

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.0776, 2.4031,
-9.1195)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(67.0776, 2.4031,
-9.1195)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3B0CC
RGB	179, 176, 204
RGB Percent	70%, 69%, 80%
CMY	0.2980, 0.3098, 0.2000
CMYK	0.12, 0.14, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	246°, 22%, 75%
HSV	246°, 14%, 80%
XYZ	45.0149, 44.9940, 63.4390
YIQ	180.0890, -7.2000, 9.3440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

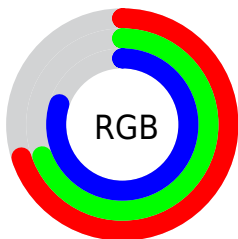
Format	Color
R _Y B	179, 176, 204
Decimal	11776204
CIE Lab	72.89, 6.60, -13.79
CIE LCh	73, 15.286, 295.587
Yxy	44.9959, 0.2934, 0.2932
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289966284 (0xFFB3B0CC)
YUV	180.0890, 11.7881, -0.9551
Hunter-Lab	67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195

Details

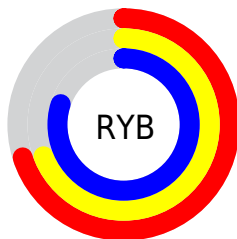
The HunterLab color $67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $76.6414, -9.4767, 15.2833$, and the grayscale version is $67.5512, -3.6044, 3.6702$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $90.8820, 0.3765, -5.7130$, and $45.8835, 2.6327, -8.9657$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59.6312, 7.5273, -19.9244$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74.7810, -2.4154, 0.7439$.

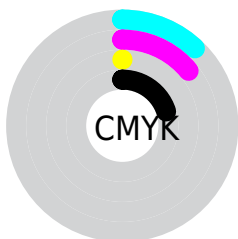
Distribution



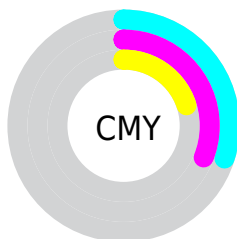
- Red (70%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.0776, 2.4031,
-9.1195

■ 67.0776, 2.4031,
-9.1195

191.5090, -1.8119,
-6.9068

■ 56.0841, 2.6546,
-9.1106

■ 90.9474, 1.7452,
-8.9574

■ 45.7657, 2.8503,
-9.0375

103.7592, 1.3494,
-8.7972

■ 36.1715, 2.9817,
-8.8935

117.1218, 0.9125,
-8.5885

■ 27.3610, 3.0394,
-8.6726

131.0134, 0.4371,
-8.3341

■ 19.4114, 3.0094,
-8.3718

145.4145, -0.0748,
-8.0367

■ 12.4284, 2.8707,
-8.0002

160.3078, -0.6213,

■ 5.6556, 4.7843,

-7.6983

-10.2529

175.6774, -1.2008,
-7.3211

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.0776, 2.4031,
-9.1195

■ 67.0776, 2.4031,
-9.1195

■ 59.6312, 7.5273,
-19.9244

■ 74.7810, -2.4154,
0.7439

■ 52.4842, 13.0574,
-31.9662

■ 82.7027, -6.9990,
9.8835

■ 45.7034, 19.1089,
-45.6135

■ 90.8183, -11.4058,
18.4669

■ 39.3824, 25.8017,
-61.2862

■ 98.2599, -14.3540,
25.8252

■ 33.6581, 33.1930,

■ 98.5595, -13.2857,

-79.3113

26.1333

■ 28.7271, 41.0973,
-99.4847

■ 24.8503, 48.7339,
-120.1342

■ 22.2945, 54.4739,
-137.2339

■ 21.2802, 56.9295,
-145.0566

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.0790, -4.6277, -10.5949



67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195



67.0790, 8.0283, -4.0922

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.0790, 2.4018, -9.1182



67.0790, 4.2902, 13.4854



67.0790, -16.6304, 4.6408

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195



76.6414, -9.4767, 15.2833

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.0790, -14.4541, 10.5692



67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195



67.0790, -2.5314, 15.3281

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.0790, 2.4018, -9.1182



67.0790, 9.1499, 9.0097



67.0790, -9.3646, 14.3182



67.0790, -15.4313, -2.1892

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195



67.0790, 10.1259, 0.3452



67.0790, -9.3646, 14.3182



67.0790, -16.2719, 6.7972

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.0790, 2.4018, -9.1182



95.9047, -2.9102, 0.5569



74.4699, -11.1023, 0.2109



44.0160, -1.1329, -0.1743

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.0790, 2.4018, -9.1182



83.9093, 4.6883, -15.0629



68.3546, 6.6852, -7.3149



33.0159, 0.1331, -2.2273



16.9416, 45.2094, -114.6042



4.0986, 10.4728, -24.1243

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.3593, 9.7990, -4.3277



87.4049, 15.9160, -7.5661



75.4397, -13.7763, 13.9614



33.7376, 2.5117, -0.7623



31.9659, 61.4315, -31.1950



7.3022, 14.0991, -7.6364

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

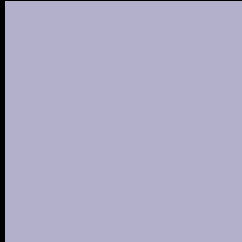
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

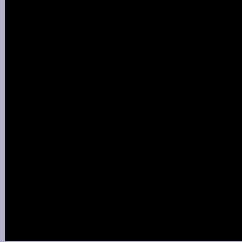
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195.

-9.1195.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195

Protanopia

66.9707, 0.6019, -9.8560

Deuteranopia

66.9493, 4.9567, -9.2506



Tritanopia

67.0773, -1.4507, -2.7723

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195

Protanomaly

67.1433, 1.1907, -9.6079

Deuteranomaly

67.0557, 3.8265, -9.1245

Tritanomaly

67.0036, 0.0841, -4.9236

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195

Achromatopsia

67.5582, -3.6047, 3.6706

Achromatomaly

67.5408, -1.5734, -0.6720

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 176, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 176, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 176, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 176, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 176, 204) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 176, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 176, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 176, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 176, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 176,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.0776, 2.4031, -9.1195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 176, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
176, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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