

Converting Colors

HunterLab(66.8553, 8.8321,
-28.4647)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(66.8553, 8.8321,
-28.4647) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(66.9100, 8.7525,
-28.2633)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADADEB
RGB	173, 173, 235
RGB Percent	68%, 68%, 92%
CMY	0.3216, 0.3216, 0.0784
CMYK	0.26, 0.26, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	240°, 61%, 80%
HSV	240°, 26%, 92%
XYZ	47.1725, 44.7695, 84.7523
YIQ	180.0680, -19.9020, 19.2820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

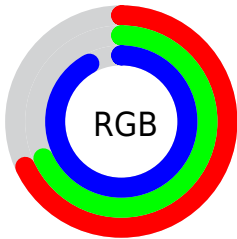
Format	Color
R _Y B	173, 173, 235
Decimal	11382251
CIE Lab	72.74, 13.37, -30.97
CIE LCh	73, 33.737, 293.348
Yxy	44.7713, 0.2670, 0.2534
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289572331 (0xFFADADEB)
YUV	180.0680, 27.0815, -6.1986
Hunter-Lab	66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633

Details

The HunterLab color $66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $89.4966, -13.9875, 28.7101$, and the grayscale version is $67.4843, -3.6008, 3.6665$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $89.0869, 0.5968, -8.0589$, and $45.6633, 8.3626, -27.0908$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58.3865, 14.9432, -43.5752$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $75.8346, 3.2105, -14.6653$.

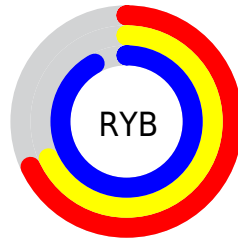
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (68%)

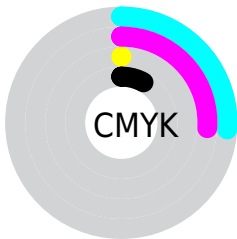
Blue (92%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (92%)

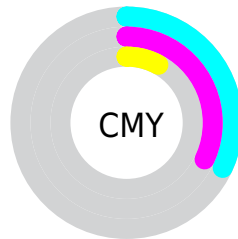


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.9100, 8.7525,
-28.2633

■ 66.9100, 8.7525,
-28.2633

191.2711, 6.9740,
-30.6887

■ 55.9261, 8.6742,
-27.7350

■ 90.7618, 8.7097,
-29.1624

■ 45.6181, 8.5209,
-27.1667

103.5653, 8.6018,
-29.5323

■ 36.0351, 8.2812,
-26.5762

116.9199, 8.4420,
-29.8490

■ 27.2367, 7.9412,
-26.0070

130.8038, 8.2340,
-30.1139

■ 19.3005, 7.4814,
-25.5640

145.1975, 7.9807,
-30.3285

■ 12.3329, 6.8736,
-25.5356

160.0836, 7.6848,

■ 5.5086, 10.2823,

-30.4947

-33.2759

175.4462, 7.3485,
-30.6142

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 66.9100, 8.7525,
-28.2633

■ 66.9100, 8.7525,
-28.2633

■ 58.3865, 14.9432,
-43.5752

■ 75.8346, 3.2105,
-14.6653

■ 50.3555, 21.9845,
-61.1298

■ 85.0896, -1.8399,
-2.3670

■ 42.9588, 30.0854,
-81.4801

■ 94.6283, -6.5202,
8.9494

■ 36.4049, 39.3392,
-104.8856

■ 99.3872, -8.7032,
14.2016

■ 30.9923, 49.3710,

-130.4005

■ 27.0898, 58.7307,
-154.3021

■ 24.9754, 64.8871,
-170.0609

■ 24.4913, 66.4320,
-174.0197

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.9113, -7.0179, -31.4097



66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633



66.9113, 22.2704, -15.7591

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.9113, 8.7517, -28.2618



66.9113, 15.3182, 22.7503



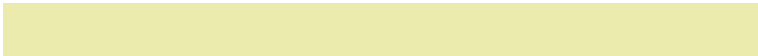
66.9113, -30.8721, 6.8684

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633



89.4966, -13.9875, 28.7101

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.9113, -26.0075, 18.5529



66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633



66.9113, -0.0586, 26.2618

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.9113, 8.7517, -28.2618



66.9113, 26.2980, 14.0058



66.9113, -15.0670, 24.9240



66.9113, -28.9791, -8.7007

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633



66.9113, 27.7048, -5.0743



66.9113, -15.0670, 24.9240



66.9113, -29.9887, 11.3239

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.9113, 8.7517, -28.2618



91.6527, -1.1335, -4.7455



86.1628, -22.7784, -0.8530



41.6867, -0.1455, -3.1164

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.9113, 8.7517, -28.2618



67.9640, 13.4141, -40.4194



69.6983, 17.7574, -23.6019



38.1431, -0.1518, -2.8031



18.2710, 49.5593, -129.8213



5.1200, 13.8872, -36.3780

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.1111, 18.0034, 11.1689



73.7112, 25.6061, 13.9047



86.8438, -23.6404, 26.1065



38.7996, 1.4108, 3.2747



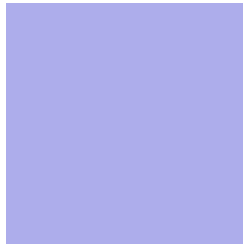
31.3525, 53.6922, 20.2591



8.7857, 15.0457, 5.6770

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

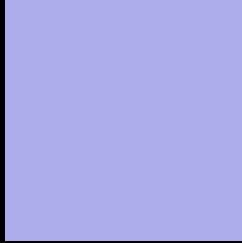
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

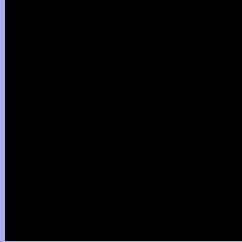
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633.

-28.2633.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633

Protanopia

66.8896, 4.3884, -29.7241

Deuteranopia

66.7831, 5.2736, -27.8643



Tritanopia

67.0725, -5.8917, -4.4125

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633

Protanomaly

66.8696, 5.7357, -29.0567

Deuteranomaly

66.7364, 6.6108, -27.9180

Tritanomaly

66.9468, -0.6353, -12.7580

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633

Achromatopsia

67.5582, -3.6047, 3.6706

Achromatomaly

67.0534, 0.5298, -6.9898

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 173, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 173, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 173, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 173, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 173, 235) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 173, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 173, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 173, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 173, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 173,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 66.9100, 8.7525, -28.2633 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 173, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
173, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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