

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.4456, -18.1853,
-43.7943)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.4456, -18.1853,
-43.7943) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.3678,
-18.0732, -43.9391)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BEFF
RGB	0, 190, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 75%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.2549, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.25, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	195°, 100%, 50%
HSV	195°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	36.4634, 44.0468, 101.1877
YIQ	140.6000, -134.1050, -20.0650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

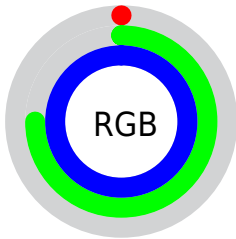
Format	Color
RYB	0, 109, 255
Decimal	48895
CIELab	72.26, -17.12, -43.00
CIELCh	72, 46.282, 248.290
Yxy	44.0483, 0.2007, 0.2424
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278238975 (0xFF00BEFF)
YUV	140.6000, 56.3992, -123.3062
Hunter-Lab	66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391

Details

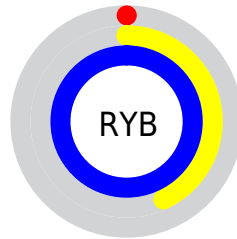
The HunterLab color **66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **50.0493, 66.2539, 31.9974**, and the grayscale version is **51.2799, -2.7362, 2.7861**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.5456, -35.3218, -10.7461**, and **46.8706, -9.1365, -38.8610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.3621, -18.0650, -43.9498**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.6597, -20.5336, -39.7487**.

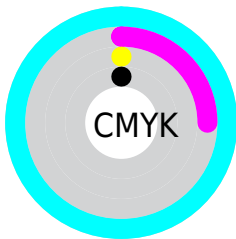
Distribution



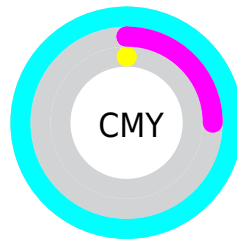
- Red (0%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

66.3678, -18.0732,
-43.9391

66.3678, -18.0732,
-43.9391

190.5007,
-31.3013, -48.8058

55.4152, -16.5603,
-43.2410

90.1612, -21.0418,
-45.2958

45.1408, -15.0172,
-42.5752

102.9376,
-22.5104, -45.9284

35.5940, -13.4292,
-42.0056

116.2662,
-23.9739, -46.5202

26.8352, -11.7746,
-41.6662

130.1252,
-25.4354, -47.0682

18.9428, -10.0176,
-41.8566

144.4948,
-26.8972, -47.5709

12.0251, -8.0920,
-43.3696

159.3576,

5.0028, -8.7549,

-28.3611, -48.0278

-63.1506

174.6977,
-29.8288, -48.4392

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 66.3678, -18.0732,
-43.9391

■ 66.3678, -18.0732,
-43.9391

■ 66.3621, -18.0650,
-43.9498

■ 68.6597, -20.5336,
-39.7487

■ 71.1620, -22.2516,
-35.3642

■ 73.9124, -23.0819,
-30.7507

■ 76.9192, -22.9953,
-25.9298

■ 80.1815, -22.0047,

-20.9352

■ 83.6931, -20.1501,
-15.8036

■ 87.4442, -17.4880,
-10.5705

■ 91.4232, -14.0838,
-5.2672

■ 95.6173, -10.0057,
0.0798

Harmonies

Analogous

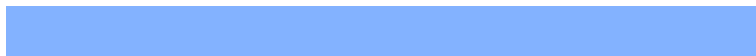
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.3689, -32.8184, -25.4630



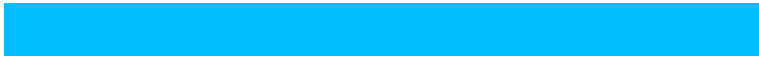
66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391



66.3689, 2.4849, -47.8828

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.3689, -18.0728, -43.9371



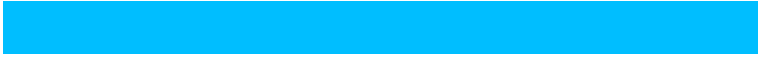
66.3689, 42.2136, 9.0055



66.3689, -27.1380, 27.5545

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391



50.0493, 66.2539, 31.9974

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.3689, -9.3667, 31.8227



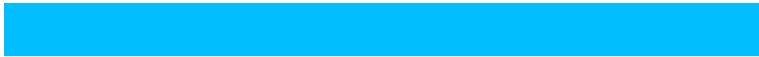
66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391



66.3689, 31.8887, 23.5580

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.3689, -18.0728, -43.9371



66.3689, 39.1139, -12.5364



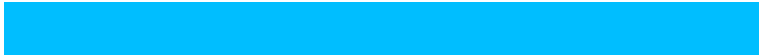
66.3689, 12.3514, 30.6366



66.3689, -37.5727, 16.5078

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391



66.3689, 17.0763, -40.8537



66.3689, 12.3514, 30.6366



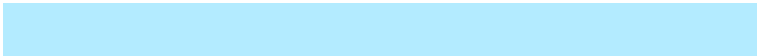
66.3689, -21.9200, 29.6404

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.3689, -18.0728, -43.9371



87.4326, -17.4972, -10.5864



84.7871, -71.1540, 47.6279



39.7056, -8.6575, -5.9232

0.0000, NaN, NaN



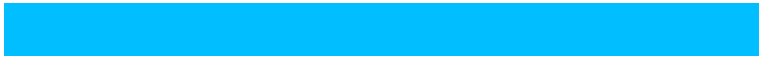
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.3689, -18.0728, -43.9371



66.3621, -18.0650, -43.9498



32.9630, 49.9329, -148.9833



44.3296, -4.5342, 0.1524



48.2326, -13.4359, -31.2822



15.6212, -5.0004, -8.7306

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.9795, 93.0212, -25.3660



49.9769, 93.0241, -25.3571



76.5763, 5.6888, 47.2838



42.6809, 3.0270, -0.2515



36.1614, 67.3686, -18.8122



11.3617, 21.2990, -6.9352

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

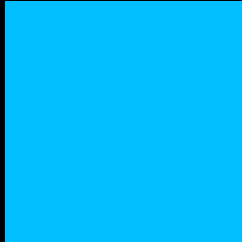
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

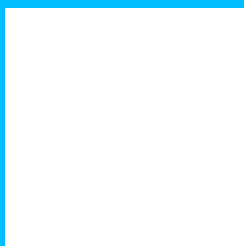
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391.



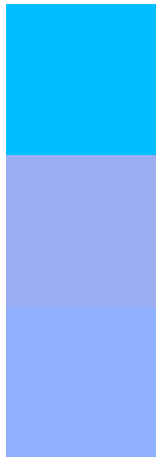
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391.

-18.0732, -43.9391.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391

Protanopia

65.8528, 5.8693, -34.9518

Deuteranopia

66.1208, 4.9817, -44.0035



Tritanopia

66.4327, -31.9607, -14.0412

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391

Protanomaly

64.5045, -7.5773, -41.2675

Deuteranomaly

64.8742, -7.0872, -46.6130

Tritanomaly

66.3887, -27.4009, -23.8293

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391

Achromatopsia

51.6097, -2.7538, 2.8041

Achromatomaly

55.0884, -15.2104, -13.9524

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 190, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 190, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 190, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 190, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 190, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 190, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 190, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 190, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 190, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 190,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.3678, -18.0732, -43.9391 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 190, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 190,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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