

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.4685, -27.0260,
5.4990)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.4685, -27.0260,
5.4990) contains.

HunterLab(66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(66.5246,
-27.2401, 5.7301)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	72C0AC
RGB	114, 192, 172
RGB Percent	45%, 75%, 67%
CMY	0.5529, 0.2470, 0.3255
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.10, 0.25
HSL	165°, 38%, 60%
HSV	165°, 41%, 75%
XYZ	33.2354, 44.2552, 45.8201
YIQ	166.3980, -40.0680, -22.7560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

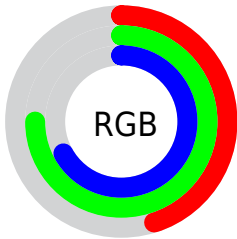
Format	Color
RYB	114, 159, 192
Decimal	7520428
CIELab	72.40, -28.77, 2.54
CIELCh	72, 28.886, 174.960
Yxy	44.2570, 0.2695, 0.3589
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285710508 (0xFF72C0AC)
YUV	166.3980, 2.7618, -45.9530
Hunter-Lab	66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301

Details

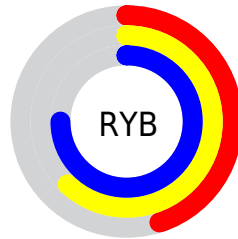
The HunterLab color $66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $66CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $49.9635, 27.1022, 4.4953$, and the grayscale version is $61.9175, -3.3038, 3.3641$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90.4060, -31.6438, 7.4934$, and $45.2699, -22.6712, 4.2258$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65.5103, -31.4522, 6.6946$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.7313, -22.3800, 4.9671$.

Distribution



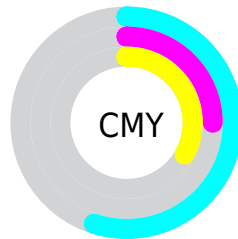
- Red (45%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.5246, -27.2401,
5.7301

■ 66.5246, -27.2401,
5.7301

190.7239,
-45.1692, 13.4041

■ 55.5631, -25.0558,
5.0071

■ 90.3351, -31.4321,
7.2607

■ 45.2790, -22.7869,
4.3114

■ 103.1194,
-33.4630, 8.0651

■ 35.7217, -20.4059,
3.6445

■ 116.4556,
-35.4624, 8.8949

■ 26.9513, -17.8701,
3.0066

130.3217,
-37.4365, 9.7496

■ 19.0462, -15.1100,
2.3972

144.6984,
-39.3905, 10.6284

■ 12.1140, -12.3243,
1.8134

159.5679,

■ 5.1545, -9.0204,

-41.3285, 11.5308

2.3214

174.9145,
-43.2538, 12.4562

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.5246, -27.2401,
5.7301

■ 66.5246, -27.2401,
5.7301

■ 65.5103, -31.4522,
6.6946

■ 67.7313, -22.3800,
4.9671

■ 64.6801, -34.9940,
7.8433

■ 69.1277, -16.9044,
4.4127

■ 64.0276, -37.8653,
9.1570

■ 70.7141, -10.8599,
4.0721

■ 63.5413, -40.0873,
10.6107


■ 72.4873, -4.2996,
3.9456


■ 63.2045, -41.7081,


■ 74.4425, 2.7196,


12.1738


4.0292

 62.9896, -42.8138,
13.6911

 76.5736, 10.1403,
4.3161

 78.8735, 17.9068,
4.7969

 79.8020, 21.1654,
3.5658

 79.9593, 21.9765,
1.3251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.5259, -23.2924, 16.1708



66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301



66.5259, -25.2623, -7.5290

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.5259, -27.2409, 5.7309



66.5259, 7.6290, -22.5384



66.5259, 11.8356, 20.6719

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301



49.9635, 27.1022, 4.4953

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.5259, 21.3547, 13.1232



66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301



66.5259, 18.7949, -11.9796

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.5259, -27.2409, 5.7309



66.5259, -5.7934, -25.5840



66.5259, 23.9963, 1.4400



66.5259, -1.2830, 23.6420

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301



66.5259, -20.7599, -16.0470



66.5259, 23.9963, 1.4400



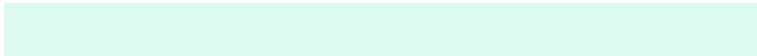
66.5259, 15.6022, 18.6680

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.5259, -27.2409, 5.7309



94.8338, -15.9413, 5.5341



66.3704, -30.4952, 26.1413



43.7906, -7.8913, 2.5863



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.5259, -27.2409, 5.7309



88.2858, -41.8950, 8.8925



61.3023, -15.4038, -10.7297



33.7386, -4.7884, 1.9240



51.6821, -35.0416, 11.0466



10.7923, -6.9825, 1.5837

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.9635, 27.1022, 4.4953



61.7240, 46.0667, 7.3987



53.8326, 15.3990, 15.9066



31.8109, 1.4360, 1.7250



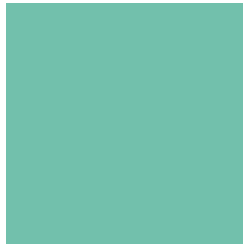
27.7529, 48.1094, 13.4233



5.8689, 10.3681, 1.3318

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

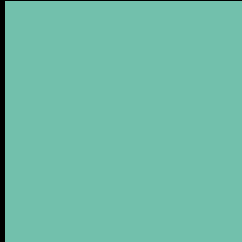
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

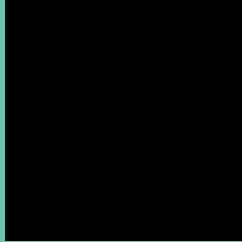
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301.

-27.2401, 5.7301.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301

Protanopia

66.1531, -3.3447, 9.6491

Deuteranopia

66.1285, 4.7918, 4.0052



Tritanopia

66.6452, -18.0955, -9.5147

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301

Protanomaly

65.9380, -13.3032, 7.9587

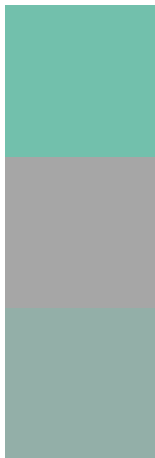
Deuteranomaly

65.8291, -8.4329, 3.8872

Tritanomaly

66.4251, -21.3312, -3.9551

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301

Achromatopsia

61.7516, -3.2949, 3.3551

Achromatomaly

63.0001, -12.6974, 3.7339

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 192, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 192, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 192, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 192, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 192, 172) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 192, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 192, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 192, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 192, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 192,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.5246, -27.2401, 5.7301 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 192, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
192, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor