

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.5315, 0.4207,
-25.2413)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.5315, 0.4207,
-25.2413) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.3852, 0.4751,
-25.2913)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9BB1E5
RGB	155, 177, 229
RGB Percent	61%, 69%, 90%
CMY	0.3921, 0.3059, 0.1020
CMYK	0.32, 0.23, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	222°, 59%, 75%
HSV	222°, 32%, 90%
XYZ	43.3825, 44.0699, 80.3485
YIQ	176.3500, -29.8040, 11.5080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

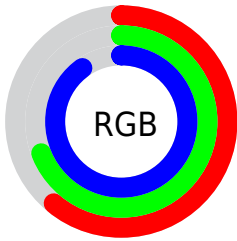
Format	Color
RYB	155, 172, 229
Decimal	10203621
CIELab	72.28, 4.47, -28.53
CIELCh	72, 28.881, 278.912
Yxy	44.0717, 0.2585, 0.2626
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288393701 (0xFF9BB1E5)
YUV	176.3500, 25.9565, -18.7239
Hunter-Lab	66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913

Details

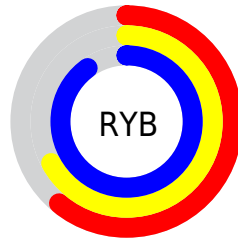
The HunterLab color $66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $79.7815, -4.1609, 26.0416$, and the grayscale version is $65.9415, -3.5185, 3.5827$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89.0768, -7.4906, -8.2139$, and $45.2229, 0.7626, -23.9536$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60.0249, 3.2142, -36.1785$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73.0019, -1.6526, -15.2513$.

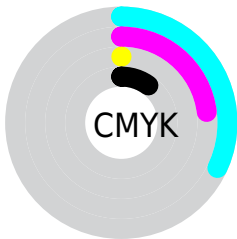
Distribution



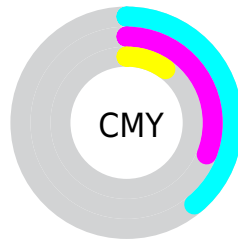
- Red (61%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.3852, 0.4751,
-25.2913

■ 66.3852, 0.4751,
-25.2913

■ 190.5258, -4.4967,
-27.1595

■ 55.4318, 0.8307,
-24.8157

■ 90.1807, -0.3739,
-26.0727

■ 45.1563, 1.1359,
-24.2921

■ 102.9580, -0.8594,
-26.3806

■ 35.6083, 1.3843,
-23.7328

■ 116.2875, -1.3825,
-26.6344

■ 26.8482, 1.5680,
-23.1710

■ 130.1472, -1.9410,
-26.8360

■ 18.9544, 1.6756,
-22.6903

■ 144.5177, -2.5332,
-26.9873

■ 12.0351, 1.6895,
-22.5273

■ 159.3812, -3.1574,

■ 5.0200, 3.6157,

-27.0904

-31.2830

174.7221, -3.8123,
-27.1472

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.3852, 0.4751,
-25.2913

■ 66.3852, 0.4751,
-25.2913

■ 60.0249, 3.2142,
-36.1785

■ 73.0019, -1.6526,
-15.2513

■ 53.9602, 6.7033,
-48.0839

■ 79.8374, -3.2786,
-5.9131

■ 48.2483, 11.1011,
-61.1693

■ 86.8667, -4.4930,
2.8519

■ 42.9611, 16.5727,
-75.5425

■ 94.0688, -5.3666,
11.1482

■ 38.1889, 23.2421,

■ 99.2155, -9.6506,

-91.1506

16.6683

■ 34.0380, 31.0889,
-107.6059

■ 31.3075, 37.6630,
-120.4353

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.3865, -12.5237, -23.4179



66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913



66.3865, 13.3442, -18.3110

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.3865, 0.4745, -25.2899



66.3865, 17.6122, 17.1843



66.3865, -25.8205, 11.8060

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913



79.7815, -4.1609, 26.0416

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.3865, -18.8996, 19.9323



66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913



66.3865, 5.9362, 22.5846

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.3865, 0.4745, -25.2899



66.3865, 23.7390, 7.2833



66.3865, -7.4726, 23.4802



66.3865, -27.0306, -0.2783

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913



66.3865, 19.8764, -10.2585



66.3865, -7.4726, 23.4802



66.3865, -24.1126, 15.0171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.3865, 0.4745, -25.2899



91.9651, -4.0506, -4.3961



82.1604, -29.1207, 7.6094



42.0326, -1.7746, -2.6948

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.3865, 0.4745, -25.2899



69.9929, 2.5945, -36.9661



61.3393, 16.0417, -33.5751



38.1865, -1.7099, -1.5660



24.0562, 27.3722, -89.1569



7.6503, 4.5934, -19.4781

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.7848, 25.8955, 3.4997



69.5657, 36.8913, 4.3375



85.2832, -20.0502, 30.6403



37.9976, 1.8667, 1.8767



31.2761, 54.3851, 13.8234



8.5951, 15.1261, 2.4015

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

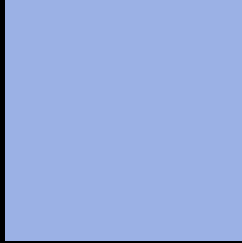
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

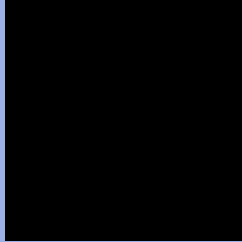
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913.

-25.2913.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913

Protanopia

66.3269, 3.1472, -24.0375

Deuteranopia

66.4020, 5.1536, -25.8379



Tritanopia

66.4786, -11.0176, -6.3404

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913

Protanomaly

66.4272, 2.0574, -24.5444

Deuteranomaly

66.3736, 3.5567, -25.9120

Tritanomaly

66.5060, -6.8931, -12.9166

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913

Achromatopsia

65.8903, -3.5157, 3.5799

Achromatomaly

65.8146, -2.5554, -6.0015

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 177, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 177, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 177, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 177, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 177, 229) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 177, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 177, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 177, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 177, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 177,  
229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.3852, 0.4751, -25.2913 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 177, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
177, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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