

Converting Colors

HunterLab(67.0941, -5.1208,
5.1826)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(67.0941, -5.1208, 5.1826)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(67.1746, -5.1823,
5.0487)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1B4B0
RGB	177, 180, 176
RGB Percent	69%, 71%, 69%
CMY	0.3059, 0.2941, 0.3098
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.02, 0.29
HSL	105°, 3%, 70%
HSV	105°, 2%, 71%
XYZ	42.2892, 45.1243, 47.5553
YIQ	178.6470, -0.5040, -1.8800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

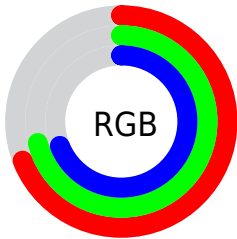
Format	Color
RYB	176, 180, 179
Decimal	11646128
CIELab	72.97, -1.80, 1.66
CIELCh	73, 2.448, 137.283
Yxy	45.1262, 0.3133, 0.3343
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289836208 (0xFFB1B4B0)
YUV	178.6470, -1.3050, -1.4444
Hunter-Lab	67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487

Details

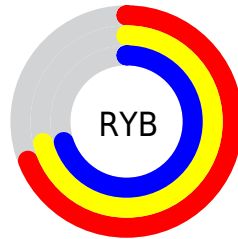
The HunterLab color $67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $66.2804, -1.9223, 2.1800$, and the grayscale version is $67.0000, -3.5750, 3.6402$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $91.1815, -6.5489, 6.4290$, and $45.7374, -3.7827, 3.3978$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65.5378, -12.0108, 10.9094$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68.9578, 2.0768, -1.3564$.

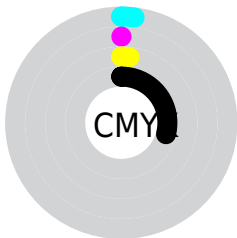
Distribution



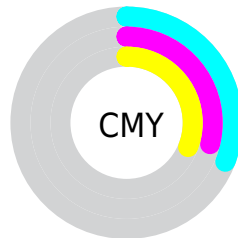
- Red (69%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.1746, -5.1823,
5.0487

■ 67.1746, -5.1823,
5.0487

191.6467,
-12.5049, 12.4186

■ 56.1755, -4.5031,
4.3685

■ 91.0548, -6.6311,
6.5013

■ 45.8511, -3.8522,
3.7186

103.8714, -7.3955,
7.2694

■ 36.2505, -3.2324,
3.1012

117.2387, -8.1861,
8.0646

■ 27.4330, -2.6447,
2.5177

131.1347, -9.0020,
8.8860

■ 19.4756, -2.0901,
1.9694

145.5401, -9.8424,
9.7328

■ 12.4838, -1.5687,
1.4568

160.4375,

■ 5.7388, -1.6721,

-10.7068, 10.6042

1.5119

175.8111,
-11.5945, 11.4997

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.1746, -5.1823,
5.0487

■ 67.1746, -5.1823,
5.0487

■ 65.5378, -12.0108,
10.9094

■ 68.9578, 2.0768,
-1.3564

■ 64.0477, -18.3514,
16.1765

■ 70.8779, 9.7188,
-8.2605

■ 62.7093, -24.1546,
20.8099

■ 72.9304, 17.6922,
-15.6136

■ 61.5252, -29.3737,
24.7765

■ 75.1092, 25.9503,
-23.3685

■ 60.4961, -33.9694,

■ 76.9359, 32.0914,

28.0543

-24.9393

■ 59.6213, -37.9129,
30.6364

■ 78.1820, 35.8140,
-22.9442

■ 58.8978, -41.1895,
32.5340

■ 58.3202, -43.8015,
33.7808

■ 57.8803, -45.7724,
34.4388

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.1760, -4.2351, 5.6088



67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487



67.1760, -5.7036, 4.1120

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.1760, -5.1839, 5.0497



67.1760, -4.0677, 1.5998



67.1760, -1.4913, 4.2704

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487



66.2804, -1.9223, 2.1800

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.1760, -1.4458, 3.1979



67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487



67.1760, -2.9384, 1.6439

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.1760, -5.1839, 5.0497



67.1760, -5.0620, 2.1133



67.1760, -1.9770, 2.2329



67.1760, -2.1010, 5.1641

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487



67.1760, -5.7391, 3.3929



67.1760, -1.9770, 2.2329



67.1760, -1.4094, 3.9192

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.1760, -5.1839, 5.0497



90.7332, -5.8300, 5.7964



67.1418, -3.7628, 5.0350



42.1881, -2.6862, 2.6737



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.1760, -5.1839, 5.0497



90.2639, -7.7640, 7.4813



67.1185, -5.3261, 4.5205



31.3988, -2.9270, 2.7992



48.1649, -39.0809, 28.9948



8.7059, -6.2521, 5.2551

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.2804, -1.9223, 2.1800



88.6105, -1.7429, 2.1833



66.3399, -1.7781, 2.7298



30.6958, -0.3667, 0.5464



24.3521, 51.1478, -57.4733



4.6058, 9.4587, -9.2029

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

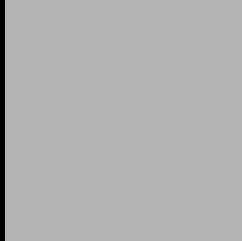
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

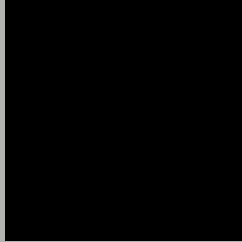
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

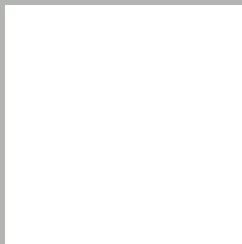
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487

Protanopia

67.0844, -2.4855, 5.4485

Deuteranopia

67.0312, 4.9386, 4.5994



Tritanopia

67.2535, -0.8445, -2.5377

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487

Protanomaly

67.2005, -3.6114, 5.5622

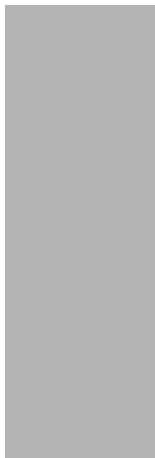
Deuteranomaly

67.2102, 1.0887, 4.7404

Tritanomaly

67.2684, -2.7065, 0.4584

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487

Achromatopsia

67.1406, -3.5825, 3.6479

Achromatomaly

67.0220, -4.0553, 3.9673

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 180, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 180, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 180, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 180, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 180, 176) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 180, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 180, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 180, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 180, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 180,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 67.1746, -5.1823, 5.0487 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 180, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
180, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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