

■ 55.4102, -0.2422,
5.6892

■ 90.1553, -1.6277,
8.0738

■ 45.1362, 0.1305,
4.9439

102.9314, -2.1681,
8.9175

■ 35.5897, 0.4513,
4.2232

116.2598, -2.7438,
9.7849

■ 26.8312, 0.7134,
3.5261

130.1185, -3.3529,
10.6755

■ 18.9393, 0.9073,
2.8500

144.4879, -3.9939,
11.5890

■ 12.0221, 1.0183,
2.1885

159.3505, -4.6655,

■ 4.9976, 2.5399,

12.5249

3.1321

174.6904, -5.3662,
13.4827

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.3621, -0.6602,
6.4583

■ 66.3621, -0.6602,
6.4583

■ 61.9178, 3.3824,
9.6024

■ 70.9790, -4.4546,
3.1569

■ 57.6636, 7.7022,
12.5513

■ 75.7456, -8.0212,
-0.2784

■ 53.6271, 12.3148,
15.2608

■ 80.6480, -11.3869,
-3.8259

■ 49.8387, 17.2242,
17.6738

■ 85.6730, -14.5754,
-7.4700

■ 46.3338, 22.4109,

■ 90.4823, -19.4507,

19.7196

-6.5790

■ 43.1522, 27.8171,
21.3170

■ 94.4347, -25.2732,
-1.6508

■ 40.3361, 33.3302,
22.3816

■ 37.9272, 38.7685,
22.8467

■ 35.9559, 43.8627,
22.7533

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.3636, 0.5094, 4.7646



66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583



66.3636, -2.5974, 7.3781

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.3636, -0.6620, 6.4593



66.3636, -7.5761, 4.5046



66.3636, -2.3178, -0.3128

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583



67.5708, -6.2808, 0.7651

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.3636, -4.4864, -0.3879



66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583



66.3636, -7.5034, 2.4390

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.3636, -0.6620, 6.4593



66.3636, -6.5786, 6.2743



66.3636, -6.3787, 0.6333



66.3636, -0.4550, 0.8354

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583



66.3636, -4.0519, 7.4469



66.3636, -6.3787, 0.6333



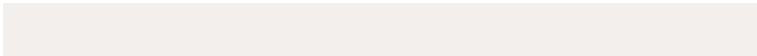
66.3636, -3.0357, -0.4656

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.3636, -0.6620, 6.4593



93.0677, -4.0092, 6.0379



65.5308, 3.1481, 0.3932



43.7044, -1.9060, 2.8117



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.3636, -0.6620, 6.4593



88.0682, 0.2236, 9.6046



68.5864, -4.3910, 8.8794



30.6459, -0.0769, 3.1983



29.4021, 36.1765, 18.7508



6.4039, 4.4447, 4.0239

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.5708, -6.2808, 0.7651



90.1122, -9.2920, -0.0369



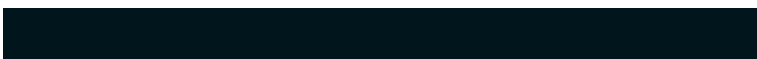
65.3218, -2.5736, -1.9593



31.2955, -3.1007, 0.1342



37.9837, -10.1542, -25.5563



7.7751, -2.8065, -3.6597

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

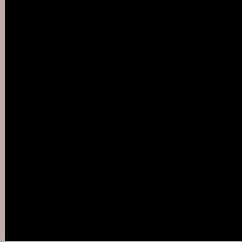
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.3621, -0.6602,

6.4583.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583

Protanopia

66.3131, -2.2851, 5.9257

Deuteranopia

66.2119, 4.8357, 5.9346



Tritanopia

66.4257, 3.4585, -0.4724

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583

Protanomaly

66.4052, -1.9668, 6.0364

Deuteranomaly

66.0985, 2.9807, 5.7723

Tritanomaly

66.4628, 1.7809, 1.9872

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583

Achromatopsia

66.7234, -3.5602, 3.6252

Achromatomaly

66.6057, -2.6190, 4.8935

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 175, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 175, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 175, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 175, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 175, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 175, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 175, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 175, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 175, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 175,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.3621, -0.6602, 6.4583 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 175, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
175, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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