

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.4731, -41.5814,  
38.3279)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(66.4731, -41.5814,  
38.3279) contains.

<b>HunterLab(66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(66.5809,  
-41.6365, 38.4298)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75C629
RGB	117, 198, 41
RGB Percent	46%, 78%, 16%
CMY	0.5412, 0.2235, 0.8392
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.79, 0.22
HSL	91°, 66%, 47%
HSV	91°, 79%, 78%
XYZ	27.9304, 44.3302, 9.1823
YIQ	155.8830, 2.1210, -65.9990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

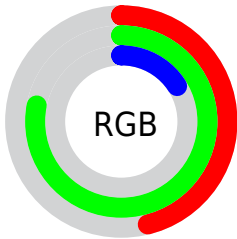
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">41, 198, 122</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7718441</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.45, -48.83, 64.79</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">72, 81.130, 127.003</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">44.3321, 0.3429, 0.5443</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285908521 (0xFF75C629)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">155.8830, -56.6373, -34.1004</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298</a>

# Details

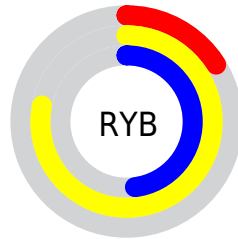
The HunterLab color **66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC33**. The color can be described as dark muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **31.3085, 53.6175, -80.9487**, and the grayscale version is **57.8349, -3.0859, 3.1423**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.3073, -47.8640, 46.8934**, and **45.3260, -33.7666, 27.3385** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.9980, -44.1763, 39.2478**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.2707, -38.6063, 36.9088**.

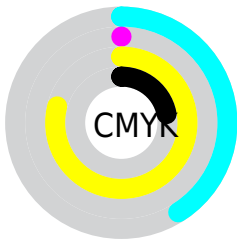
# Distribution



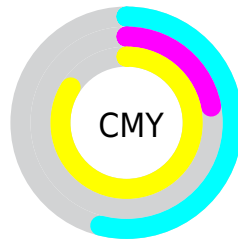
- Red (46%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 66.5809, -41.6365,  
38.4298

■ 66.5809, -41.6365,  
38.4298

190.8040,  
-68.0100, 72.9666

■ 55.6162, -38.2282,  
33.8543

■ 90.3976, -48.0433,  
46.9922

■ 45.3286, -34.6327,  
29.0456

■ 103.1846,  
-51.0881, 51.0294

■ 35.7675, -30.7969,  
24.0640

■ 116.5235,  
-54.0510, 54.9328

■ 26.9931, -26.6395,  
18.8952

■ 130.3923,  
-56.9449, 58.7198

■ 19.0834, -22.0329,  
13.3584

■ 144.7714,  
-59.7800, 62.4051

■ 12.1460, -19.5210,  
8.5022

■ 159.6434,

■ 5.2079, -9.1138,

-62.5648, 66.0012

3.6455

174.9924,  
-65.3062, 69.5186

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.5809, -41.6365,  
38.4298

■ 66.5809, -41.6365,  
38.4298

■ 65.9980, -44.1763,  
39.2478

■ 67.2707, -38.6063,  
36.9088

■ 65.5063, -46.2772,  
39.5180

■ 68.0685, -35.0652,  
34.6159


■ 65.4739, -46.4162,  
39.5321


■ 68.9792, -31.0113,  
31.5093


■ 70.0047, -26.4515,  
27.5675

■ 71.1460, -21.4010,

22.7857

 72.4028, -15.8815,  
17.1732

 73.7741, -9.9192,  
10.7502

 75.2581, -3.5439,  
3.5462

 76.8525, 3.2128,  
-4.4028

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.5823, -12.1223, 42.0887



66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298



66.5823, -57.7857, 25.2413

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.5823, -41.6379, 38.4301



66.5823, -29.4534, -95.4993



66.5823, 84.2042, 11.4573

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298



31.3085, 53.6175, -80.9487

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.5823, 76.6811, -29.1340



66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298



66.5823, 5.4661, -106.7478

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.5823, -41.6379, 38.4301



66.5823, -51.9153, -52.2950



66.5823, 45.6432, -77.7342



66.5823, 64.3777, 33.1035



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298



66.5823, -61.3531, 7.1124



66.5823, 45.6432, -77.7342



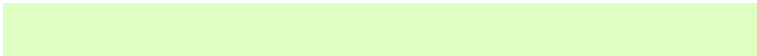
66.5823, 84.8494, -0.0634

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.5823, -41.6379, 38.4301



95.4784, -24.9335, 26.7759



50.4785, 18.9755, 28.9720



43.8977, -12.7453, 13.6031

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.5823, -41.6379, 38.4301



87.3469, -60.8182, 52.5053



64.0482, -52.1365, 36.6109



34.8361, -4.7125, 5.1078



52.8465, -37.2330, 31.9119



11.6852, -7.3419, 7.0718



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.3085, 53.6175, -80.9487



35.8926, 79.5665, -132.7701



42.0358, 71.9882, -48.1965



32.4839, 1.2349, -1.7139



21.3209, 48.9486, -82.6236



5.0816, 11.1730, -15.8678



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

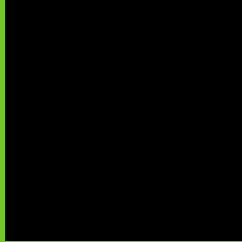
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.5809,

-41.6365, 38.4298.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298

### Protanopia

66.1164, -8.8090, 39.0897

### Deuteranopia

66.0706, 4.6299, 37.5500



## Tritanopia

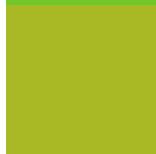
66.2521, -13.2990, -7.7633

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298



## Protanomaly

65.7821, -22.6941, 38.4846



## Deuteranomaly

65.2210, -14.9964, 37.1831



## Tritanomaly

65.7065, -26.8587, 16.9258

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298



## Achromatopsia

57.6586, -3.0765, 3.1327



## Achromatomaly

60.0762, -19.6943, 20.9626

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 198, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 198, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 198, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 198, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 198, 41) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 198, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 198, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 198, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 198, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 198,  
41) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.5809, -41.6365, 38.4298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 198, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
198, 41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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