

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.7874, -44.5243,
-23.6776)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.7874, -44.5243,
-23.6776) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(70.1096,
-32.1588, -18.2094)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00CDE2
RGB	0, 205, 226
RGB Percent	0%, 80%, 89%
CMY	0.9998, 0.1961, 0.1137
CMYK	1.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	186°, 100%, 44%
HSV	186°, 100%, 89%
XYZ	35.5587, 49.1536, 79.5649
YIQ	146.0990, -128.9210, -36.9290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

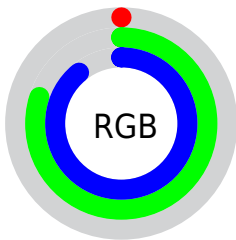
Format	Color
RYB	0, 107, 226
Decimal	52706
CIELab	75.55, -34.32, -22.30
CIELCh	76, 40.929, 213.019
Yxy	49.1553, 0.2165, 0.2992
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278242786 (0xFF00CDE2)
YUV	146.0990, 39.3912, -128.1288
Hunter-Lab	70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094

Details

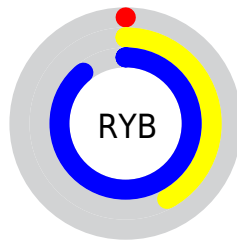
The HunterLab color **70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **40.8747, 66.6147, 26.3507**, and the grayscale version is **53.5445, -2.8570, 2.9092**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.5842, -39.8161, -6.8030**, and **49.7524, -21.5646, -15.6344** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.1088, -32.1574, -18.2113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.9541, -32.5701, -16.9729**.

Distribution



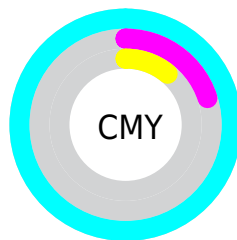
- Red (0%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

70.1096, -32.1588,
-18.2094

70.1096, -32.1588,
-18.2094

195.7942,
-52.2728, -18.3314

58.9430, -29.6723,
-17.9237

94.2985, -36.9071,
-18.5962

48.4404, -27.0835,
-17.5759

107.2591,
-39.1976, -18.7050

38.6485, -24.3611,
-17.1655

120.7643,
-41.4460, -18.7608

29.6230, -21.4583,
-16.6993

134.7932,
-43.6596, -18.7662

21.4356, -18.3017,
-16.2001

149.3268,
-45.8447, -18.7238

14.1830, -14.7742,
-15.7400

164.3482,

7.8370, -13.7147,

-48.0059, -18.6359

-16.1537

179.8419,
-50.1475, -18.5044

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.1096, -32.1588,
-18.2094

■ 70.1096, -32.1588,
-18.2094

■ 70.1088, -32.1574,
-18.2113

■ 70.9541, -32.5701,
-16.9729

■ 71.9414, -32.4272,
-15.5369

■ 73.1126, -31.5801,
-13.8504

■ 74.4847, -29.9732,
-11.9018

■ 76.0682, -27.5842,

-9.6920

■ 77.8683, -24.4167,
-7.2309

■ 79.8862, -20.4943,
-4.5350

■ 82.1200, -15.8563,
-1.6248

■ 84.5651, -10.5522,
1.4769

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.1109, -37.0098, 1.9366



70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094



70.1109, -19.7594, -35.3695

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.1109, -32.1587, -18.2083



70.1109, 32.3821, -14.1109



70.1109, -5.6834, 30.6579

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094



40.8747, 66.6147, 26.3507

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.1109, 13.8504, 28.5011



70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094



70.1109, 37.1771, 5.6454

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.1109, -32.1587, -18.2083



70.1109, 17.5855, -32.5903



70.1109, 30.0674, 20.4191



70.1109, -22.7950, 27.3852

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094



70.1109, -8.1868, -40.8984



70.1109, 30.0674, 20.4191



70.1109, 0.8108, 30.5412

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.1109, -32.1587, -18.2083



91.5487, -23.6109, -5.2726



73.7837, -63.0427, 43.8706



41.8873, -11.8507, -3.0598

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.1109, -32.1587, -18.2083



80.3372, -36.8051, -20.9629



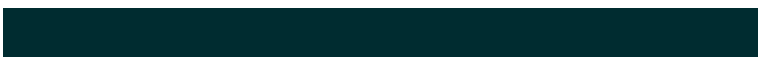
36.7864, 21.7471, -92.9200



39.1703, -4.7405, 0.7620



53.0424, -24.4000, -13.6259



14.1936, -6.7095, -3.2567

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.3631, 87.3954, -46.0095



52.0063, 100.1887, -52.6441



57.1252, 23.7590, 35.6146



37.2995, 2.8594, -0.9438



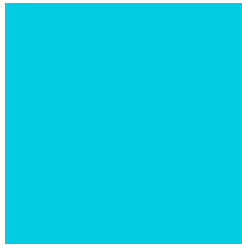
34.2758, 66.0619, -34.9333



9.0600, 17.5182, -9.6705

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

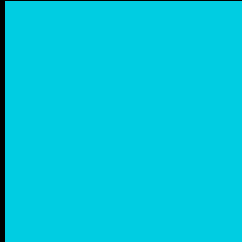
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

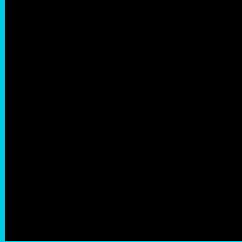
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094.

-32.1588, -18.2094.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094

Protanopia

69.4791, 0.4801, -9.7692

Deuteranopia

69.5708, 5.3525, -21.4664



Tritanopia

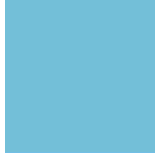
69.9547, -33.0717, -16.0450

Trichromacy



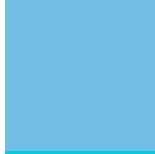
Original Color

70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094



Protanomaly

67.7232, -18.1056, -15.4622



Deuteranomaly

67.8686, -14.8930, -23.1993



Tritanomaly

69.9931, -32.8451, -16.5822

Monochromacy



Original Color

70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094



Achromatopsia

53.6135, -2.8607, 2.9129



Achromatomaly

57.4976, -19.6846, -6.7366

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 205, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 205, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 205, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 205, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 205, 226) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 205, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 205, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 205, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 205, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 205,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 70.1096, -32.1588, -18.2094 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 205, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 205,  
226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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