

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.4405, 0.0713,
-9.3671)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.4405, 0.0713, -9.3671)
contains.

HunterLab(66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(66.4328, 0.1352,
-9.4872)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACB0CB
RGB	172, 176, 203
RGB Percent	67%, 69%, 80%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3098, 0.2039
CMYK	0.15, 0.13, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	232°, 23%, 74%
HSV	232°, 15%, 80%
XYZ	43.3181, 44.1332, 62.7354
YIQ	177.8820, -11.0510, 7.5490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

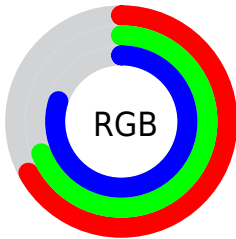
Format	Color
RYB	172, 176, 203
Decimal	11317451
CIELab	72.32, 4.10, -14.15
CIELCh	72, 14.733, 286.163
Yxy	44.1350, 0.2884, 0.2939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289507531 (0xFFACB0CB)
YUV	177.8820, 12.3832, -5.1585
Hunter-Lab	66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872

Details

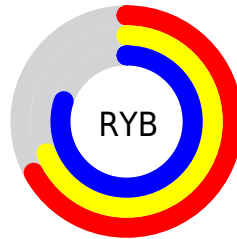
The HunterLab color $66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $75.1810, -6.9204, 15.4242$, and the grayscale version is $66.6288, -3.5551, 3.6201$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90.2370, -1.8378, -6.5903$, and $45.2848, 0.5327, -9.3138$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59.6013, 3.3797, -19.4204$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73.4851, -2.7349, -0.3532$.

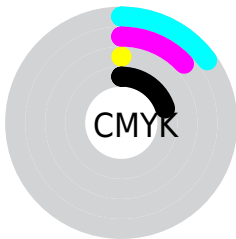
Distribution



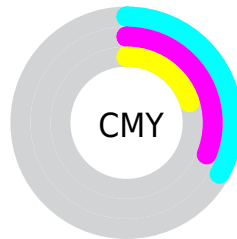
- Red (67%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.4328, 0.1352,
-9.4872

■ 66.4328, 0.1352,
-9.4872

■ 190.5935, -4.9758,
-7.4089

■ 55.4767, 0.5093,
-9.4608

■ 90.2335, -0.7496,
-9.3584

■ 45.1983, 0.8347,
-9.3697

■ 103.0132, -1.2516,
-9.2140

■ 35.6471, 1.1049,
-9.2071

■ 116.3450, -1.7904,
-9.0206

■ 26.8835, 1.3120,
-8.9677

■ 130.2069, -2.3641,
-8.7810

■ 18.9858, 1.4456,
-8.6495

■ 144.5795, -2.9709,
-8.4980

■ 12.0621, 1.4886,
-8.2657

■ 159.4451, -3.6093,

■ 5.0664, 3.2568,

-8.1736

-11.6899

174.7879, -4.2780,
-7.8100

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.4328, 0.1352,
-9.4872

■ 66.4328, 0.1352,
-9.4872

■ 59.6013, 3.3797,
-19.4204

■ 73.4851, -2.7349,
-0.3532

■ 53.0232, 7.1079,
-30.3814

■ 80.7264, -5.3075,
8.1531

■ 46.7498, 11.4539,
-42.6490

■ 88.1368, -7.6450,
16.1674

■ 40.8504, 16.5824,
-56.5426

■ 95.6995, -9.7943,
23.7935

■ 35.4229, 22.6637,

■ 98.5352, -13.4207,

-72.3454

26.4847

■ 30.6046, 29.7916,
-90.0785

■ 26.5793, 37.7774,
-108.9955

■ 23.5599, 45.8103,
-126.8683

■ 22.4942, 49.1438,
-134.2031

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.4342, -6.6491, -9.6424



66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872



66.4342, 6.1570, -5.5965

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.4342, 0.1340, -9.4860



66.4342, 5.7605, 11.9835



66.4342, -15.7834, 6.5250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872



75.1810, -6.9204, 15.4242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.4342, -12.7267, 11.6733



66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872



66.4342, -0.3896, 14.6036

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.4342, 0.1340, -9.4860



66.4342, 9.4938, 6.9891



66.4342, -7.1521, 14.4961



66.4342, -15.6560, 0.0566

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872



66.4342, 8.8505, -1.6140



66.4342, -7.1521, 14.4961



66.4342, -15.0997, 8.4529

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.4342, 0.1340, -9.4860



95.2787, -3.6103, -0.2254



74.5659, -13.9971, 2.8025



43.7756, -1.5546, -0.4796

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.4342, 0.1340, -9.4860



83.3090, 1.3644, -15.9727



66.2799, 5.6015, -9.6027



33.2770, -0.7503, -1.9048



18.1524, 38.4002, -105.5840



4.9876, 5.8558, -18.8749

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.3329, 7.3444, 5.4490



84.7453, 12.4791, 7.4471



75.3989, -12.5154, 15.5495



33.5214, 1.3513, 2.3146



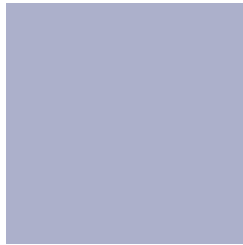
28.5230, 49.0416, 16.9190



6.5396, 11.3647, 2.9430

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

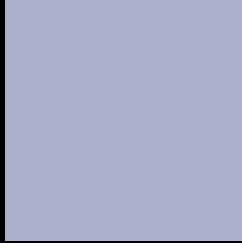
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

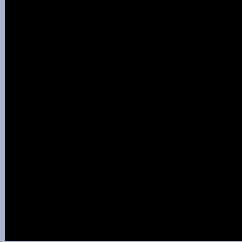
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872.

-9.4872.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872

Protanopia

66.5182, 0.4274, -9.3647

Deuteranopia

66.4770, 4.8566, -9.9028



Tritanopia

66.4775, -3.5274, -3.5760

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872

Protanomaly

66.5182, 0.4274, -9.3647

Deuteranomaly

66.4054, 3.1266, -10.0322

Tritanomaly

66.3986, -1.9967, -5.7539

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872

Achromatopsia

66.7234, -3.5602, 3.6252

Achromatomaly

66.5299, -2.1413, -0.9397

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 176, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 176, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 176, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 176, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 176, 203) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 176, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 176, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 176, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 176, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 176,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.4328, 0.1352, -9.4872 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 176, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
176, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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