

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.4431, 7.5271,
-23.1459)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.4431, 7.5271,
-23.1459) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.3285, 7.5446,
-23.3129)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | AEACE2 |
| RGB | 174, 172, 226 |
| RGB Percent | 68%, 67%, 89% |
| CMY | 0.3176, 0.3255, 0.1137 |
| CMYK | 0.23, 0.24, 0.00, 0.11 |
| HSL | 242°, 48%, 78% |
| HSV | 242°, 24%, 89% |
| XYZ | 45.9355, 43.9947, 78.0222 |
| YIQ | 178.7540, -16.1420, 17.2180 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

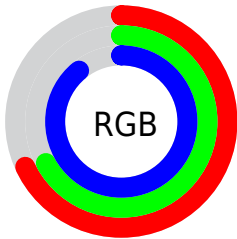
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| RYB | 174, 172, 226 |
| Decimal | 11447522 |
| CIELab | 72.23, 12.10, -26.86 |
| CIELCh | 72, 29.457, 294.251 |
| Yxy | 43.9965, 0.2735, 0.2620 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289637602 (0xFFFAEACE2) |
| YUV | 178.7540, 23.2923, -4.1693 |
| Hunter-Lab | 66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129 |

Details

The HunterLab color $66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $85.5684, -13.3495, 25.4483$, and the grayscale version is $66.9499, -3.5723, 3.6375$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $88.8713, 1.4455, -8.3296$, and $45.2086, 7.5607, -22.5390$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58.1484, 13.4557, -37.2985$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74.8654, 2.1669, -10.8132$.

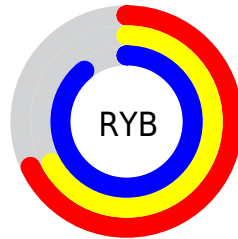
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (67%)

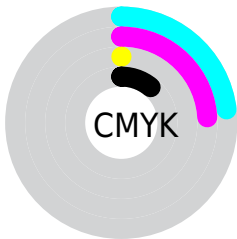
Blue (89%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (89%)

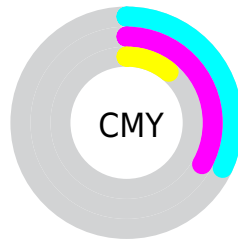


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.3285, 7.5446,
-23.3129

■ 66.3285, 7.5446,
-23.3129

190.4452, 5.3361,
-24.7707

■ 55.3785, 7.5234,
-22.8784

■ 90.1179, 7.3942,
-24.0051

■ 45.1065, 7.4302,
-22.3911

102.8924, 7.2357,
-24.2669

■ 35.5623, 7.2538,
-21.8596

116.2192, 7.0271,
-24.4743

■ 26.8063, 6.9807,
-21.3100

130.0763, 6.7718,
-24.6295

■ 18.9171, 6.5916,
-20.8106

144.4442, 6.4726,
-24.7347

■ 12.0030, 6.0585,
-20.5585

159.3053, 6.1322,

■ 4.9643, 10.3548,

-24.7919

-28.7057

174.6438, 5.7527,
-24.8033

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.3285, 7.5446,
-23.3129

■ 66.3285, 7.5446,
-23.3129

■ 58.1484, 13.4557,
-37.2985

■ 74.8654, 2.1669,
-10.8132

■ 50.4010, 20.0673,
-53.2339

■ 83.6988, -2.8051,
0.5567

■ 43.2038, 27.5580,
-71.6381

■ 92.7888, -7.4714,
11.0694

■ 36.7284, 36.0395,
-92.8885

■ 99.1318, -10.1134,
17.8734

■ 31.2241, 45.3092,

-116.5933

■ 27.0187, 54.3575,
-140.2921

■ 24.4265, 61.0613,
-158.5275

■ 23.5479, 63.6444,
-165.5405

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.3298, -6.1422, -26.2165



66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129



66.3298, 19.0431, -12.6298

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.3298, 7.5436, -23.3115



66.3298, 12.4376, 20.7932



66.3298, -27.6084, 6.0545

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129



85.5684, -13.3495, 25.4483

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.3298, -23.4601, 16.5621



66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129



66.3298, -0.9027, 23.8993

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.3298, 7.5436, -23.3115



66.3298, 22.0242, 13.0370



66.3298, -13.9457, 22.5230



66.3298, -25.7418, -7.4414

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129



66.3298, 23.5496, -3.5029



66.3298, -13.9457, 22.5230



66.3298, -26.8822, 10.0141

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.3298, 7.5436, -23.3115



92.7468, -1.4607, -3.3551



82.2688, -19.3172, -1.4995



42.6228, -0.5174, -1.9136

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.3298, 7.5436, -23.3115



71.0297, 12.1565, -34.9901



68.8387, 15.7050, -19.2787



36.4244, -0.0416, -2.6036



17.8175, 48.0941, -124.7724



4.7824, 12.7301, -32.1047

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.4544, 23.7724, -14.0707



78.3409, 34.6714, -20.9846



83.2284, -21.8524, 23.0971



37.3181, 2.9589, -1.2079



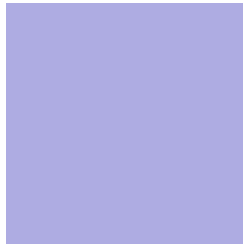
34.7926, 67.8637, -41.7048



9.1752, 17.9195, -11.1770

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

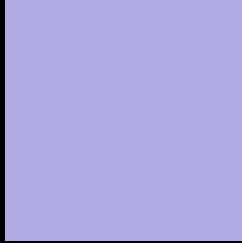
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

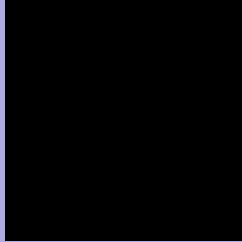
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129.

-23.3129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129

Protanopia

66.3686, 3.3716, -24.6153

Deuteranopia

66.4817, 5.0859, -23.1134



Tritanopia

66.3109, -4.1076, -3.8005

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129

Protanomaly

66.3579, 4.7539, -23.9599

Deuteranomaly

66.3597, 6.1680, -23.2876

Tritanomaly

66.2996, -0.2490, -10.2378

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129

Achromatopsia

67.1406, -3.5825, 3.6479

Achromatomaly

66.6208, 0.2882, -5.4214

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 172, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 172, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 172, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 172, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 172, 226) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 172, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 172, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 172, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 172, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 172,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.3285, 7.5446, -23.3129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 172, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
172, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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