

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.6615, -2.1138,  
2.6398)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(66.6615, -2.1138, 2.6398)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(66.6655, -2.1117,  
2.6392)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4B1B4
RGB	180, 177, 180
RGB Percent	71%, 69%, 71%
CMY	0.2941, 0.3059, 0.2941
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	300°, 2%, 70%
HSV	300°, 2%, 71%
XYZ	42.7828, 44.4429, 49.5034
YIQ	178.2390, 0.8250, 1.5690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

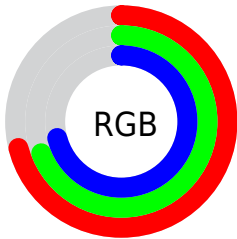
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	180, 177, 180
Decimal	11841972
CIELab	72.52, 1.62, -1.16
CIElCh	73, 1.993, 324.414
Yxy	44.4448, 0.3129, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290032052 (0xFFB4B1B4)
YUV	178.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444
Hunter-Lab	66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392

# Details

The HunterLab color  $66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $67.2051, -5.0182, 4.6254$ , and the grayscale version is  $66.8206, -3.5654, 3.6305$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $90.6459, -3.3169, 3.8915$ , and  $45.2323, -1.0562, 1.5346$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $61.4788, 6.9811, -3.6375$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $72.1326, -10.9714, 8.7625$ .

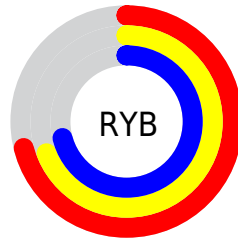
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (69%)

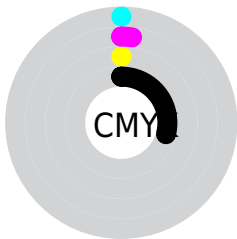
Blue (71%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (71%)

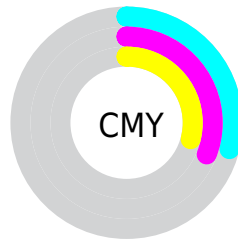


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 66.6655, -2.1117,  
2.6392

■ 66.6655, -2.1117,  
2.6392

190.9241, -8.1463,  
8.9940

■ 55.6959, -1.6108,  
2.0997

■ 90.4912, -3.2318,  
3.8326

■ 45.4030, -1.1499,  
1.5997

103.2825, -3.8434,  
4.4803

■ 35.8363, -0.7346,  
1.1437

116.6255, -4.4873,  
5.1599

■ 27.0557, -0.3697,  
0.7362

130.4981, -5.1621,  
5.8701

■ 19.1392, -0.0621,  
0.3832

144.8810, -5.8666,  
6.6097

■ 12.1940, 0.1777,  
0.0936

159.7566, -6.5994,

■ 5.2869, 1.0535,

7.3775

-0.6215

175.1091, -7.3596,  
8.1726

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.6655, -2.1117,  
2.6392

■ 66.6655, -2.1117,  
2.6392

■ 61.4788, 6.9811,  
-3.6375

■ 72.1326, -10.9714,  
8.7625

■ 56.6124, 16.2855,  
-10.0523

■ 77.8394, -19.5952,  
14.7298

■ 52.1206, 25.7242,  
-16.5515

■ 83.7576, -28.0017,  
20.5530

■ 48.0651, 35.1429,  
-23.0292

■ 89.8629, -36.2139,  
26.2477

■ 44.5147, 44.2773,

■ 91.9342, -38.9101,

-29.3043

28.1184

■ 41.5394, 52.7337,  
-35.1079

■ 91.9343, -38.9099,  
28.1180

■ 39.2000, 60.0119,  
-40.0988

■ 91.9343, -38.9098,  
28.1176

■ 37.5318, 65.6037,  
-43.9307

■ 91.9343, -38.9097,  
28.1173

■ 36.5241, 69.1650,  
-46.3700

■ 91.9343, -38.9095,  
28.1169

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.6669, -2.8266, 2.0753



66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392



66.6669, -1.7877, 3.4645

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.6669, -2.1133, 2.6403



66.6669, -3.3882, 5.2851



66.6669, -5.1669, 2.9282

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392



67.2051, -5.0182, 4.6254

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.6669, -5.3155, 3.7928



66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392



66.6669, -4.2917, 5.1459

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.6669, -2.1133, 2.6403



66.6669, -2.5263, 4.9855



66.6669, -4.9960, 4.6025



66.6669, -4.5890, 2.2431



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392



66.6669, -1.8355, 4.0472



66.6669, -4.9960, 4.6025



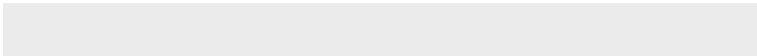
66.6669, -5.2686, 3.2078

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.6669, -2.1133, 2.6403



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



66.3995, -3.0395, 2.3045



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.6669, -2.1133, 2.6403



89.5051, -2.3991, 3.2468



66.6214, -2.3621, 3.2900



31.2308, -0.9081, 1.1812



30.1196, 59.2154, -39.7199



5.3427, 10.5038, -7.0459



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.6669, -2.1133, 2.6403



89.5051, -2.3991, 3.2468



67.2498, -4.7725, 3.9874



31.2308, -0.9081, 1.1812



30.1196, 59.2154, -39.7199



5.3427, 10.5038, -7.0459



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

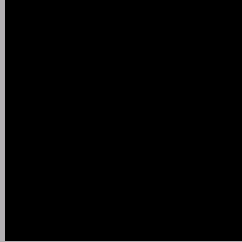
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## HunterLab 66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.6655, -2.1117,

2.6392.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392

### Protanopia

66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392

### Deuteranopia

66.5662, 5.0933, 2.1694



## Tritanopia

66.7447, 0.2451, -1.6348

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392

## Protanomaly

66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392

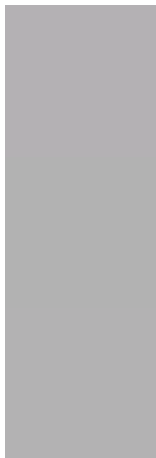
## Deuteranomaly

66.6537, 2.4285, 2.2277

## Tritanomaly

66.6480, -0.2794, -0.2624

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392

## Achromatopsia

66.7234, -3.5602, 3.6252

## Achromatomaly

66.8425, -3.0860, 3.3049

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 177, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 177, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 177, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 177, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 177, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 177, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 177, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 177, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 177, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 177,  
180) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.6655, -2.1117, 2.6392 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 177, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
177, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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