

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.8426, 25.9642,  
-17.9871)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(66.8426, 25.9642,  
-17.9871) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(66.9739, 25.8536,  
-17.6073)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8A0DB
RGB	216, 160, 219
RGB Percent	85%, 63%, 86%
CMY	0.1529, 0.3725, 0.1412
CMYK	0.01, 0.27, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	297°, 45%, 74%
HSV	297°, 27%, 86%
XYZ	53.6759, 44.8550, 72.8467
YIQ	183.4700, 14.4370, 30.2210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

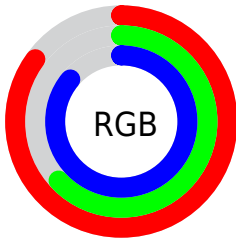
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 160, 219
Decimal	14196955
CIE Lab	72.80, 30.54, -21.82
CIE LCh	73, 37.537, 324.451
Yxy	44.8570, 0.3132, 0.2617
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292387035 (0xFFD8A0DB)
YUV	183.4700, 17.5163, 28.5288
Hunter-Lab	66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073

# Details

The HunterLab color  $66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $78.0953, -29.7374, 22.3504$ , and the grayscale version is  $68.9366, -3.6783, 3.7455$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $87.7957, 16.3076, -9.5055$ , and  $45.6936, 23.7941, -17.0000$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $61.4424, 37.3889, -26.1557$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $73.0074, 14.3972, -9.1875$ .

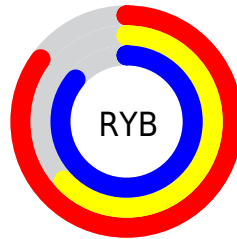
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (63%)

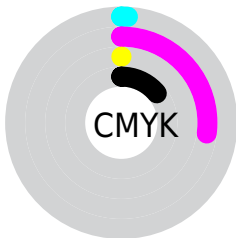
Blue (86%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (86%)

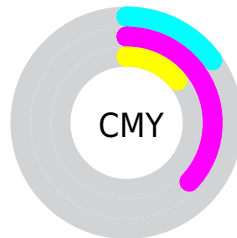


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



66.9739, 25.8536,  
-17.6073

66.9739, 25.8536,  
-17.6073

191.3620, 29.9266,  
-17.7227

55.9864, 25.0062,  
-17.3185

90.8327, 27.2605,  
-17.9963

45.6744, 24.0533,  
-16.9673

103.6393, 27.8401,  
-18.1053

36.0872, 22.9810,  
-16.5534

116.9970, 28.3455,  
-18.1607

27.2842, 21.7764,  
-16.0849

130.8839, 28.7821,  
-18.1652

19.3429, 20.4300,  
-15.5905

145.2804, 29.1547,  
-18.1214

12.3694, 18.9534,  
-15.1631

160.1692, 29.4673,

5.5652, 24.1274,

-18.0316

-19.2349

175.5345, 29.7235,  
-17.8981

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 66.9739, 25.8536,  
-17.6073

■ 66.9739, 25.8536,  
-17.6073

■ 61.4424, 37.3889,  
-26.1557

■ 73.0074, 14.3972,  
-9.1875

■ 56.4932, 48.7604,  
-34.6720

■ 79.4659, 3.1550,  
-0.9812

■ 52.2204, 59.5571,  
-42.8708

■ 86.2903, -7.8219,  
6.9864

■ 48.7151, 69.1967,  
-50.3372

■ 93.4311, -18.5248,  
14.7185

■ 46.0484, 76.9920,

■ 95.9667, -21.8584,

-56.5676

17.3463

■ 44.2449, 82.3377,  
-61.1026

■ 96.0584, -21.5239,  
17.4481

■ 43.2435, 85.0178,  
-63.7524

■ 96.1505, -21.1878,  
17.5504

■ 43.0175, 85.5578,  
-64.3650

■ 96.2432, -20.8501,  
17.6532

■ 96.3364, -20.5109,  
17.7565

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.9754, 10.8299, -32.2475



66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073



66.9754, 33.0518, 0.4967

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.9754, 25.8517, -17.6057



66.9754, -0.3135, 28.2033



66.9754, -31.3747, -10.8989

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073



78.0953, -29.7374, 22.3504

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.9754, -33.7101, 6.6488



66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073



66.9754, -16.8609, 26.6155

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.9754, 25.8517, -17.6057



66.9754, 16.9896, 24.7025



66.9754, -28.6652, 19.6254



66.9754, -21.9274, -27.7346



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073



66.9754, 31.9690, 11.1063



66.9754, -28.6652, 19.6254



66.9754, -32.9742, -4.7861

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.9754, 25.8517, -17.6057



93.5263, 5.2425, -2.2533



62.5439, 6.2746, -24.8828



42.7207, 3.3566, -1.7209

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.9754, 25.8517, -17.6057



75.9884, 38.0317, -26.3282



66.3877, 22.1839, -3.9900



36.3859, 2.7756, -1.4059



33.1473, 65.9144, -49.5003



8.4993, 16.8669, -12.4264



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.4584, 17.4216, 9.2532



73.8221, 26.1687, 12.3093



78.5268, -26.8414, 13.0243



36.1417, 1.3664, 2.8294



29.9153, 51.2954, 18.8299



7.6396, 13.1500, 4.4176



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

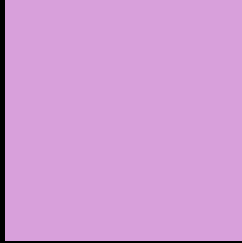
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

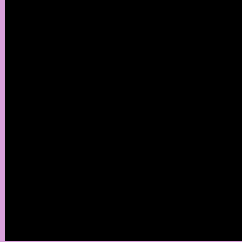
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073.

-17.6073.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073

### Protanopia

67.2407, 3.5476, -25.1665

### Deuteranopia

67.1437, 5.0137, -15.9054



## Tritanopia

66.9191, 13.3833, 3.2122

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073

## Protanomaly

66.9793, 11.2267, -22.8613

## Deuteranomaly

67.0564, 12.1207, -16.5105

## Tritanomaly

66.7773, 18.0055, -3.8532

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073

## Achromatopsia

68.8136, -3.6717, 3.7388

## Achromatomaly

68.0056, 6.4536, -3.5138

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 160, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 160, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 160, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 160, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 160, 219) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 160, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 160, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 160, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 160, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 160,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.9739, 25.8536, -17.6073 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 160, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
160, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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