

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.7236, -17.9454,
-25.8806)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.7236, -17.9454,
-25.8806) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.5827,
-17.8770, -25.9484)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 5BBDE6 |
| RGB | 91, 189, 230 |
| RGB Percent | 36%, 74%, 90% |
| CMY | 0.6431, 0.2588, 0.0980 |
| CMYK | 0.60, 0.18, 0.00, 0.10 |
| HSL | 198°, 74%, 63% |
| HSV | 198°, 60%, 90% |
| XYZ | 36.7950, 44.3326, 81.4808 |
| YIQ | 164.3720, -71.5690, -8.0250 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

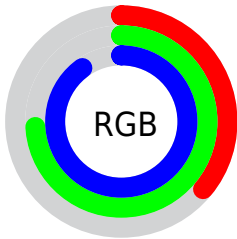
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 91, 148, 230 |
| Decimal | 6012390 |
| CIE Lab | 72.45, -16.84, -29.08 |
| CIE LCh | 72, 33.602, 239.916 |
| Yxy | 44.3342, 0.2263, 0.2726 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284202470 (0xFF5BBDE6) |
| YUV | 164.3720, 32.3546, -64.3472 |
| Hunter-Lab | 66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484 |

Details

The HunterLab color **66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **58.3804, 28.6177, 26.4213**, and the grayscale version is **60.9761, -3.2535, 3.3129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.9945, -28.0723, -8.6831**, and **45.4580, -14.9803, -24.4804** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.6301, -17.5436, -30.8560**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.7675, -17.4110, -20.9354**.

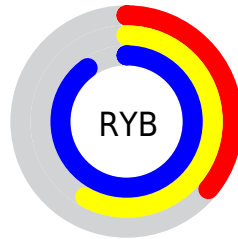
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (74%)

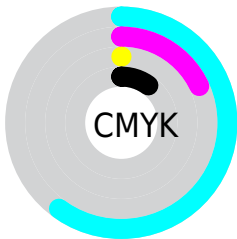
Blue (90%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (90%)

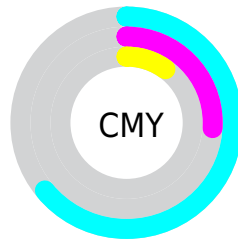


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.5827, -17.8770,
-25.9484

■ 66.5827, -17.8770,
-25.9484

190.8062,
-30.9955, -27.9399

■ 55.6177, -16.3805,
-25.4612

■ 90.3993, -20.8171,
-26.7562

■ 45.3300, -14.8548,
-24.9273

■ 103.1865,
-22.2724, -27.0778

■ 35.7688, -13.2862,
-24.3603

■ 116.5254,
-23.7234, -27.3455

■ 26.9942, -11.6534,
-23.7956

■ 130.3943,
-25.1729, -27.5611

■ 19.0844, -9.9218,
-23.3205

144.7735,
-26.6232, -27.7264

■ 12.1469, -8.0275,
-23.1809

159.6455,

■ 5.2094, -9.1164,

-28.0762, -27.8433

-31.3216

174.9946,
-29.5332, -27.9139

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.5827, -17.8770,
-25.9484

■ 66.5827, -17.8770,
-25.9484

■ 63.6301, -17.5436,
-30.8560

■ 69.7675, -17.4110,
-20.9354

■ 60.9103, -16.3901,
-35.6268

■ 73.1724, -16.1891,
-15.8555

■ 58.4207, -14.4323,
-40.2319

■ 76.7875, -14.2670,
-10.7383

■ 56.2227, -11.9333,
-44.5130

■ 80.6008, -11.7064,
-5.6090

■ 84.5996, -8.5691,

-0.4870

■ 88.7716, -4.9150,
4.6135

■ 93.1049, -0.7995,
9.6828

■ 95.5198, -3.3536,
12.3314

■ 97.6639, -6.9169,
14.6105

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.5839, -27.5181, -12.1607



66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484



66.5839, -3.6001, -31.5097

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.5839, -17.8770, -25.9472



66.5839, 29.0226, 3.5827



66.5839, -17.8077, 23.8480

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484



58.3804, 28.6177, 26.4213

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.5839, -3.5126, 26.2371



66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484



66.5839, 24.3610, 16.2949

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.5839, -17.8770, -25.9472



66.5839, 24.3103, -12.2495



66.5839, 12.0873, 23.8208



66.5839, -27.4808, 16.3520

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484



66.5839, 6.9269, -29.0063



66.5839, 12.0873, 23.8208



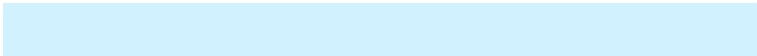
66.5839, -13.4286, 25.1866

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.5839, -17.8770, -25.9472



91.6372, -12.3935, -4.9625



77.7438, -51.8626, 30.7867



41.7983, -6.1765, -3.0763

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.5839, -17.8770, -25.9472



70.5911, -19.4318, -36.3041



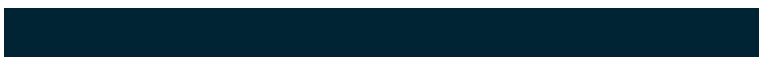
46.5213, 16.2400, -66.4611



39.4724, -3.8236, 0.0059



42.5647, -9.3709, -32.9731



12.2399, -3.5243, -7.6908

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.8970, 61.1748, -20.2987



54.4722, 80.9543, -24.5552



76.7036, -5.8894, 39.5094



38.1300, 2.5774, -0.0083



33.2065, 61.3915, -13.6155



9.1155, 17.0049, -4.9190

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

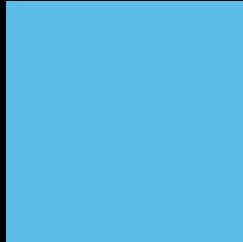
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

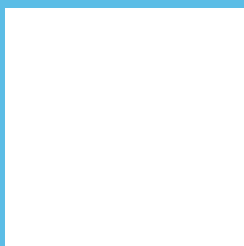
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484.

-17.8770, -25.9484.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484

Protanopia

66.2829, 2.4273, -19.6809

Deuteranopia

66.2886, 5.0303, -28.0169



Tritanopia

66.6658, -26.0348, -12.4488

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484

Protanomaly

65.9646, -6.0529, -22.8442

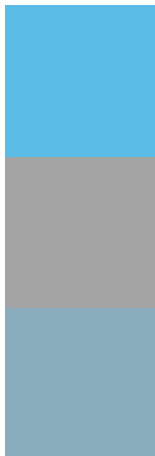
Deuteranomaly

65.8671, -4.1516, -28.2063

Tritanomaly

66.7746, -23.3195, -16.9460

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484

Achromatopsia

60.9293, -3.2510, 3.3104

Achromatomaly

62.3188, -10.7058, -7.0515

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 189, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 189, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 189, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 189, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 189, 230) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 189, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 189, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 189, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 189, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 189,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.5827, -17.8770, -25.9484 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 189, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 189,  
230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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