

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.7409, -34.2755,
36.0833)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.7409, -34.2755,
36.0833) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.6097,
-34.2246, 35.9939)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8AC241
RGB	138, 194, 65
RGB Percent	54%, 76%, 25%
CMY	0.4588, 0.2392, 0.7451
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.66, 0.24
HSL	86°, 51%, 51%
HSV	86°, 66%, 76%
XYZ	30.7272, 44.3685, 11.9456
YIQ	162.5500, 8.0330, -51.9910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

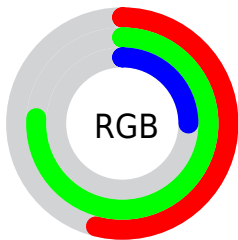
Format	Color
RYB	65, 194, 121
Decimal	9093697
CIELab	72.48, -38.19, 56.80
CIElCh	72, 68.445, 123.920
Yxy	44.3705, 0.3530, 0.5097
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287283777 (0xFF8AC241)
YUV	162.5500, -48.0921, -21.5303
Hunter-Lab	66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939

Details

The HunterLab color $66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $99CC33$. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be $34.2666, 41.6908, -66.4702$, and the grayscale version is $60.5241, -3.2294, 3.2884$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90.5143, -39.4202, 43.6522$, and $45.3819, -28.5005, 27.4652$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65.9486, -37.1353, 37.6999$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67.3660, -30.8789, 33.5146$.

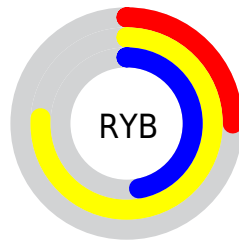
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (76%)

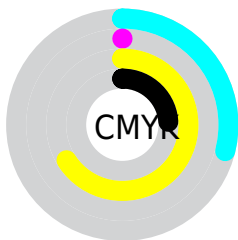
Blue (25%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (47%)

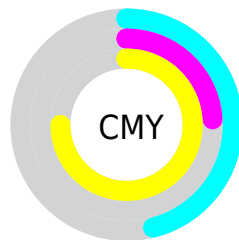


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (66%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

66.6097, -34.2246,
35.9939

66.6097, -34.2246,
35.9939

190.8449,
-56.0654, 66.7921

55.6434, -31.4761,
31.9336

90.4295, -39.4404,
43.5914

45.3540, -28.5958,
27.6566

103.2180,
-41.9404, 47.1791

35.7909, -25.5448,
23.1301

116.5583,
-44.3859, 50.6532

27.0144, -22.2624,
18.9101

130.4284,
-46.7862, 54.0297

19.1024, -18.6511,
13.3717

144.8088,
-49.1488, 57.3216

12.1624, -15.7026,
8.5137

159.6820,

5.2349, -9.1611,

-51.4796, 60.5401

3.6645

175.0322,
-53.7838, 63.6943

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.6097, -34.2246,
35.9939

■ 66.6097, -34.2246,
35.9939

■ 65.9486, -37.1353,
37.6999

■ 67.3660, -30.8789,
33.5146

■ 65.3736, -39.6212,
38.6921

■ 68.2160, -27.0891,
30.2221

■ 64.8794, -41.7156,
39.0696


■ 69.1632, -22.8603,
26.0960


■ 64.7196, -42.3895,
39.1378


■ 70.2086, -18.2029,
21.1300


■ 71.3521, -13.1322,

15.3304

 72.5933, -7.6677,
8.7135

 73.9311, -1.8319,
1.3039

 75.3639, 4.3511,
-6.8674

 76.8896, 10.8556,
-15.7646

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.6112, -7.6666, 39.3809



66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939



66.6112, -49.8742, 24.3836

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.6112, -34.2262, 35.9943



66.6112, -28.2535, -72.1313



66.6112, 68.6675, 7.4627

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939



34.2666, 41.6908, -66.4702

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.6112, 60.3791, -27.1713



66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939



66.6112, 0.6531, -83.8306

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.6112, -34.2262, 35.9943



66.6112, -46.9045, -37.4379



66.6112, 33.9122, -64.5113



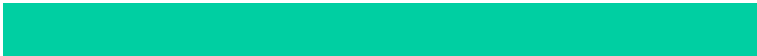
66.6112, 54.8293, 28.5142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939



66.6112, -53.9083, 9.4701



66.6112, 33.9122, -64.5113



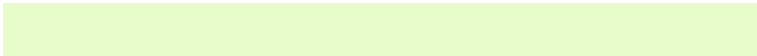
66.6112, 68.3897, -2.8012

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.6112, -34.2262, 35.9943



95.4343, -20.3496, 23.7508



50.5007, 17.7656, 25.5570



44.4537, -10.4370, 12.1583

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.6112, -34.2262, 35.9943



88.3816, -51.6503, 51.4944



63.5668, -46.5420, 33.6896



33.9612, -4.3622, 5.0300



52.5232, -34.1793, 31.7662



11.0999, -6.3687, 6.7282

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.2666, 41.6908, -66.4702



38.4681, 68.6999, -117.6150



42.4747, 59.0311, -44.0421



31.5548, 0.9731, -1.7427



19.6304, 46.6627, -88.4386



4.5516, 10.2257, -15.9026

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

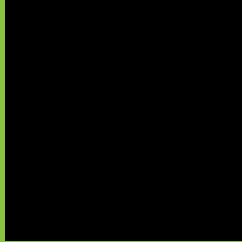
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939.

-34.2246, 35.9939.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939

Protanopia

66.1637, -8.3404, 36.7929

Deuteranopia

66.1074, 5.0638, 35.1705



Tritanopia

66.3339, -8.4329, -5.9519

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939

Protanomaly

65.9127, -18.6469, 36.1892

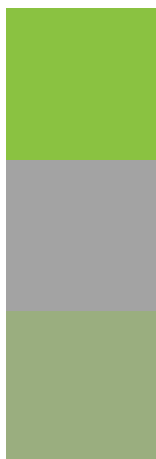
Deuteranomaly

65.4474, -10.7211, 34.8915

Tritanomaly

66.0647, -20.2401, 15.2105

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939

Achromatopsia

60.5188, -3.2291, 3.2881

Achromatomaly

62.1888, -16.1393, 18.8951

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 194, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 194, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 194, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 194, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 194, 65) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 194, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 194, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 194, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 194, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 194,  
65) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.6097, -34.2246, 35.9939 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 194, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
194, 65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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